1599

Before the

ADDITIONAL FACILITY OF THE INTERNATIONAL CENTRE FOR SETTLEMENT OF INVESTMENT DISPUTES (ICSID)

- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - x In the Matter of Arbitration between: : MERCER INTERNATIONAL INC., Claimant, : ICSID Case No. and : ARB(AF)/12/3 : GOVERNMENT OF CANADA, : Respondent. ----x Volume 6 HEARING ON JURISDICTION AND THE MERITS MAY CONTAIN RESTRICTED ACCESS AND CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION Tuesday, July 28, 2015 The World Bank Group 701 18th Street, N.W. "J" Building Assembly Hall B1-080 Washington, D.C. The hearing in the above-entitled matter came on, pursuant to notice, at 9:00 a.m. before: MR. V.V. VEEDER, President of the Tribunal PROF. FRANCISCO ORREGO VICUÑA, Co-Arbitrator PROF. ZACHARY DOUGLAS, Co-Arbitrator

1600

Also Present:

MS. ALICIA MARTÍN BLANCO Secretary to the Tribunal

Court Reporter:

MS. DAWN K. LARSON
 Registered Diplomate Reporter (RDR)
 Certified Realtime Reporter (CRR)
B&B Reporters
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Washington, D.C. 20003
(202) 544-1903

APPEARANCES:

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Party Representative for Mercer International:

MR. BRIAN MERWIN

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APPEARANCES: (Continued)

On behalf of the United States of America:

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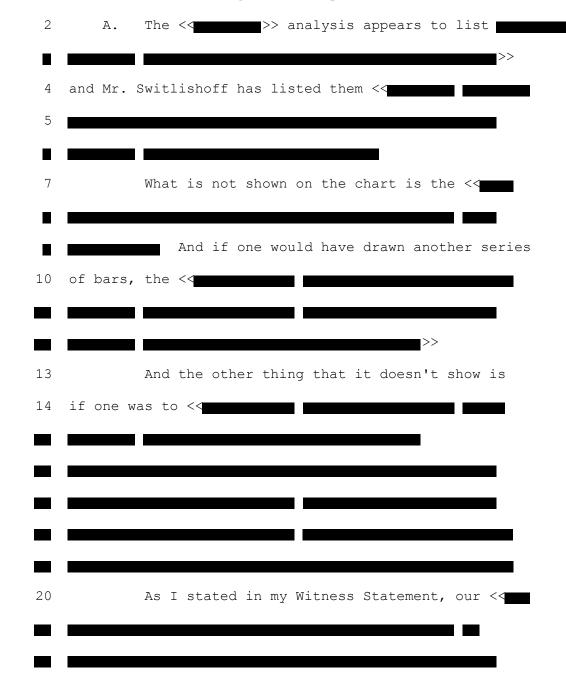
PROCEEDINGS 1 2 PRESIDENT VEEDER: Good morning. Let's start Day 6, the 28th of July. 3 4 First of all, I ask the Secretary to announce 5 the times. MS. MARTÍN BLANCO: Times remaining are: For 6 the Claimant, 8 hours and 45 minutes; and for the 7 Respondent, 5 hours and 6 minutes. And this includes 8 9 the extra 30 minutes. 10 PRESIDENT VEEDER: We left over one 11 housekeeping matter from yesterday. It's at Day 5, Page 1294 of the Transcript, and that was the 12 13 Claimant's Application for additional time to be 14 allocated to the Claimant's overall time for the 15 cross-examination of this Witness, Mr. Lague. 16 We think we've heard all the arguments from 17 both sides about this. Unless there is more to be said by the Claimants or the Respondents, it will be 18 19 our view that an additional 30 minutes shall be 20 allocated to the Claimant's time. I take it there is nothing more to be argued. 21 22 We ask the Claimant first.

09:00:28 1 MR. SHOR: Nothing on our side. 2 PRESIDENT VEEDER: And the Respondent. 3 MR. OWEN: Nothing from us, Mr. President. 4 PRESIDENT VEEDER: That will be added to the 5 overall Claimant's time. 6 CHRISTIAN LAGUE, RESPONDENT'S WITNESS, CALLED 7 PRESIDENT VEEDER: Now, we come to the next Witness. 8 9 Thank you for your patience, Mr. Lague. We ask you to state your full name and, if you will, to 10 11 read the words of the declaration of the witnesses on 12 the piece of paper before you. 13 THE WITNESS: I solemnly declare upon my honor and conscience that I shall speak the truth, the 14 whole truth, and nothing but the truth. 15 16 PRESIDENT VEEDER: Thank you very much. 17 Before we go any further, because every word you're saying is being written down, it is very 18 19 important that no one overspeaks; that is, when you hear a question, wait until the question is finished 20 before you start answering. And counsel, I'm sure, 21 22 will waited until you've finished your answer before

| 09:01:14 1 | they ask the next question. But obviously the |
|------------|---|
| 2 | stenographer cannot write down simultaneous speech. |
| 3 | It is difficult, but we all have to try our best. |
| 4 | First of all, there will be questions from |
| 5 | the Respondent. But do we need to be in closed |
| 6 | session? |
| 7 | MR. OWEN: I was just actually going to make |
| 8 | that point. We will, Mr. President. |
| 9 | PRESIDENT VEEDER: This is going to be closed |
| 10 | session. |
| 11 | (End of open session. Confidential business |
| 12 | information redacted.) |
| 13 | |
| 14 | |
| 15 | |
| 16 | |
| 17 | |
| 18 | |
| 19 | |
| 20 | |
| 21 | |
| | |

| 09:01:37 1 | | CONFIDENTIAL SESSION |
|------------|----------|--|
| 2 | | PRESIDENT VEEDER: We're in closed session. |
| 3 | | DIRECT EXAMINATION |
| 4 | | BY MR. OWEN: |
| 5 | Q. | Good morning, Mr. Lague. |
| 6 | | You're the Engineer of Projects and Energy at |
| 7 | the Skoo | kumchuck Pulp Mill? |
| 8 | Α. | Yes. |
| 9 | Q. | Do you affirm the contents of your Witness |
| 10 | Statemen | t? |
| 11 | Α. | Yes. |
| 12 | Q. | Mr. Lague, when did Tembec's Skookumchuck |
| 13 | first ap | proach BC Hydro to renegotiate the 1997 EPA? |
| 14 | Α. | In late 2007. |
| 15 | Q. | What were you told? |
| 16 | Α. | We were told at the time that it was not a |
| 17 | straight | no, but that there was a process coming from |
| 18 | the BC G | overnment for the Bioenergy Call and we should |
| 19 | particip | ate in that process. |
| 20 | Q. | Okay. Thank you. Could you turn to Tab 1 of |
| 21 | your bin | der, please. This is Exhibit C-345. |
| 22 | | Could you provide us with your perspective on |

1610

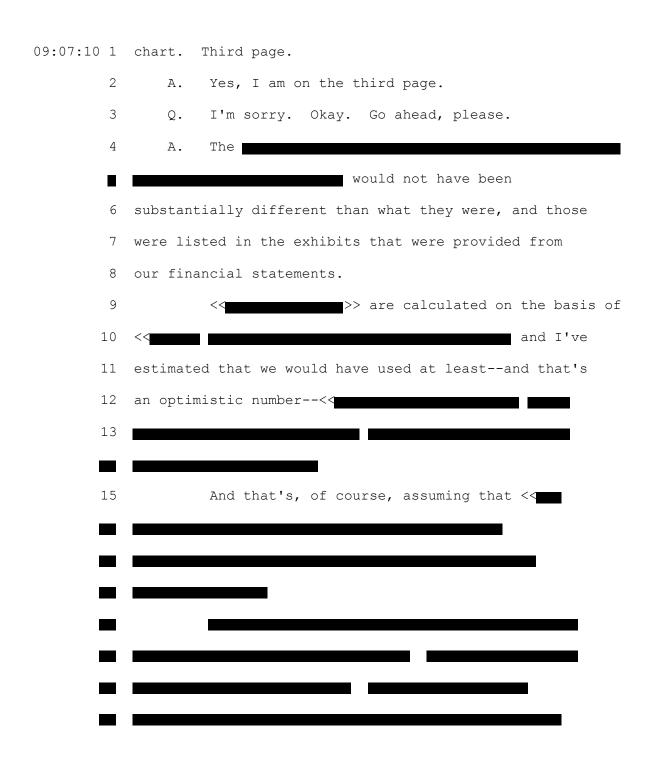


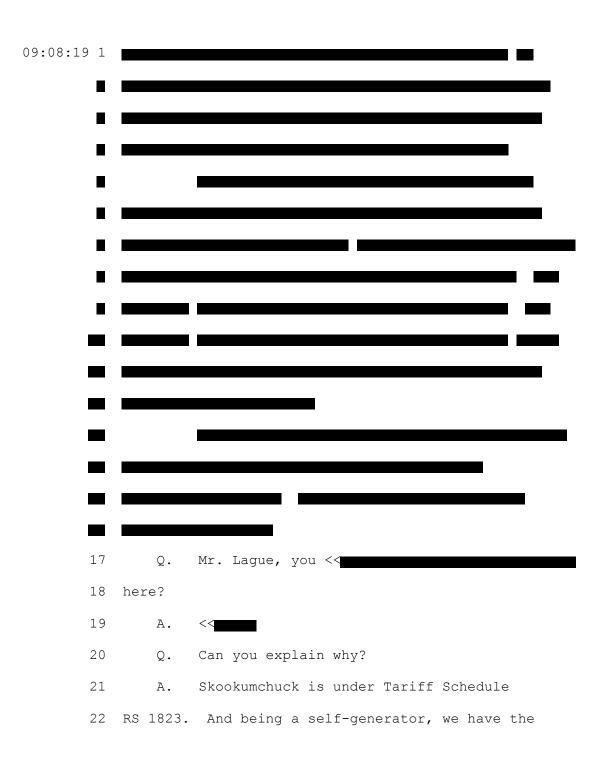
09:02:34 1 Mr. Switlishoff's hog fuel analysis?

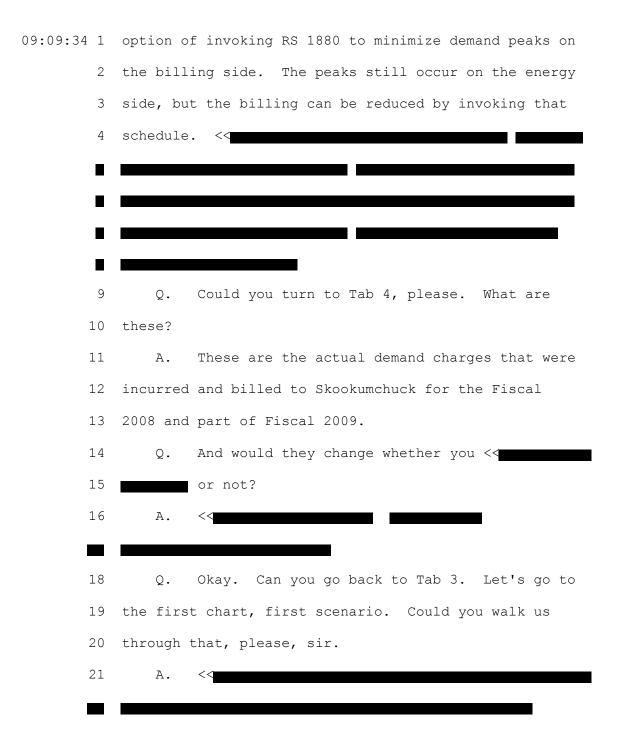
| 09:03:57 1 | >> per year, and this |
|------------|---|
| 2 | chart here in 2008 showed that the << |
| | |
| | |
| 5 | Q. Could you tell us where the lowest quality |
| 6 | hog fuel you got was from? |
| 7 | |
| | |
| | |
| 10 | Q. What were some of the things you found? |
| 11 | A. The << |
| | We would find a lot of scrap |
| 13 | metal, a lot of tools, a lot of rocks, a lot of |
| 14 | gravel, and some of the things we found that might be |
| 15 | surprising were things like air conditioners and |
| 16 | engine blocks. |
| 17 | Q. Could youare chip finds free? << |
| | Are they |
| 19 | free? |
| 20 | |
| | |
| | |

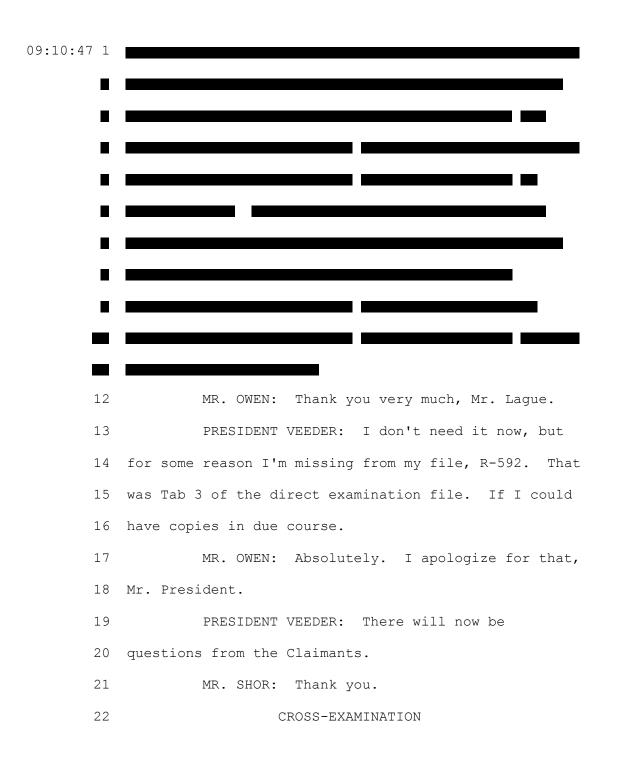
| 09:05:08 1 | MR. SHOR: I'm sorry. I don't understand the |
|------------|--|
| 2 | term "chip finds." We were talking about the screen |
| 3 | finds as |
| 4 | MR. OWEN: Okay. Screen finds. I'm sorry, I |
| 5 | misspoke. |
| 6 | MR. SHOR: I don't know if he was answering |
| 7 | about something different. |
| 8 | THE WITNESS: I'll clarify that I was talking |
| 9 | about screen finds, which are a byproduct of our chip |
| 10 | screening system. |
| 11 | BY MR. OWEN: |
| 12 | Q. Can you turn to Tab 2 of your binder, please. |
| 13 | This chart shows the actual availability of |
| 14 | Mr. Switlishoff's << |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| 18 | MR. SHOR: I object. There is no foundation |
| 18
19 | MR. SHOR: I object. There is no foundation
for your asserting what this chart shows. If the |
| | |
| 19 | for your asserting what this chart shows. If the |

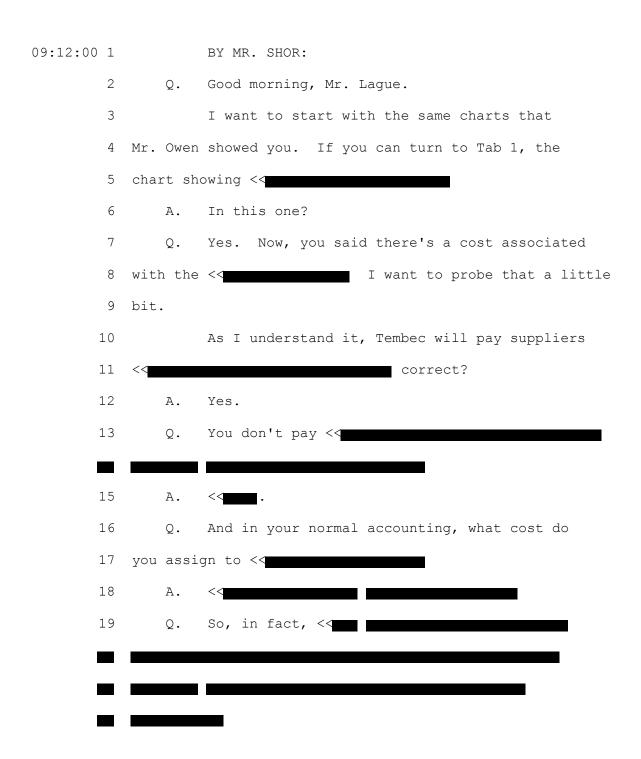
| 09:05:57 | 1 | BY MR. OWEN: |
|----------|----|--|
| | 2 | Q. Can you explain this chart, Mr. Lague? |
| | 3 | A. The chart shows how much << |
| | | and what |
| | 5 | you can see there is there were |
| | | |
| | | >> And our options there were limited |
| | 8 | to either |
| | | |
| | | |
| 1 | 11 | Q. Okay. Could you turn to Tab 3, please. |
| 1 | 12 | Could you go to the third chart, the third option. |
| 1 | 13 | This is a that you've |
| 1 | 14 | helped us put together at Tembec Skookumchuck with the |
| 1 | 15 | 1997 EPA, << Can you walk us |
| 1 | 16 | through the << first, please. |
| 1 | 17 | A. Yes. What we've done here is we've listed |
| 1 | 18 | the with the |
| 1 | 19 | assumption that << |
| | | |
| | | |
| 2 | 22 | Q. I'm sorry. I think you're on the wrong |

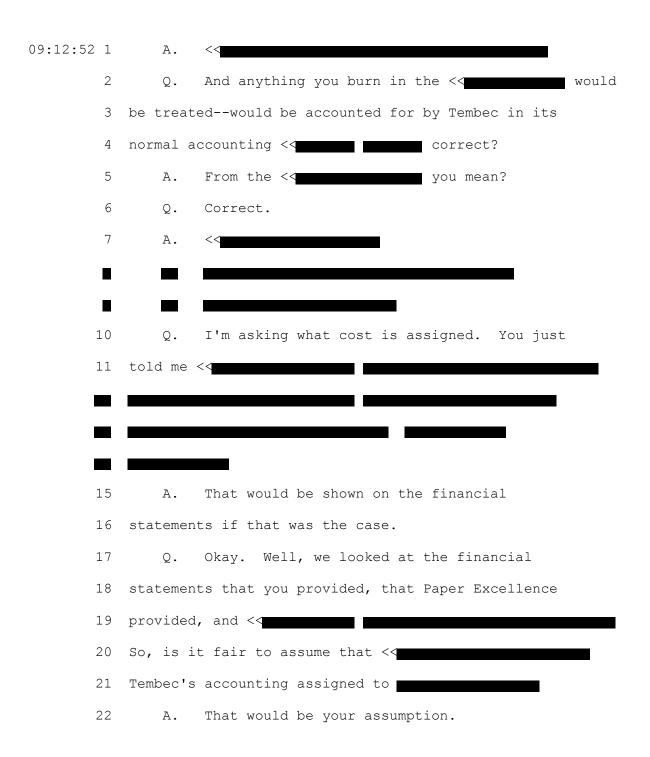












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09:13:43 1 Q. What's your assumption? 2 MR. DOUGLAS: Do you want to take the Witness 3 to the document if it's on the record? 4 MR. SHOR: Let me ask the questions, please. 5 BY MR. SHOR: 6 Q. Okay. What's your answer? 7 MR. DOUGLAS: It is not a memory test, 8 Mr. Shor. 9 PRESIDENT VEEDER: Let's continue. If you can't answer, please say so, but if you can, please 10 11 do. 12 THE WITNESS: I can't say--I can't make that 13 assumption because I don't have the information. 14 BY MR. SHOR: 15 Q. Okay. So, when you did your << main analysis that purportedly concluded that << 16 you didn't look at << 18 > at all? 19 A. I did not do a << involved myself. Q. But Tembec does << 21

09:14:28 1 A. It is < 3 And you just left that out of your analysis? Ο. Because I just simply don't know how much was 4 Α. 5 available on any given day. Q. I'm not asking how much was available on any 6 7 given day. You performed your analysis of the 8 9 A. Yes. 10 Q. I assume not on a daily basis but over a 11 year; right, on a fiscal year basis? 12 A. Yes. 13 Q. And did you account for << iii that 14 analysis? 15 A. No, I did not. 16 Q. You just left them out? 17 A. It's part of the << I'm just using the chart that's here. 18 19 Q. Okay. So you agree that the--that's a fair 20 estimate of the << 21

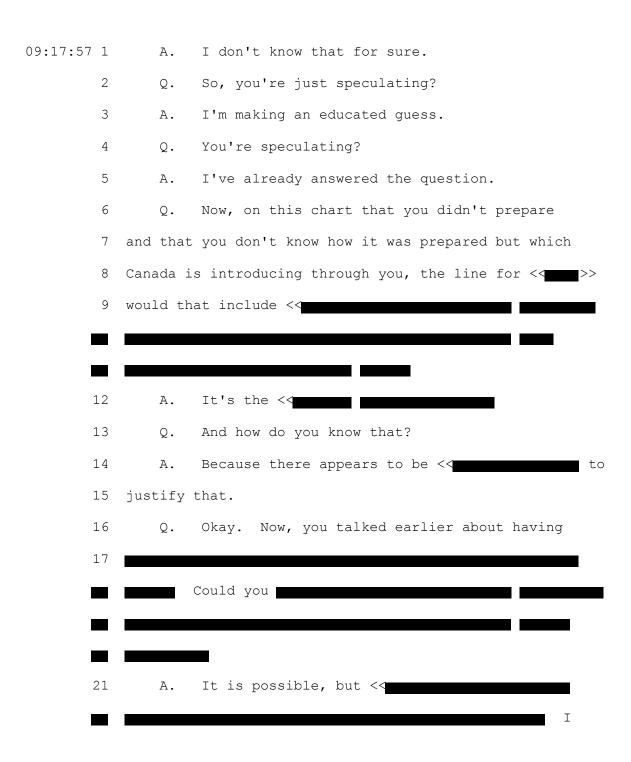
A. Well, I'm assuming that Mr. Switlishoff had

22

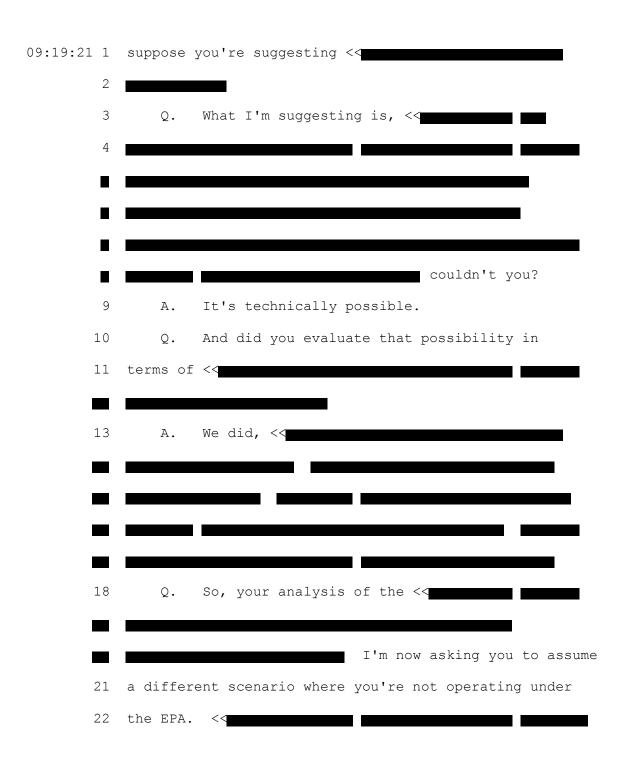
| 09:15:13 1 | included | the |
|------------|-----------|---|
| | | Am I |
| 3 | correct? | |
| 4 | Q. | Let's turn to Chart 2. |
| 5 | Α. | On Tab 3? |
| 6 | Q. | Tab 2. |
| 7 | | PRESIDENT VEEDER: It's R-591. |
| 8 | | MR. SHOR: Yes, R-591. |
| 9 | | BY MR. SHOR: |
| 10 | Q. | Now, this chartdid you prepare this chart? |
| 11 | Α. | This chart? |
| 12 | Q. | Yes. |
| 13 | Α. | No, I did not. |
| 14 | Q. | And you don't know how it was prepared, do |
| 15 | you? | |
| 16 | Α. | It was prepared by a consultant that used the |
| 17 | same data | a as Mr. Switlishoff. |
| 18 | Q. | And did you work with the consultant in |
| 19 | preparing | g the chart? |
| 20 | Α. | No. |
| 21 | Q. | So, you don't know how it was prepared? |
| 22 | Α. | I did not see the spreadsheet from where it |

09:16:09 1 comes from. 2 Q. Okay. Now, the period where the lines < from February to April, do you see that? 4 A. The line << 5 Q. Well, both lines. 6 Α. Yes. 7 Q. << correct? 10 For part of that period. Α. 11 Q. Okay. So--and this is just the volume--does this include << iii in here? 12 13 A. If they were not listed in the table, it 14 would not. Q. I will represent to you that they were not 15 16 listed in the table. So, this wouldn't include << 17 18 A. It would not. But if the Mill were shut 19 down, << > 20 Q. I understand that. But for the rest of the 21 period outside the shutdown period, this chart doesn't 22 include that were available

09:17:06 1 to Tembec Skookumchuck? 2 A. I believe it includes << the second statement of that 3 were included in the table that Mr. Switlishoff 4 presented. 5 Q. I don't believe you're correct because it 6 says correct? A. If it was a << >>> as you 8 claim it could have been, it would have been included. 9 10 If it wasn't in the table from Mr. Switlishoff, it 11 would be in here. Q. So, it's your understanding--is this table 12 13 produced--and you may not know since you didn't 14 produce it. Is this table produced from the data that 15 Mr. Switlishoff used or the data that Paper Excellence 16 provided to us? 17 A. I believe it includes << >>> that were assumed by Mr. Switlishoff. 18 19 Q. And how do you know that? 20 A. It would have used the same spreadsheet that was presented by Mr. Switlishoff. 21 22 Q. And how do you know that?







| 09:20:31 1 | | |
|------------|----------|---|
| | | correct? |
| 3 | A. | If we don't have an EPA, |
| • | | |
| • | | |
| 6 | Q. | I know that's your testimony but |
| 7 | | (Overlapping speakers.) |
| 8 | | MR. OWEN: And can he finish his answer, |
| 9 | please? | |
| 10 | | THE WITNESS: Yes. |
| | | |
| 12 | | BY MR. SHOR: |
| 13 | Q. | I know it's your testimony that << |
| | | but that just makes the |
| 15 | analysis | disappear. I'm just trying to understand. |
| 16 | In evalu | ating << |
| | > | > wouldn't you evaluate << |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| 22 | Q. | Why is that? |

| 09:21:21 1 | Α. | Because we've shown << |
|------------|-----------|---|
| 2 | | |
| 3 | Q. | Where have you shown that? |
| 4 | Α. | In the financial statements, it shows that |
| 5 | << | |
| | | |
| | | |
| 8 | Q. | Which financial statements are you talking |
| 9 | about? | |
| 10 | Α. | Financial statements that we supplied as a |
| 11 | response | to your questions from my Witness Statement. |
| 12 | Q. | You mean the cost reports |
| 13 | Α. | Yes, the cost reports. |
| 14 | Q. | for the << |
| 15 | | (Overlapping speakers.) |
| 16 | Α. | The cost statements that we supplied as a |
| 17 | response | of your questions from my Witness Statements. |
| 18 | Q. | Okay. Now, those cost reports just showed |
| 19 | | |
| | | It didn't include any << did it, |
| 21 | such as < | |
| 22 | Α. | I think we've shown here in |

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09:22:25 1 Q. I'm just asking what was included there. 2 PRESIDENT VEEDER: Mr. Shor--stop a second. We're now getting into the bad habits we had 3 4 yesterday. 5 MR. SHOR: I apologize. 6 PRESIDENT VEEDER: It's not a conversation. 7 It has to be a question, pause, answer, pause, question. However tempting it is, we have to make 8 9 sure the transcript works for us later. 10 BY MR. SHOR: Let me try again. 11 BY MR. SHOR: 12 Q. Just focus on the cost reports we received 13 from Paper Excellence, not any other analysis you did, those cost reports << 14 16 Α. An avoided cost is not a cost. 17 But it's a benefit, is it not? Q. It's a benefit only in the absence of any 18 Α. 19 other parameter. 20 Q. Okay. So in order to determine <<

| 1 | |
|----|---|
| | |
| 3 | A. Yes. |
| 4 | Q. Okay. Does any of this analysis do that? |
| 5 | A. They all do that. If you look at the third |
| 6 | page. |
| 7 | Q. Which is the page that shows what << |
| | |
| | |
| 10 | A. If you look at the third chart, which is |
| | |
| | |
| 13 | Sorry. I think I'm referring to the wrong one here. |
| 14 | The first chart, sorry. |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| 18 | PRESIDENT VEEDER: Just pause. Is that |
| 19 | C-345? Could you hold it up, please, to make sure |
| 20 | we're looking at the same? No, that looks as though |
| 21 | it is R-592. |
| 22 | |

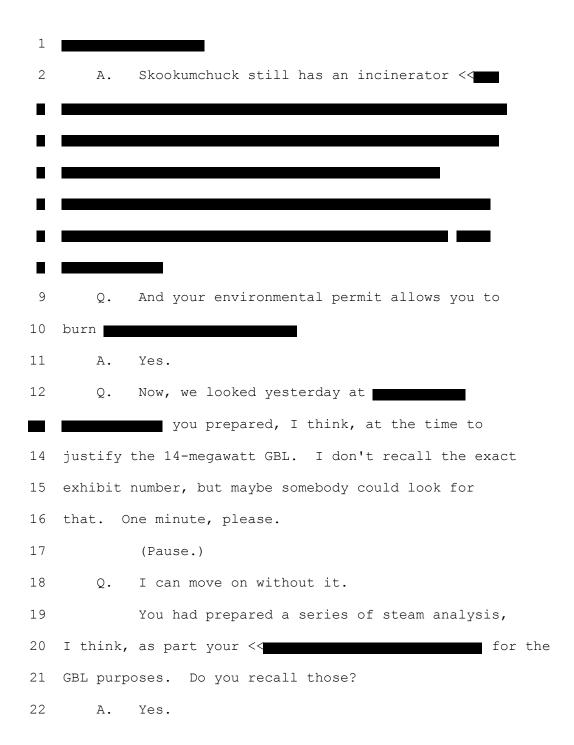
1631

1 BY MR. SHOR: 2 Q. Maybe I misunderstand, Mr. Lague, but as I 3 look at all of these charts, these are the costs--this is an analysis that was done in 2015; correct? 4 5 Α. Yes. Was this prepared by you, or was this 6 Q. 7 prepared by counsel for Canada? 8 Α. This was prepared by myself in collaboration with counsel for Canada. 9 Who actually prepared these charts? 10 Q. 11 A. It was a collaborative effort. Q. These were not available to you at the time 12 13 you were negotiating your EPA with BC Hydro, were 14 they? 15 A. No, they were not. 16 Q. And you didn't present this to BC Hydro in 17 2009, did you? 18 Α. No, I did not. 19 Q. And you didn't present any similar analysis 20 to this to BC Hydro in 2009, did you? 21 A. We had conversations indicating why we were 22 seeking to renegotiate in 2007.

1632

(Overlapping speakers.) 1 2 Q. Beg your pardon. 3 MR. OWEN: Can you please stop interrupting 4 the Witness. 5 MR. SHOR: I apologize. BY MR. SHOR: 6 7 Q. Please continue. 8 A. I believe I answered the question. Okay. You had conversations, but did you 9 Q. present any analysis with data, such as this? 10 11 Α. We would not unless there was a Confidentiality Agreement in place. 12 13 Q. And just--I think you told me that you needed to compare--<< 14 As I understand 17 these charts, these are all different scenarios of There is no scenario here 18 <<19 that shows << are there? 21 A. I guess we could have made a fourth chart 22 that would have said--that would have shown <<

| 1 | |
|----|--|
| 2 | Q. And that << |
| 3 | would have had << |
| | |
| 5 | would it not? |
| 6 | A. The << |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| 10 | Q. So in evaluating the << |
| 11 | > you wouldn't have considered the << |
| | You would have just looked at |
| 13 | Skookumchuck? |
| | Skookumenuek? |
| 14 | A. << |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| 14 | A. << |
| 14 | A. << |
| 14 | A. <<
Q. Okay. So, you didn't consider the << |
| 14 | A. <<
Q. Okay. So, you didn't consider the << |

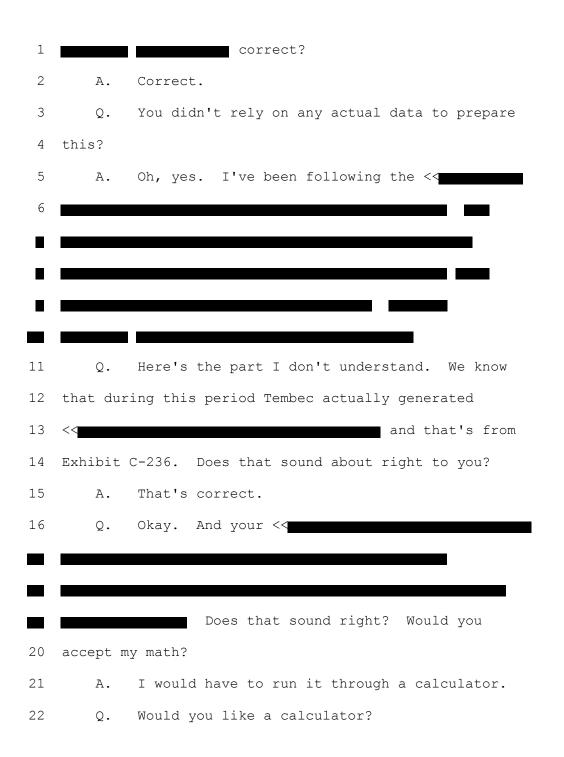


1 Q. And Mr. Owen took our attention to that 2 yesterday, and I think it showed roughly--you can give me the exact percentages--but something like 3 4 << sound about right? 6 7 Α. It is an accurate ratio. 8 Q. Now, << could all of the steam that was produced by the recovery 9 10 boiler, the high-pressure steam be run through the 11 turbine? A. The TG2 steam turbine? 12 Q. Correct? 13 14 Α. << 15 In fact, would you need to use some of that Q. high-pressure steam for the << or whatever 16 17 they are called? 18 A. Let me clarify. << 20 But some would have to go through the << Q. as well; right? 22 Α.

1635

| 1 | Q. How much of that steam would be available to |
|----|--|
| 2 | produce electricity? |
| 3 | A. << |
| 4 | Q. So would you << |
| 5 | A. Roughly. |
| 6 | MR. SHOR: Just for reference, I believe that |
| 7 | document is R-195. |
| 8 | BY MR. SHOR: |
| 9 | Q. I just have one further question. If I look |
| 10 | at some of these red and green charts, I'll call them, |
| 11 | the colorful ones we have, if I look at the one that |
| 12 | says "Operating with the 1997 EPA." |
| 13 | PRESIDENT VEEDER: Would you hold it up |
| 14 | because I don't know which one. |
| 15 | MR. SHOR: |
| | |
| 17 | PRESIDENT VEEDER: The first page of R-592. |
| 18 | MR. SHOR: Correct. |
| 19 | BY MR. SHOR: |
| 20 | Q. Okay. Now, << |
| | here, you have to make some assumptions, |
| 22 | including the assumption that |

| 1 | 6 | 3 | 7 |
|---|---|---|---|
| | | | |



1638

1 Α. I have one. 2 Q. I thought you might. So your question again? << 3 Α. megawatts, how many gigawatt hours a year 5 is that? How many hours per year? 6 Α. 7 You tell me. Ο. 8 Α. Let's use << , the same as the charts << 9 there. 10 So if you take the << that you said you Q. 11 generated and subtract the << the that you said the hog boiler would produce--I'm sorry--that you said the 12 13 recovery boiler would produce, I get << ______-gigawatt hours that the hog boiler would produce; right? 14 15 Α. Right. And that's << the number you used of 16 Q. 17 , isn't it? <<18 I'll have to admit that << Α. 20 MR. SHOR: Okay. I have no further 21 questions. 22 PRESIDENT VEEDER: Thank you.

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1 Will there be questions by way of 2 reexamination? MR. OWEN: If we could just have two or three 3 4 minutes. 5 PRESIDENT VEEDER: You can have more than that. Do you want five minutes? 6 7 MR. OWEN: Sure, five minutes. 8 PRESIDENT VEEDER: We're going break for five minutes, but please don't discuss the case or the 9 testimony before you come back before the Tribunal. 10 11 (Pause.) 12 PRESIDENT VEEDER: Ready. 13 MR. OWEN: We have no further questions, and regrettably we may have to request that we extend the 14 15 break. We have got Mr. Swanson in transit over here 16 from the hotel, which is only a few blocks away. We 17 didn't quite anticipate that we would be this short where Mr. Lague. So I apologize for any 18 19 inconvenience, Mr. President. 20 PRESIDENT VEEDER: There is no inconvenience. 21 We also did not anticipate this would go so short 22 given that we had extended an extra 30 minutes to the

1 Claimants. 2 Is there anything else we can usefully do, we 3 ask the Claimants first, if we break now? MR. SHOR: I don't think we're prepared to 4 5 skip a witness. So, I think we have to wait for 6 Mr. Swanson. 7 PRESIDENT VEEDER: Are we talking about half an hour or longer? 8 MR. DOUGLAS: No. He's on his way now. It 9 10 should be about 15 minutes. 11 PRESIDENT VEEDER: Let's break for 12 15 minutes. We have no further questions for you. 13 Thank you for coming before the Tribunal to testify in 14 this arbitration. 15 (Witness steps down.) 16 (Brief recess.) 17 PRESIDENT VEEDER: Let's resume. DENNIS SWANSON, RESPONDENT'S WITNESS, CALLED 18 19 PRESIDENT VEEDER: We now have the next 20 Witness before the Tribunal. 21 So if you would, please state your name and, 22 if you will, read the words of the declaration of

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1 Witnesses on the piece of paper before you. 2 THE WITNESS: My name is Dennis Swanson. 3 I solemnly declare upon my honor and conscience that I shall speak the truth, the whole 4 5 truth, and nothing but the truth. 6 PRESIDENT VEEDER: Thank you. 7 There will first be questions from the 8 Respondent. 9 Should this be in closed or open session? 10 MR. DOUGLAS: No, I don't think so. 11 PRESIDENT VEEDER: Open session. Thank you. DIRECT EXAMINATION 12 13 BY MR. DOUGLAS: 14 Q. Good morning, Mr. Swanson. 15 A. Good morning. 16 What is your current title? Q. 17 My current title is Vice President of Α. Corporate Services at FortisBC. 18 19 Q. What role did you hold before your current 20 title? 21 A. I was Director of Regulatory Affairs. 22 Q. Between which dates?

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1 A. Between 2007 and November 2014. 2 Q. So are you familiar with Order G-48-09 and the regulatory proceedings after that Order was 3 4 issued? 5 Α. I'm very familiar with G-48-09 and the 6 proceedings after. 7 Ο. Are you familiar with the Order on the screen 8 in front you, which is G-15-01, Claimant Exhibit 344? A. I am. 9 10 Are you familiar with the underlying Q. agreement between FortisBC and Celgar? 11 12 Α. The Brokerage and Curtailment Agreements, 13 yes, I am. 14 Q. Can you explain what sales to FortisBC are 15 contemplated? 16 Α. Those sales would be sales in excess of load. 17 Q. So, the sales would never--would they ever be below operating load? 18 19 Α. It wouldn't make sense for them to be below 20 operating load for the fact that the Claimant would be 21 paying FortisBC under the appropriate Rate Schedule, 22 and what FortisBC would be paying for the acquisitions

| 1 | under those Agreements would be the same cost it would |
|----|--|
| 2 | pay to otherwise source that power. So that would |
| 3 | either be the lower of market or the lower of PPA from |
| 4 | BC Hydro, both of which would be lower than what the |
| 5 | Claimant would actually be paying for the replacement |
| 6 | power. So they would be losing money in effect if |
| 7 | they were selling below-load sales to Fortis. |
| 8 | Q. What is the NECP is what does it do? |
| 9 | A. The NECP is non-PPA embedded cost power. And |
| 10 | what it does is it aims to protect customers from |
| 11 | undue financial harm associated with repurposing |
| 12 | generation from being available to serve load to being |
| 13 | available tofor sale. |
| 14 | Q. How much NECP can self-generators and |
| 15 | FortisBC access? |
| 16 | A. Up to 100 percent of load. |
| 17 | Q. So under the NECP regime, could the Claimant |
| 18 | stop supplying itself with its own self-generation? |
| 19 | A. Yes. Yes, it could. |
| 20 | Q. And sell all of its self-generation? |
| 21 | A. It could. |
| 22 | Q. Are you aware of any other mill in British |
| | |

1 Columbia that has this right? 2 Α. No. I believe--I believe that only applies 3 in FortisBC's service territory to industrial transmission customers, of which Celgar is the only 4 5 self-generating industrial transmission customer in FortisBC's service territory. 6 7 Ο. Is NECP embedded cost to power? 8 Α. Yes, it is. So how much access does the Claimant have to 9 Q. 10 embedded cost to power while selling? 11 Α. Up to 100 percent of load. And how is the NECP calculated? 12 Q. 13 The NECP is calculated by comparing the cost Α. of embedded cost power, including PPA, to the cost of 14 15 embedded cost power excluding PPA. 16 Does the NECP market purchases? Q. 17 No. It may include some portion of market, Α. but the NECP is really all FortisBC's resources 18 19 excluding PPA, so that is any excess or any 20 incremental generation FortisBC might have, any purchases under long-term--other long-term power 21 22 purchase agreements.

Like, for instance, FortisBC serves it load 1 2 with Columbia Power. It includes other block 3 purchases, and it's all available sources: FortisBC's excess generation, BC Hydro power that is not PPA 4 5 Power. 6 Okay. What is the Waneta Dam Expansion? Q. 7 Α. The Waneta Dam Expansion is a hydroelectric facility that provides FortisBC with a capacity or 8 basically the ability to store power. 9 10 And what relationship does the dam expansion Q. 11 have to the NECP? 12 Α. The relationship between the dam and the ability to store power and the NECP is that FortisBC 13 can use that ability to store power that--let's call 14 it the battery, per se--to store blocks of power 15 16 purchases and I guess to use it when it's required. 17 So it has the ability to reduce the cost of the NECP as compared to purchasing power when power is more 18 19 expensive. 20 So did you refer to the Waneta Dam Expansion Q. as "a battery"? 21

22 A. Yes. It's a capacity product for FortisBC,

1 so it's not energy. It is capacity. So the ability 2 to store energy. So could you store energy at one point in 3 Ο. 4 time and make it available at another time--5 Α. Yes. 6 -- for your self-generator customers? Q. 7 Α. For ourselves or for our self-generator 8 customers. And for the use of the NECP? 9 Q. 10 Yes, and for the use of the NECP. Α. 11 Okay. So if market prices go up, would the Q. Claimant bear the full risk of the market volatility 12 13 when it comes to the NECP? 14 A. Not really. Because market prices move 15 around. So in some hours they are more expensive, in 16 some hours they are less expensive. Some days they're 17 more expensive, some days less. 18 What the ability to store power does is it 19 allows you to purchase blocks of power at less 20 expensive times, store it, and use it at more expensive times. So it's--it has the ability to be 21 22 able to, I guess, shelter you from some of those

1 market excursions, including NECP.

2 Q. Could it actually allow you to take advantage 3 of that market volatility by purchasing through NECP 4 at a lower price and taking advantage of higher market 5 prices should they go up?

6 Yeah. If you purchased a block of power at a Α. 7 lower price, were storing it through the use of Waneta Expansion and the market prices were to go up, you 8 9 could then sell into that market at that higher price. 10 PRESIDENT VEEDER: Could I stop you? I 11 understand you're referring to a dam. How do you 12 store power once you've produced electricity? 13 THE WITNESS: The storage is actually the water held behind the dam. So it's the capacity is 14 the ability to generate power at a point in time, not 15 the amount of energy that's produced. 16 17 PRESIDENT VEEDER: Thank you.

18 ARBITRATOR DOUGLAS: While we are

19 interrupting you, could I ask for a clarification? 20 You said NECP is embedded cost power.

21 THE WITNESS: Yes.

22 ARBITRATOR DOUGLAS: You're referring to that

1 as Fortis's embedded assets?

2 THE WITNESS: Yes.

3 ARBITRATOR DOUGLAS: And so it wouldn't be 4 the same as the embedded cost power that Fortis would 5 receive from BC Hydro and the PPA. We use the same 6 terms but we're talking about a different rate, aren't 7 we?

8 THE WITNESS: Yeah. The embedded cost power that FortisBC receives from the PPA is but one source 9 of FortisBC's embedded cost power. So FortisBC's 10 embedded cost power includes FortisBC's generation, 11 12 the PPA Contract with BC Hydro, a Contract with 13 Columbia Basin Power, multiple smaller contracts or purchases from other independent power producers, some 14 market purchases--it's a whole variety of resources 15 that FortisBC uses to serve its load. 16

Fortis only has about roughly a little less
than half of its generation required to meet its load.
The rest is all through purchases.

20 BY MR. DOUGLAS:

Q. What is the status of the NECP proceedings?A. The status of the NECP proceedings are

currently--it's currently being held in abeyance
 pending certain other determinations. Specifically,
 the NECP process was underway when BC Hydro and
 FortisBC as a co-applicant filed the new PPA, so the
 new Power Supply Agreement between FortisBC and
 BC Hydro.

7 When that was filed with the Commission, 8 there were certain--there is certain aspects of that 9 Agreement, including Section 2.5, which broadly is the 10 restriction on FortisBC's ability to access PPA Power 11 during times when FortisBC or a customer are buying 12 and selling at the same time.

13 During that regulatory process and regulatory review of that Agreement, the NECP was held in 14 abeyance pending that outcome. During that process, 15 16 Celgar was challenging that Section 2.5, and broadly 17 challenging that Section 2.5 in that they wanted that restriction to be removed from the Agreement; and, as 18 19 a result, as a result, it wouldn't have made sense to proceed on with the NECP process if--because if Celgar 20 was successful in having that Section 2.5 removed from 21 22 the PPA, there would be no need for an NECP.

Q. Has the Claimant shown a desire for the NECP? 1 2 Have they pursued it in front of the BCUC? Not really. They've tended to go towards the 3 Α. removal of the restriction as opposed to the 4 5 acceptance of a tool to deal with the restriction. Ο. The restriction in Section 2.5 of the new 6 7 2014 PPA? 8 Yeah, the restriction on FortisBC's ability Α. 9 to access PPA Power for the purposes of buying. 10 In your opinion, why has the Claimant not Q. 11 pursued the NECP? 12 Α. First of all, I think the Claimant keeps 13 wanting to get more, so it keeps wanting the full restriction to be removed. So, there is that issue. 14 15 In addition, if the Claimant--the NECP would 16 likely not result in much--in most scenarios would 17 likely not result in much of an increase in cost to the Claimant in terms of what it would be paying for 18 19 its power because market prices are so low. So FortisBC can acquire that replacement power at a 20 21 reasonable cost.

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But the Claimant really hasn't pursued that,

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1 I believe, because the Claimant doesn't have an 2 ability to sell its generation at a premium price. So there's no financial incentive to push through and 3 take that to resolution. 4 5 MR. SHOR: Mr. President, can I ask if we've gone past the 10 minutes allotted for direct 6 7 examination? 8 MR. DOUGLAS: I've got one more question. 9 PRESIDENT VEEDER: We've got one more minute. Please continue. 10 11 BY MR. DOUGLAS: 12 Q. Is the NECP dead? 13 No, no. The NECP is just held in abeyance Α. pending-pending a couple of conditions that were put 14 15 in the Decision on the approval of the PPA. Assuming 16 that restriction in Section 2.5 isn't completely 17 removed, the NECP will be right back on. 18 MR. DOUGLAS: Thank you. Those are my 19 questions. 20 PRESIDENT VEEDER: Thank you very much. 21 There will now be questions from the 22 Claimant.

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1 CROSS-EXAMINATION 2 BY MS. GEHRING FLORES: 3 Hello, Mr. Swanson. My name is Gaela Gehring Ο. Flores, and I represent Mercer in this arbitration. 4 5 If you need a break at any time during this cross, 6 just let me know. So, you brought up Order G-15-01. And I 7 believe it's your testimony that -- and just for the 8 Tribunal's reference, this is Exhibit C-344. 9 10 BCUC Order G-15-01 also signed by Peter 11 Ostergaard. It's your testimony that this Order in 12 approving the Curtailment Agreement between West 13 Kootenay Power and Celgar did not allow for below-load 14 sales? Sorry, can you take me to that reference? 15 Α. 16 Q. Sure. It's Exhibit 344. It's on your 17 screen. It's the Order that you were testifying about just a few minutes ago, and you said that this Order 18 19 does not allow for below-load sales in approving the 20 Curtailment Agreement? 21 Α. It is not that it doesn't allow for 22 below-load sales, there is no specific restriction in

1 there. It just wouldn't make sense to do below-load 2 sales for the Claimant because the Claimant would be 3 losing money in doing so. 4 Q. Well, Mr. Swanson, does the Curtailment 5 Agreement approved by G-15-01 provide for below-load sales by Celgar? 6 Not specific--it doesn't specifically provide 7 Α. 8 for or restrict. 9 Q. Does it--does the Curtailment Agreement--and I can--let's see. Why don't we move to the Brokerage 10 Agreement, which is also approved in G-15-01, which is 11 C-193. It's Page 6 of 7 of that document. 12 13 While we're waiting for that, it's a graph full of lots of numbers and very, very tiny numbers. 14 We'll wait for that to be pulled up in a second. 15 16 But do you understand how the Curtailment 17 Agreement worked between West Kootenay Power and Celgar? 18 19 Α. Generally speaking, I think I do. 20 Okay. And it's your understanding that that Q. Agreement did not contemplate below-load sales? 21 22 A. The Curtailment Agreement was about

1 curtailing load.

2 Q. Okay. So it's your understanding that the 3 Curtailment Agreement between West Kootenay Power and 4 Celgar involved Celgar shutting down its pulp mill to 5 curtail its load?

A. It involved curtailing its load. How that7 load was curtailed would be up to Celgar.

8 Q. Yeah. In fact, I think it involved West 9 Kootenay Power calling Celgar at a point when Celgar 10 was purchasing electricity from West Kootenay Power, 11 and West Kootenay Power requesting that Celgar bump up 12 its generation. Is that your understanding?

A. Requesting that Celgar reduce its take from FortisBC in order for FortisBC to avoid higher cost market purchases and then offering compensation for Celgar's ability to reduce its take.

Q. Right. So West Kootenay Power would--so let's say Celgar at a given point in time, let's say--let's just start a 24-hour day. At the beginning of that day Celgar would be generating 30 megawatts--this is just a hypothetical--and its load would be 35 megawatts. Necessarily, Celgar would

have to purchase 5 megawatts of electricity from West 1 2 Kootenay Power, right, in that situation? 3 Α. Right. Let's say--let's split the day into 8-hour 4 Ο. increments. So if the Curtailment Agreement would not 5 have been invoked and Celgar continued on that 24-hour 6 7 day, they are buying 5-megawatt hours of electricity 8 hours--for every 8 hours. So, there is three 8 hour 8 9 increments in a 24-hour day. So we've got 40, plus 40, plus 40, equals 120 megawatts; correct? 10 11 Α. Yes. It would equal 120 megawatts. Okay. Now let's say in a day like that, West 12 Q. 13 Kootenay Power calls up Celgar? 14 120-megawatt hours, sorry. Α. Ο. Thank you. 15 16 Let's say West Kootenay Power calls up Celgar 17 and says, We'd like to invoke the Curtailment Agreement. On that day, the first 8 hours goes by and 18 19 Celgar has been generating 30 and the load is 35. So the first 8 hours they are purchasing 5-megawatt hours 20 of electricity. So they've purchased 40 in that first 21 22 8-hour period.

1 And then West Kootenay Power calls them up 2 and says, "We'd like to invoke the Curtailment 3 Agreement. Could you please boost your generation to 35"? 4 5 Again, the Curtailment Agreement is about Α. Celgar reducing its load. How Celgar does that, 6 7 whether it's by dialing back the Mill or increasing 8 its generation, is irrelevant. It is curtailing the load taken by FortisBC, so reducing to 5. 9 10 Just humor me here, Mr. Swanson, and let's Q. 11 say in real life this is what actually happened, and 12 we'll go to that in a second. 13 So, West Kootenay Power would call up Celgar and say, "Could you please boost your generation to 14 15 35." So your load is 35, and you're generating 35 for 16 the next 8 hours. So we will no longer have to sell 17 you 5-megawatt hours of electricity for that 8-hour 18 period; right. 19 Are you with me? 20 Α. Sure. Q. So the first 8-hour period, they purchased 21 22 40-megawatt hours. The second 8-hour period in the

24-hour day, they purchase 0 because Celgar at this
 point has increased its generation up to its load and
 West Kootenay Power is no longer selling electricity
 during this 8-hour period.
 Are you still with me?

6 A. Okay.

7 Okay. In the next 8-hour period--Celgar can Ο. only do this for so long. It is actually pretty hard 8 9 on the mill to do this. In the next 8-hour period they bring down their generation to 20. Their load is 10 11 still 35. They now need to purchase 12 15 megawatt--15-megawatt hours of electricity from 13 West Kootenay Power over the next 8-hour period. 14 On a normal day, if the Curtailment Agreement weren't invoked, Celgar would purchase 120-megawatt 15 16 hours of electricity from West Kootenay Power. On a 17 curtailment day they would end up purchasing 160-megawatt hours of electricity due to the way it 18 19 actually operates in fact.

20 Do you understand that that is the way it 21 actually worked?

22 A. Again, I go back to the fact this is a

1 Curtailment Agreement. This is an Agreement by which 2 Celgar will reduce its purchase from FortisBC, not 3 FortisBC increase a purchase from Celgar. 4 But we just talked about--Q. 5 I think you have this backwards. Α. 6 We just talked about a 24-hour period where Q. 7 Celgar's electricity purchases from West Kootenay actually increased; correct? 8 9 You talked about a 24-hour period where the Α. electricity purchases increased, that's correct. 10 11 Right. And so let's look at this--these tiny Ο. 12 numbers on this exhibit. Let's go to--13 Laura, could you please go to--I think it's the line for November 25. Could you please, yeah, 14 blow up--right. Thank you. Is there a way to make 15 16 that bigger at all? 17 This, by the way, is attached to the Brokerage Agreement, which was approved by Order 18 19 G-15-01. And this is an example of something--of the way the Curtailment Agreement was actually 20 implemented, and that's what it says in the Brokerage 21 22 Agreement. This is actually what happened in

1 November 2000. 2 And you'll see at the top of the table there are numbers at the top of the table. Those are hours 3 in the day, in a 24-hour day. 4 5 Α. Okay. 6 Now, if you look at the November 25 line, Q. 7 you've got purchases from Celgar--by Celgar from West Kootenay of 8 ,> and then 10 there's a line. That line in this chart signifies hours of curtailment where West Kootenay Power calls 11 12 up Celgar, asks them to bump up their generation. 13 During those **m** hours, I guess--I guess during the first hour of curtailment, I believe the number is 14 that Celgar started purchasing less electricity, 15 16 I see those reduced purchases from FortisBC, 18 Α. 19 yes. 20 Okay. Now, I'm going to ask you to go--Q. 21 Laura, if you go down below to the first 22 table on the left. Please blow up the first table on

1 the left and look at November 25.

A. That's incorrect. It shows that the load was during curtailment and that Celgar reduced its lowed by _____ hours from FortisBC, and, therefore, was compensated for reducing its load. Again, this is about curtailing the load that Celgar is taking from FortisBC. This is not about Celgar selling power to FortisBC.

Q. I guess that's your position, that it's all about curtailment--wait just a moment--that the is paying Celgar for curtailment. It is not paying it for its electricity generation.

17 A. That's why it's called curtailment.

18 Q. Let me get to my question, Mr. Swanson.

PRESIDENT VEEDER: I'm sorry, Rule Number 1,
 we can't have people overspeaking.

21 THE WITNESS: Okay.

22 PRESIDENT VEEDER: The question finishes, you

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1 answer, the answer finishes, pause, and the next 2 question will follow. 3 THE WITNESS: I apologize. 4 PRESIDENT VEEDER: Actually, it wasn't 5 addressed to you, but I'm being polite. BY MS. GEHRING FLORES: 6 7 Q. When we were up at the numbers, at the tiny 8 numbers at the top of during curtailment, was Celgar purchasing electricity during those two hours? Was it 9 10 11 Α. Yes. 12 Q. Yes. 13 Celgar was purchasing. Α. 14 Celgar purchased during those two hours Q. -megawatt hours of electricity; correct? 15 16 Yes, that's what the chart showed. Α. 17 And this part of the chart shows that Celgar Q. sold < megawatt hours of electricity to West 18 19 Kootenay Power on that day? 20 No. That line says curtailment to the left. Α. That line is entitled "curtailment," so, again, this 21 22 is about curtailing Celgar's load. If Celgar chooses

1 to curtail its load by way of generating power, that's up to Celgar. Let's not forget that the simultaneous 2 3 buy/sell of power is a fictitious construct, and what I mean by that is the electrons only flow on that line 4 in one direction. So, it's not like FortisBC is 5 delivering electricity over the lines to Celgar, and 6 7 at the same time, over the same line Celgar is delivering electricity to FortisBC. It doesn't work 8 9 that way. It is like water in a hose; it only flows 10 in one direction. 11 So, this Agreement was about curtailing the 12 load, or Celgar's abilities to turn down the amount of 13 load it was drawing from FortisBC. This was not a Power Purchase Agreement. I mean, it is even called a 14 Curtailment Agreement as on opposed to a Power 15 16 Purchase Agreement. It is a different animal

17 entirely.

18 Q. Right. And just as you testified, Celgar 19 could choose to do that by increasing its generation; 20 correct?

A. Potentially, Celgar could have. I don't knowif, at that time, Celgar had the ability to increase

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1 generation like you say or not. But, really, from 2 FortisBC's perspective, this is just about Celgar curtailing its load. 3 I understand you're saying "from FortisBC's 4 Q. perspective," but did you just testify that Celgar 5 could choose to invoke curtailment by boosting 6 generation? Yes or no? 7 8 Α. If Celgar had the ability to boost generation, that could be a way it could achieve 9 10 curtailment. 11 Q. And could you please look at November 28 on 12 this chart. 13 A. I see that. Q. What does negative 2 curtailment mean? 14 A. I'm not exactly sure. 15 16 Would that mean that Celgar boosted its Q. generation so much that it had negatively curtailed 17 its load, I guess, in your terms? 18 19 Α. But if it's a negative curtailment, wouldn't 20 that be an increase in load? 21 Q. You tell me, Mr. Swanson. 22 A. I don't know what the negative 2 stands for.

1 Q. Okay. So, as you testified, Celgar could 2 choose to boost its generation to invoke the Curtailment Agreement, and West Kootenay Power would 3 pay for it; is that correct? 4 5 West Kootenay Power's only concern in a Α. Curtailment Agreement is that the load being served by 6 7 West Kootenay Power is curtailed. How that's accomplished is entirely outside of the control of 8 9 FortisBC, and FortisBC doesn't care how that is 10 accomplished. 11 Ο. Okay. FortisBC didn't care how it was 12 accomplished, but FortisBC--FortisBC paid for the 13 invocation of the Curtailment Agreement; is that 14 correct? FortisBC compensated customers who curtailed 15 Α. their load when asked to do so, yes. 16 17 And one of the ways that Celgar could curtail Q. its load was by boosting its generation; correct? 18 19 Α. There was nothing prohibiting that. Whether or not Celgar had the ability to do that is up to 20 Celgar. 21 22 Q. And were you a Witness to the conversations

1 between Celgar and West Kootenay Power with respect to 2 how Celgar would actually implement the Curtailment 3 Agreement? 4 Α. No, I wasn't involved in those conversations 5 between Celgar and FortisBC with regards to how Celgar would implement Curtailment Agreements. 6 7 Ο. Thank you. 8 So, you were appointed as Director of Regulatory Affairs at FortisBC in 2007; is that 9 10 correct? 11 Α. That's correct. And as the Director of Regulatory Affairs, 12 Q. 13 were you in charge of FortisBC's regulatory filings 14 and submissions before the BCUC? 15 Α. I was. 16 Are you an attorney, Mr. Swanson? Q. 17 No, I'm not. Α. Were you in charge of all of the FortisBC 18 Ο. 19 submissions before the BCUC or just some? 20 They all happened under my watch. Α. 21 Q. And as the Director of Regulatory Affairs at 22 FortisBC, were you more or less familiar with

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1 FortisBC's filings before the BCUC? 2 Α. Yes. 3 Were you familiar with the filings--Ο. 4 Α. Oh, absolutely, yes. 5 Ο. Very familiar? Intimately familiar? How familiar were you? 6 7 Very familiar, yes. Α. 8 Ο. Did you draft the filings before the BCUC? 9 Some of them I drafted. Some are drafted by Α. 10 my employees. Sometimes I would hire external 11 assistants, but I was responsible for those filings. And because you were responsible for those 12 Q. 13 filings, you would--you reviewed them--you would 14 review them; correct? 15 Α. Yes, that's correct. 16 Q. You supervised their submission; correct? 17 Yes, that's correct. Α. 18 Q. Did you edit them? 19 Α. Many of them I would edit, yes. 20 Did you--and I think, perhaps, some of the Q. submissions actually have your signature? 21 22 A. Some do, indeed.

1 Q. Okay. Except for the ones that were filed by 2 external counsel; is that right? 3 Yeah. Typically, if we file a filing by Α. external counsel, it goes out under external counsel 4 5 signature. I still have responsibility for the 6 filing, though. 7 And in your new title at FortisBC as Vice Ο. President of Corporate Services, do you continue to be 8 9 in charge of regulatory filings of FortisBC before the 10 BCUC? 11 Not directly, no, but as an executive of Α. 12 FortisBC, I still have some responsibility, but not 13 directly over the filings. 14 Q. Do you review them as well and approve them 15 as well? 16 Α. I review most. I don't--and I approve some, 17 you might say. What I mean by that is some filings require all the Executives to approve. Some filings 18 19 don't. It depends on the nature of the filings. 20 Just for your reference, Mr. Swanson, we're Q. going to go to your Second Witness Statement. 21 22 A. Do you have a reference for me?

Just starting on Page 1, and I think starting 1 Q. 2 at Paragraph 5 and then going about nine paragraphs, 3 all the way through Paragraph 13. 4 Those paragraphs are dedicated to recounting a conversation that you had with Mr. Don Debienne; is 5 6 that correct? 7 Α. Just hang on one second. 8 You also have the Second Statement in your Ο. 9 binder if it's easier to flip through. 10 Okay. I'm sorry. Your question was again? Α. 11 Those paragraphs, Paragraphs 5 through 13 of Ο. 12 your Statement, Pages 1-5 are dedicated to your 13 recounting of a conversation that you had with Mr. Don Debienne; is that right? 14 15 Some of it is recounting of conversation with Α. Mr. Don Debienne, yes. 16 17 I think it would take too long, but I believe Q. that every single one of those paragraphs talks about 18 19 your conversation with Mr. Don Debienne, but we can maybe turn to that later. 20 21 I meant not every statement. For instance, Α. 22 the Statement in Paragraph 4 that says "FortisBC

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1 engaged in extensive negotiations with Mercer," I know 2 that for a fact. That doesn't fall from a conversation with Don Debienne. That's all I was 3 4 trying to say. 5 Ο. Sure. Sure. I was starting with 6 Paragraph 5. Excuse me. 7 Okay. Sorry. Α. 8 And Mr. Don Debienne was Celgar's main point Ο. 9 of contact and Vice President of Power Supply and Strategic Planning around 2007; is that right? 10 11 Α. Yes, that's correct. And this portion of your testimony is found 12 Q. 13 under the title "FortisBC's Negotiations With Mercer Concerning Its Arbitrage Project"; correct? 14 15 Α. That's correct. 16 Like we said, this section largely recounts a Q. 17 conversation that you had with Mr. Debienne, as you say, on February 3, 2015? 18 19 Α. I'm just looking for the February 3 date. 20 PRESIDENT VEEDER: Footnote 5 at Page 2. 21 THE WITNESS: Thank you. 22 BY MS. GEHRING FLORES:

| 1 | Q. Yeah, and just again, you have your Statement |
|----|--|
| 2 | in your binder if you want to reference it on paper. |
| 3 | Was anyone else present during this |
| 4 | conversation, Mr. Swanson, that you had with |
| 5 | Mr. Debienne on February 3, 2015? |
| 6 | A. For parts of the conversation, one of my |
| 7 | employees, Corey Sinclair, was present. |
| 8 | Q. How much of the conversation was she present |
| 9 | for? |
| 10 | A. He, sorry. |
| 11 | Q. Sorry. |
| 12 | A. I believe most of the conversation. |
| 13 | Q. Is there a recording of the conversation? |
| 14 | A. No. |
| 15 | Q. Do you have a written record or transcript of |
| 16 | this conversation? |
| 17 | A. No. It was a conversation. |
| 18 | Q. Okay. And are you aware of whether |
| 19 | Mr. Debienne is a witness in this proceedings, |
| 20 | Mr. Swanson? |
| 21 | A. Mr. Debienne has been long retired now. And |
| 22 | he's not a witness in this proceeding. |

1 Q. So we can't question Mr. Debienne about this 2 supposed conversation, can we? 3 No, but you can question me because I was Α. 4 part of that conversation. 5 Ο. Right. Did Mr. Debienne know that you were planning to recount the conversation that you had with 6 him in your Witness Statement? 7 8 Α. Yes. Did you give Mr. Debienne an opportunity to 9 Q. review your Witness Statement? 10 11 Α. Yes. And did he respond? 12 Q. 13 Yes. And we talked specifically about why I Α. was summarizing this area, and, you know, we talked in 14 15 a fair amount detail about this. 16 So, that was another conversation you had? Q. 17 Α. Same conversation. O. In the same conversation? 18 19 A. Well, same set of conversations. It was 20 several conversations over the course of a few days, but the original conversation is where this 21 22 information came from. Then when I summarized my

1 Witness Statement, I showed Mr. Debienne what I was 2 saying to make sure that he was--that was his recollection as well. 3 4 Ο. And did anyone witness those conversations as 5 well? A. I don't recall. 6 7 Q. And is there any written record of those later conversations? 8 9 There is not normally written records of my Α. 10 conversations. 11 Ο. How did you share your Witness Statement with Mr. Debienne? Did you do it through e-mail? Did you 12 13 just tell him on the phone? 14 A. He came into the office a couple times, and we met in our board room. We had lunch once and had a 15 16 discussion over lunch, but mainly in the board room at 17 FortisBC's offices. So, now we're talking about maybe not just 18 Ο. 19 one conversation, but maybe three, four? 20 There were many conversations with Α. 21 Mr. Debienne. 22 Q. Many. Many about what's in your Witness

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1 Statement? 2 Α. Yeah, about these topics that are in the Witness Statement, that's correct. 3 4 Ο. Okay. Your Statement--your Second Statement, 5 I believe, is about 15 pages; correct? 6 Α. 30--yeah. 7 Q. I'm talking about your Second Statement. 8 Α. Subject to check, sure. Q. Okay. And you devoted, I think, about four 9 pages of a 15-page statement to a variety of 10 11 conversations with Mr. Debienne; is that correct? 12 Α. Yeah. It was because I had an understanding 13 of the sequence of events, and after having read Mr. Merwin's Witness Statement, it appeared that he 14 was telling a different story, and so I had 15 16 conversations with Mr. Debienne to ensure my 17 understanding of the sequence of events was actually 18 correct. 19 Ο. Okay. And I think a lot of this conversation 20 surrounds an e-mail from Don Debienne to Mr. Merwin. 21 MS. GEHRING FLORES: Could we go to 22 Exhibit C-214, please. And it's Bates 292757.

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1 BY MS. GEHRING FLORES: 2 Q. So, is this the e-mail that you spoke with 3 Mr. Debienne about, Mr. Swanson? A. I did speak to Mr. Debienne about this 4 5 e-mail, yes. 6 Q. And when you spoke to him, did you show him 7 this e-mail? 8 A. Yes. Q. And in Paragraphs 11 and 12 of your Second 9 Statement, you claim that, in response to your 10 11 characterization of Mr. Merwin's testimony regarding 12 this e-mail, Mr. Debienne explained that Mr. Merwin 13 misrepresented that e-mail? 14 A. You know, you're looking at one line of one e-mail in a long series of conversations. And that 15 16 e-mail--17 Q. Mr. Swanson, can you answer my question? 18 MR. DOUGLAS: Could you let the Witness 19 finish, please. 20 THE WITNESS: And that e-mail has a set of words in it, and taken completely out of context, but 21 22 it says, "We have pulled together all our key people

on this and so far feeling like we're on terra firma,"
 so we're on solid ground. My understanding of this
 and from talking to Mr. Debienne, is it means we're on
 solid ground to proceed.

5 In other words, we still have credible 6 arguments we can make as opposed to, you know, we're 7 in quicksand, and there's no continued arguments we 8 can make. It doesn't mean--it doesn't say that this 9 is a slam dunk and we're done. This says we're on 10 solid ground, and we continue to have credible 11 arguments to make.

12 BY MS. GEHRING FLORES:

13 Q. Thank, Mr. Swanson.

14 And you're asking this Tribunal to conclude that Mr. Merwin, who is a Witness in this proceeding, 15 16 took this e-mail out of context and misrepresented it; 17 correct? That's what you're saying in Paragraphs 11 and 12 of your Second Statement? Is that right? 18 19 Α. I'm saying that we communicated there was regulatory risk. And, in fact, the two Parties 20 entered into an agreement that, as a condition to that 21 22 agreement, had regulatory approval, as a condition,

1 which is a clear recognition that there was some risk 2 associated with--Q. We might get to that, Mr. Swanson, but could 3 you answer my question, please. 4 5 Is it your testimony that Mr. Merwin, a Witness in this proceeding, misrepresented what this 6 7 e-mail says? Yes or no? You have your Statement 8 right there. My testimony isn't specifically about this 9 Α. 10 one statement. It is about the fact that there was 11 regulatory risks, and those risks were communicated. 12 And this is based on your memory of an Q. 13 uncorroborated conversation or variety of uncorroborated conversations with Mr. Debienne, an 14 individual who cannot be questioned in this 15 16 proceeding; is that correct? 17 Α. That is correct. And you want this Tribunal to believe that 18 Ο. 19 your recounting of an unverifiable conversation provides the definitive interpretation of this e-mail? 20 I'm not necessarily asking this Tribunal to 21 Α. 22 make a definitive interpretation on this e-mail. I'm

suggesting that there were risks associated with
 entering into this Agreement, that both Parties
 understood those risks going in and continued to
 understand those risks throughout the process. That's
 my position.

Q. Yeah, let's get to that. Let's turn to
Paragraph 5 of your Second Witness Statement. You are
saying that you recalled Mr. Debienne indicating that
he had discussed with Celgar the regulatory risks of
the Power Sales Agreement that FortisBC entered into
with Celgar in 2008; is that correct?

12 A. I'm just waiting for the--

Q. In the last sentence of Paragraph 5, you
say, "However, it is my recollection that Mr. Debienne
indicated at that time that he had discussed these
regulatory risks with Celgar."

A. That's correct, and then I checked that factwith him after the fact.

19 Q. Right, in these many conversations you had 20 with him?

21 A. Yes.

22 Q. Were you actually present in any meeting

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where Mr. Debienne discussed these, as you say, 1 2 regulatory risks with Mr. Merwin or other Celgar 3 representatives? 4 Α. No, I was not. 5 Were you copied in an e-mail where Ο. Mr. Debienne discussed these, as you say, regulatory 6 7 risks with Mr. Merwin or other Celgar representatives? 8 Α. No, I was not. 9 Was this otherwise communicated to you in Q. writing by Mr. Debienne? 10 11 MR. DOUGLAS: Mr. President, I'm sorry to 12 interject here. I want to make it clear for the 13 record, Claimant Exhibit C-214 is the series of chopped e-mails that expand a period of years. When 14 the Claimant filed this in their Memorial, we asked 15 16 for document requests relating to further 17 communications between it and FortisBC, and they advised us for the first time--not in the earlier 18 19 document production, but for the first time, that they had lost years' worth of e-mails of communications in 20 a server migration, which is fine--which is fine. But 21 22 it's not fine to question the Witness on a lack of

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1 record when the Claimant has lost all of its 2 communications with the utility. So I just want to 3 make that mark on the record right now. 4 MR. SHOR: I think we're talking about 5 internal FortisBC communications. 6 MR. DOUGLAS: She asked about communications between Mr. Debienne and Mr. Merwin. 7 8 PRESIDENT VEEDER: Stop a second. 9 (Tribunal conferring.) 10 PRESIDENT VEEDER: In the Tribunal's view, all this goes eventually to weight, and we'll hear 11 12 submissions about that. So, please continue with your 13 questions. 14 BY MS. GEHRING FLORES: Q. Yeah. I believe I was asking you, 15 Mr. Swanson, whether or not there were any 16 communications with you on this subject, involving 17 you. So, this--again, you testified that Mr. Debienne 18 19 discussed these regulatory risks with Mr. Merwin, but I'm asking you, was this discussion ever communicated 20 to you in writing? 21 22 A. No, this discussion was not communicated to

me in writing. It was communicated to me verbally. 1 2 Q. Did you provide a regulatory report to 3 Mr. Debienne about all of these regulatory risks that you had identified?

4

5 No. What we did is--what I did is, I looked Α. at the regulatory precedence that had occurred in 6 7 British Columbia related to the sale of self-generated power, and I had a good sense of what BC Hydro's 8 9 position would be if Celgar were to buy and sell power at the same time, and that was informed by the fact 10 11 that we had a restriction in our PPA with BC Hydro 12 that stopped FortisBC from being able to buy and sell 13 at the same time. So, I could see that BC Hydro would likely oppose FortisBC's access to PPA Power if that 14 were occurring. 15

16 So, we looked at that, and we figured there is definitely some risks. I had that conversation 17 with Mr. Debienne, and he conveyed that there are 18 19 risks associated with the Agreement to Mr. Merwin. 20 And I think it's your testimony that these Q. risks were rather significant; right? 21

22 A. I characterized them as a "coin toss," a

1 50/50 chance of actually being able to get these 2 agreements approved. But those risks--the conclusion--your 3 Ο. conclusion that those risks existed is nowhere in any 4 5 document; is that correct? 6 Well, it's a condition precedent in the Power Α. 7 Supply Agreement between Celgar and FortisBC, so the two Parties agreed that there was a condition 8 9 precedent in that agreement, and typically you put a 10 condition precedent in the agreement to remove risks. 11 The condition precedent says there's a 50/50 Ο. 12 chance that the BCUC will reject? 13 No, it's precedent on the BCUC approval of Α. the Agreement. 14 15 I think I'd like to move on to the issue of Ο. Celgar's ability to sell its self-generated 16 electricity while having access to embedded-cost 17 electricity. Let's turn to the Rejoinder, Canada's 18 19 Rejoinder, at Paragraph 155. You'll see that in a tab in your binder. It's called "Rejoinder" where Canada 20 states, "The Claimant continues to perpetuate the myth 21 22 that BCUC Order G-48-09 restricts access to

1 embedded-cost electricity."

2 And let me show you a similar statement that Canada makes in its Rejoinder, if we could turn to 3 Paragraphs 165 and 166. The Claimant alleges that 4 5 "The BCUC subjected Celgar to a period of discrimination and regulatory uncertainty that began 6 7 in 2009 and continues to this day. Since Order G-48-09 was issued in May 2009, Celgar has been 8 9 unable to access embedded-cost utility electricity 10 below its 2007 load, and thus, has been unable to sell 11 any of its below-load electricity. In light of the 12 above, this cannot possibly be true."

13 In this portion of the Rejoinder, Canada 14 continues on with this line, and they quote and 15 reference your Second Witness Statement in support of 16 the notion that Celgar's claims with respect to the 17 continuing G-48-09 restriction is untrue.

18 Are you aware of that?

19 A. I'm aware of that.

20 Q. And do you agree with these assertions that 21 Canada makes in Paragraphs 155, 165, 166, that G-48-09 22 is the--the G-48-09 restriction is a myth? It's not

1 true?

2 Α. Since G-48-09--first of all, G-48-09 approved 3 an amendment to the PPA between FortisBC and BC Hydro, and that amendment restricted FortisBC's access to the 4 PPA Power to be used to replace energy that FortisBC 5 or a FortisBC customer was using to, I guess, replace 6 7 energy for the purpose of sale or resale. So G-48-09, what it did is it placed a purchase restriction upon 8 9 FortisBC. It also--it left some doors open. It left some doors open in terms of our ability to set a 10 11 FortisBC GBL for Celgar and serve above that FortisBC 12 GBL.

13 Shortly after G-48-09, Mr. Merwin sends a letter to Dan Egolf of Fortis stating that G-48-09 has 14 opened the door to a FortisBC GBL. And the letter 15 goes on to suggest what an appropriate GBL would be. 16 17 And so I do think there is plenty of options for Celgar to be able to sell some generation and some 18 19 generation that not in excess of its dynamic load. It hasn't, but the opportunity has existed. 20

21 Q. And the opportunity has existed for Celgar to 22 sell below its 2007 load and have access to

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1 embedded-cost electricity? 2 A. To excluding PPA. 3 Ο. Excluding PPA Power? 4 A. But there was also an option, I 5 believe--you've got to step back and look at. 6 MR. DOUGLAS: Let the Witness please finish 7 his answer. 8 THE WITNESS: You've got to step back and 9 take a look at what a GBL is attempting to do. It's attempting to protect customers from undue harm 10 associated with a self-generating customer repurposing 11 12 its generation to be instead of using it to serve load 13 to using it for resale. So you're trying to protect those customers from undue harm. 14 15 If Celgar and FortisBC were to have agreed on a reasonable GBL that we could reasonably demonstrate 16 to the BCUC that it does that job of protecting 17

18 customers from undue financial harm, I think there's a 19 very good chance that we could have got approval of 20 that. And, in fact, we've talked several times about 21 doing exactly that. And I mean "we" as in Celgar and 22 FortisBC. If we got approval of that, that would open

the door to Celgar being able to sell "below-load 1 2 sales" while accessing embedded-cost power. BY MS. GEHRING FLORES: 3 4 While accessing whose embedded-cost power? Ο. 5 If we were able to demonstrate that a Α. GBL--for instance, if we had agreed on a reasonable 6 7 GBL that was, let's say, 40 megawatts, similar to the GBL that BC Hydro had put in place for Celgar, if 8 9 FortisBC and BC Hydro had agreed to a 40-megawatt GBL, 10 there's a pretty good chance we could have put that in 11 front of the Commission and stakeholders and 12 demonstrated that a GBL of 40 megawatts doesn't cause 13 undue financial harm to customers, either BC Hydro's customers or FortisBC customers, in which case that 14 may have satisfied the conditions under G-48-09, and 15 16 we might have been able to access PPA Power. 17 If the BCUC had ordered FortisBC to set a GBL Q. for Celgar at a particular number, would FortisBC have 18 19 complied with that Order? 20 Yes, FortisBC complies with--attempts to Α. comply with all BCUC Orders. 21 22 Q. Going back to--so, we started talking about

1 G-48-09 and whether or not it is myth, and then we 2 started to talk about GBLs. Let's go to C-342. I think it's in your binder. 3 4 My question is if the G-48-09 restriction is a myth--and I think you started talking about GBLs. 5 Let me point you to this exhibit on Page 2. It's the 6 7 second paragraph from the bottom. This is a letter from FortisBC to Celgar on October 6, 2014. In this 8 9 letter, FortisBC says to Celgar, "By Commission 10 Order G-188-11, Celgar is a customer served under the 11 company's Rate Schedule 31 on a net-of-load basis. 12 That is, Celgar must first use its generation 13 resources to serve its own load prior to making any power in excess of load available for export to a 14 15 third party." 16 Are you familiar with this letter, 17 Mr. Swanson? I was. Let me refresh my memory please. 18 Α. 19 This is all true because--20 Mr. Swanson, I only asked you if you're Q. familiar with this letter. 21 A. I'm familiar with the letter, but I think 22

1 again, you're reading very small--

2 PRESIDENT VEEDER: Stop the question. Just 3 answer that question. You're familiar with the 4 letter.

5 THE WITNESS: Yes, I am.

6 PRESIDENT VEEDER: Next question.

7 BY MS. GEHRING FLORES:

8 Okay. Does G-48-09 and subsequent--and do Ο. subsequent BCUC Decisions, for instance, G-188-11, 9 10 restrict Celgar's access to embedded-cost power while 11 selling electricity? I think it's a simple yes or no. 12 Α. It's not quite as simple because--you're 13 asking does G-48-09 and does G-188-11 restrict Celgar's ability to access embedded-cost power. 14 G-48-09 restricts Fortis' ability to access BC Hydro's 15 16 PPA.

17 Q. Okay. I thought you might say that. So,18 let's walk through this step by step.

19 A. Okay.

20 Q. So with respect to FortisBC's resources, in 21 2009 after the BCUC issued G-48-09, which restricted 22 Celgar or prohibited Celgar from selling any PPA Power

1 to FortisBC customers, who were also selling that 2 power? 3 No, G-48-09 did not do that. G-48-09 amended Α. Section 2.1 of a PPA between FortisBC and BC Hydro. 4 5 Celgar was not a signatory of that Contract. So what 6 G-48-09 did is it altered a contract between two 7 utilities. 8 And that Contract, the PPA, prohibits Ο. 9 FortisBC from selling any PPA Power to self-generators in its territory who are also selling that power; is 10 11 that correct? 12 Α. That power restricts FortisBC's ability to 13 purchase such power. 14 Okay. After G-48-09, did FortisBC have any Q. way to segregate the electricity that FortisBC 15 16 generates itself from PPA electricity that it purchased from BC Hydro? 17 A. Are you asking like in real terms could we 18 19 identify which electrons flow where? 20 Q. In real terms. A. No. You can't identify which electrons flow 21 22 where. For instance, you have multiple sources of

| 1 | energy coming into the lines, and you have multiple |
|--|--|
| 2 | draws out of the lines, and there is no way to color |
| 3 | code, let's say, the electrons to say this electron |
| 4 | started floating in from here and flowed out to there. |
| 5 | Q. Right. And for that reason, after the |
| 6 | issuance of G-48-09, FortisBC could not supply Celgar |
| 7 | with any electricity while Celgar was selling |
| 8 | electricity; correct? |
| 9 | A. That's incorrect. |
| 10 | Q. The day after G-48-09 was issued? |
| 11 | A. That's incorrect because there were options |
| | |
| 12 | open. There were options of setting a GBL that might |
| 12
13 | open. There were options of setting a GBL that might have been ablesuch a transaction. There were |
| | |
| 13 | have been ablesuch a transaction. There were |
| 13
14 | have been ablesuch a transaction. There were options associated with matching block purchases that |
| 13
14
15 | have been ablesuch a transaction. There were
options associated with matching block purchases that
could have enabled such transactions. There were no |
| 13
14
15
16 | have been ablesuch a transaction. There were
options associated with matching block purchases that
could have enabled such transactions. There were no
options that were taken, so no such transactions |
| 13
14
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17 | have been ablesuch a transaction. There were
options associated with matching block purchases that
could have enabled such transactions. There were no
options that were taken, so no such transactions
occurred, but those options did exist. |
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18 | <pre>have been ablesuch a transaction. There were
options associated with matching block purchases that
could have enabled such transactions. There were no
options that were taken, so no such transactions
occurred, but those options did exist.
Q. But all of those options would involve hiving</pre> |
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19 | <pre>have been ablesuch a transaction. There were
options associated with matching block purchases that
could have enabled such transactions. There were no
options that were taken, so no such transactions
occurred, but those options did exist.
Q. But all of those options would involve hiving
off PPA Power; is that correct?</pre> |

| 1 | associated with, let's say, for example, a 40-megawatt |
|----|--|
| 2 | GBL, if we could demonstrate there was no undue |
| 3 | financial harm to customers associated with that and |
| 4 | that it was in the public interest, the Commission |
| 5 | could have approved such a GBL and allowed access over |
| 6 | that 40 megawatts to PPA Power. The Commission |
| 7 | Q. And G-48-09 would not have prohibited that? |
| 8 | They would have had to overturn G-48-09 to implement |
| 9 | such a GBL that allows access to PPA Power; correct? |
| 10 | A. I do not believe they would have to overturn |
| 11 | that, no. The Commission isn't bound by previous |
| 12 | regulatory decisions at all. It's not like a court. |
| 13 | They are informative, but they are only informative. |
| 14 | And we wouldn't be asking for a direct overturn of |
| 15 | that Decision because that decision was an amendment |
| 16 | to Section 2.1 of the PPA. |
| 17 | My position is you wouldn't have to amend |
| 18 | Section 2.1 of the PPA to to allow that because the |
| 19 | PPA says it restricts FortisBC's ability to purchase |
| 20 | power for the purpose of supplying self-generating |
| 21 | customers that are selling below-mill load. It all |

22 comes down to the definition of what is Mill Load.

| 1 | Mill Load can be at that point in time. Mill Load can |
|----------------------------|---|
| 2 | be a historic GBL that's agreed to and approved by the |
| 3 | Commission. So, again, I believe there are still |
| 4 | options to explore. And, in fact, we continued to |
| 5 | have conversations on those bases as if those options |
| 6 | were still open. |
| 7 | Q. Did G-48-09 use terms like "historical load," |
| 8 | or did it use the term "net-of-load" on a dynamic |
| 9 | basis, Mr. Swanson? |
| 10 | A. It used both terms. |
| 11 | Q. Used both terms? |
| 12 | A. Yes. |
| 13 | Q. With respect to the type of electricity sales |
| | |
| 14 | that would be allowed? |
| 14
15 | that would be allowed?
A. Well, G-48-09, the actual amendment just says |
| | |
| 15 | A. Well, G-48-09, the actual amendment just says |
| 15
16 | A. Well, G-48-09, the actual amendment just says "load." So the amendment to Section 2.1, the result |
| 15
16
17 | A. Well, G-48-09, the actual amendment just says"load." So the amendment to Section 2.1, the resultof G-48-09 just amendedjust amended the |
| 15
16
17
18 | A. Well, G-48-09, the actual amendment just says
"load." So the amendment to Section 2.1, the result
of G-48-09 just amendedjust amended the
restriction |
| 15
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17
18
19 | A. Well, G-48-09, the actual amendment just says "load." So the amendment to Section 2.1, the result of G-48-09 just amendedjust amended the restriction Q. And what does G-48-09 say, Mr. Swanson? |

A. In one section it does use the term 1 2 "net-of-load on a dynamic basis," but there's a lot of discussion about GBLs, for instance, in that same 3 4 Decision. 5 Ο. A lot of talk of GBLs. There is a lot of talk of GBLs in G-48-09? 6 7 Α. At least the concept of GBLs, yes, there is. 8 Ο. Okay. Let's back to what G-48-09 does 9 because I think you said that it only restricts 10 FortisBC. But the truth is the Orders direct restriction on PPA electricity, also had the practical 11 12 effect of imposing a total restriction on Celgar's 13 access to embedded-cost electricity while selling electricity, didn't it? 14 15 No. My position is there were still options Α. that remained open. 16 17 Okay. And could you--and are any of those Q. options available to Celgar at the moment? 18 19 Α. Are they available to Celgar at the moment? Yeah, I think Celgar could come forward with a 20 reasonable proposal of a GBL. 21 Q. Okay. 22

| 1 | A. And we could reach agreement on that and put |
|----|--|
| 2 | it in front of Commission for approval. There are |
| 3 | steps Celgar would have to take in order to be able to |
| 4 | do that, but there are steps Celgar would have to take |
| 5 | to be able to sell electricity anyway like, you know, |
| 6 | getting transmission capacity and entering into |
| 7 | agreement. So, there are steps it would have to take |
| 8 | first, but, yes, those options are available. |
| 9 | Q. Let me turn you to R-221. So, again, I was |
| 10 | just asking youbecause you had said that G-48-09 |
| 11 | only restricts FortisBC; whereasI think our |
| 12 | understanding is that the practical effect is that it |
| 13 | imposes a total restriction on Celgar's access to |
| 14 | embedded cost of electricity while selling. So, in |
| 15 | R-221, BCUC Order G-60-14, and this is PDF Page 131 of |
| 16 | 150, the first paragraph where the BCUC says, "The |
| 17 | practical effect of this Decision"they are referring |
| 18 | to G-48-09"was to require FortisBC's customers to |
| 19 | service 100 percent of their load from self-generation |
| 20 | prior to engaging in export sales to the extent that |
| 21 | their load would otherwise be served indirectly by |
| 22 | BC Hydro under RS3808," meaning PPA Power. |

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1 Do you disagree with this statement, 2 Mr. Swanson? 3 A. No. That is actually the statement I was referring to where it's saying their load, and it 4 comes down to the definition of "load," whether "load" 5 is their "load" at that moment in time or whether 6 their "load" is some sort of the historic GBL. 7 8 Again, shortly after this Decision, 9 Mr. Merwin sends FortisBC a memo to that effect that he believes it has left door open for a GBL, and he's 10 suggesting--in that memo he's suggesting a GBL of I 11 12 believe it was 3.5 megawatts. 13 Q. And then I believe Celgar actually requested a GBL from the BCUC; correct? And the BCUC rejected 14 that request; correct? 15 16 Sort of. The reason I say "sort of" is Α. Celgar has never formally filed an application with 17 the BCUC to set a GBL. Celgar has asked for a GBL 18 19 determination, but they've asked for that in many of the incorrect processes. As an example, FortisBC was 20 doing a cost of service rate design Application, and a 21 22 cost of rate design Application is where you take all

1 the utility's costs and you determine which customer classes caused those costs, and, therefore, how much 2 3 is each customer class responsible for in terms of cost and how much are you collecting for each customer 4 class. So it's really a cost allocation exercise. 5 In that process -- that's the process that led to 6 7 G-156-10. In that process Celgar requested the Commission determine a GBL. 8

9 But my position is that would be--and my position was at the time that is absolutely the 10 incorrect process to do that in because the 11 12 participants in that process, the other intervenors and stakeholders in that process, had entered that 13 process expecting that process to be about the 14 allocation of utility costs, customer classes, not to 15 be about setting a GBL for Celgar. 16

17 So, it was the wrong group of Parties 18 involved in that process, in my submission. That 19 would--also Parties that say, for instance, BC Hydro 20 customers that may have an interest in how a GBL is 21 set for Celgar wouldn't have been Parties in the 22 process where Celgar made that request. So, I opposed

1 that request at that time as well.

2 Q. In Paragraphs 115 to 125 of your First Witness Statement, Mr. Swanson, you address BCUC Order 3 and Decision G-188-11, and I believe that's the Order 4 where the BCUC stated that Celgar is free to sell all 5 of its generation below the BC Hydro GBL that it has 6 7 into the market and supply its mill from FortisBC resources not including BC Hydro PPA electricity. 8 9 Is that your understanding as well? 10 I believe that's correct. Α. 11 In Paragraph 121 of your First Witness Q. 12 Statement, you cite a portion of the G-188-11 13 Decision, specifically saying that the BCUC suggested that the restriction in G-48-09 did "not preclude 14 FortisBC from establishing its own principles 15 regarding the supply of non-BC Hydro PPA Power in its 16 17 resource stack which establishing GBLs with customers"; is that correct? 18 19 Α. That's correct. But no rate has actually been established for 20 Q. Celgar to purchase its electricity requirements from 21 22 FortisBC while selling its below-load electricity; is

1 that correct?

2 Α. No rate has been established. It's still in 3 process. And part of the reason it's still in process is there's a lot of--there's a lot of these things 4 have that have knock-on effects on each other. 5 For instance, the new PPA between BC Hydro and FortisBC 6 7 has a Section 2.5. That Section 2.5, as I mentioned earlier, is the general restriction on FortisBC's 8 9 access to PPA Power when it is using that power to 10 replace energy that is being sold, either by FortisBC 11 or its customer. It also has that recognition of a 12 GBL that, if approved by the Commission, would open 13 the door and allow those such sales.

14 Celgar has been wanting that restriction removed entirely from the PPA. So, we're still in 15 that process, having those discussions on whether that 16 should be removed. If that gets removed, there is no 17 reason to establish a rate to do this because there 18 19 would be no restriction. I believe at any point in time Celgar could have stopped fighting and asking for 20 everything and accepted some of the very good deals 21 22 that were on the table to it and could have

capitalized upon that. But instead, if they keep 1 2 fighting to try and get everything, this is always going to stay in flux until all those final 3 decisions--until the fight is actually over. 4 5 And you reference Celgar keeps trying to Ο. 6 fight for everything. Would it be fair to say that 7 Celgar is fighting for the right to have access to 8 embedded-cost power while selling its power? 9 Α. Celgar is fighting for the access to 10 embedded-cost power including PPA for 100 percent of 11 its load--12 Q. Right. 13 --selling power, which is something that Α. nobody else in the Province has. So they're fighting 14 for--that's why I characterize it as they're fighting 15 16 for everything. 17 Are they fighting for the same standard to be Q. applied to everybody? 18 19 Α. No. They are actually--I believe they are 20 actually asking for them to be the only one to have 21 that benefit. 22 Q. Now, I understand--you've referred to the

NECP Rate Rider proceeding in this NECP Rate Rider 1 rate that I believe FortisBC has proposed to the BCUC 2 3 Commission. Now, that proceeding, the NECP Rate Rider was suspended precisely because a new PPA has been 4 proposed by BC Hydro, and you just referred to the 5 Section 2.5 in that new PPA. And in that proceeding, 6 7 about the new PPA or the 2013 PPA, there's a possibility that the BCUC could actually discard 8 9 Section 2.5 or the restriction in Section 2.5 with respect to the FortisBC's purchases of PPA Power and 10 11 FortisBC's self-generators uses of that power; is that 12 correct?

13 A. That's mostly correct in that I would end14 that FortisBC's access to that PPA Power.

Q. Okay. We've had that discussion. And it's because of those proceedings that the BCUC suspended the proceedings regarding the NECP Rate Rider that FortisBC had proposed; is that correct?

A. It's as a result of that debate going on in that proceeding and the conditions that came out of that eventual Decision, the PPA Decision, and, in fact, the fact that that section is still being

challenged today by Celgar, it is all those reasons
 that that NECP Rate Rider is still being held in
 abeyance.

4 But we also can't forget that the NECP Rate Rider is just a formalization. It is where we made 5 formal an offer we had been making all along. And by 6 7 "all along," I mean shortly after G-48-09, I called Mr. Merwin. I was actually in Castlegar at the time 8 standing in the park at Zuckerberg Island when I 9 10 called Mr. Merwin--this was immediately or quite soon 11 after G-48-09--where we were discussing what to do 12 now, what to do now post-G-48-09. And in that 13 conversation I offered to enter into a long-term block purchase of power that would be very reasonably--there 14 would be a very reasonable cost associated with it, 15 probably no increment in cost due to the depressed 16 17 power markets, and I could enter into that block of power, and we could demonstrate to BC Hydro that there 18 19 was no increased take of PPA because here is a block of power that's used to supply Celgar while Celgar is 20 selling below its Mill Load. Mr. Merwin was not 21 22 interested in that offer. But that offer has been

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1 made repeatedly throughout the process. It is only 2 now that we're in regulatory process where it's been 3 given the title of NECP, and now we've got a 4 regulatory process to offer that generally to 5 customers, not just to Celgar. 6 Q. But that process has been suspended pending 7 the separate process about the new 2013 PPA; is that 8 correct? A. That's correct, separate but related process. 9 10 Q. Okay. 11 MS. GEHRING FLORES: Mr. President, could we 12 take a break at this moment? 13 PRESIDENT VEEDER: What sort of break are you looking for? 14 15 MS. GEHRING FLORES: Just five minutes. 16 PRESIDENT VEEDER: We can take our mid-morning break, if you want. 17 18 MS. GEHRING FLORES: That's fine. 19 PRESIDENT VEEDER: Let's take a 15 minutes. 20 We'll come back at 11:30. We say this to all Witnesses, please don't discuss the case or your 21 22 testimony until you come back before the Tribunal.

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1 (Brief recess.) 2 PRESIDENT VEEDER: Let's resume. BY MS. GEHRING FLORES: 3 4 Mr. Swanson, you mentioned that FortisBC has Ο. 5 proposed a GBL to Celgar. The GBL that FortisBC proposed to Celgar was at what level? What was the 6 7 number? 8 Α. 41 megawatts. That's actually higher than the GBL that 9 Q. 10 Celgar has with BC Hydro; correct? 11 Α. That's correct. And if you look at that 12 proposal it says approximately 41 megawatts. It's 13 really meant to be a starting point for discussion. 14 So the starting point for the discussion was Q. 15 with a GBL that would not have allowed Celgar to sell 16 any additional electricity above its BC Hydro GBL; is 17 that correct? The starting point for the discussion, that's 18 Α. 19 correct. 20 Q. Okay. 21 But FortisBC was willing to move off that Α.

22 starting point as long as it was a reasonable GBL.

1 Well, but then--and I just want to clarify, Q. 2 particularly for the Tribunal: That might be a future 3 option for Celgar that the BCUC would have to approve; 4 correct? 5 Α. Future or past option for Celgar. In both cases, the BCUC would have to approve, yes, that's 6 7 correct. 8 And with respect to the NECP Rate Rider, was Ο. 9 that available to Celgar in 2008? 10 A. Before G-48-09? 11 Ο. Yes. 12 We had never had the discussion with Celgar Α. with a topic before G-48-09. That discussion occurred 13 shortly after G-48-09, which was in 2009. 14 15 And again, I guess for the Tribunal's Ο. 16 understanding--because I think during your direct you 17 made it sound like the NECP Rate Rider has been available to Celgar as an option the entire time. But 18 19 I just want to clarify: The NECP Rate Rider has been, one, proposed by FortisBC in 2013; correct? 20 21 The term "NECP Rate Rider," you're quite Α. 22 correct, is a term that's come more formally recently.

The original concept, which is the purchase of a
 matching block purchase, actually the first
 conversation of that was the one I was referring to
 shortly after G-48-09 when I called Mr. Merwin from
 the park beside Zukerberg Island in Castlegar.
 Q. But that concept would have had to have been

7 developed and proposed to the BCUC and approved by the 8 BCUC; correct?

9 A. The concept was actually--was developed. It 10 would have had to have been agreed to by Celgar. We 11 could have taken that to the BCUC. And if all Parties 12 were in agreement--and there would be no reason for 13 them not to be if Celgar was amenable to that--that 14 would have been a very guick approval.

Because that would easily have demonstrated to BC Hydro that FortisBC was not acquiring that replacement power under the PPA, which was point of contention. So that could have proved that that was not the case, and it would have been a very easy approval.

21 Q. But just talking about reality now.22 A. I am talking about reality.

Q. Reality today, the NECP Rate Rider is not 1 2 available to Celgar because it is not an approved rate by BCUC? Correct or no? 3 4 Α. That's correct. It's being held in abeyance, as I discussed, pending the outcome of the challenges 5 on Section 2.5 of the new PPA which could make the 6 7 NECP Rate Rider unnecessary. 8 Okay. Just wanting to clarify a little bit Ο. about the NECP Rate Rider. Could we turn to 9 Paragraph 29 of your Second Witness Statement. 10 11 It's--Laura, if you could actually grab the text above the table and the table. 12 13 Just one very quick precision. In the table you have a column labeled "Dollars Per Megawatt Hour" 14 15 and "Total Cost." Are those columns in U.S. dollars 16 or Canadian dollars? 17 Those are hypothetical numbers. Α. But hypothetically, are they in U.S. dollars 18 Ο. 19 or Canadian dollars? 20 Yes. Α. Q. Would you have--would there be any reason why 21 22 the first column, for instance, would be Canadian

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1 dollars and the second column would be U.S. dollars, 2 or vice versa? 3 A. I think you're speaking to rows, not columns, first of all. 4 5 Q. No, I mean columns. A. So the column of "Customer Load"? 6 7 Q. No, next to that, "Dollar Per Megawatt Hour," and the column next to that is "Total Cost." Would 8 9 those columns in your example be Canadian dollars or U.S. dollars? 10 11 A. It's just an example. When you send Celgar an electricity bill is 12 Q. 13 it in U.S. dollars or Canadian dollars? 14 A. Canadian dollars. 15 Q. Okay. And when FortisBC executes its 16 financial statements, is it in Canadian dollars or 17 U.S. dollars? A. Canadian dollars. 18 19 Q. Okay. 20 A. I guess you could assume it is Canadian 21 dollars. 22 Q. Okay. I just want to establish that the

1 monetary denomination that would be applicable to the 2 NECP Rate Rider would be Canadian dollars. That's 3 all. 4 A. Yeah. This is an example of what it could be. These aren't real numbers by any means. 5 Q. Right. Because the BCUC has never approved 6 7 it; correct? 8 Α. I'm sorry? 9 Q. Because the BCUC has not approved this proposal; correct? 10 11 That's not why these aren't real numbers. Α. 12 These aren't real numbers because this is just trying 13 to show how a calculation would work. It is just fictitious numbers demonstrating how a calculation 14 15 would work. 16 Okay. And in--I guess just to give you Q. another fictitious or hypothetical example, I believe 17 you said that, if a self-generator wants to serve its 18 19 load while exporting power, that self-generator would 20 need to nominate the amount of electricity that it 21 wants to purchase from FortisBC in that scenario; is 22 that correct?

1 Α. It would be the--yes, that's correct, because 2 it would be the easiest way for us to demonstrate 3 we're not taking increased PPA Power. So, by demonstrating we're doing a matching block of power. 4 So we're purchasing the same amount as we're selling. 5 It's a clear demonstration that we haven't used PPA 6 7 for that purpose. 8 Okay. And so if hypothetically Celgar had Ο.

9 nominated 349-gigawatt hours of electricity, under this NECP Rate Rider proposal, would FortisBC go out 10 and buy a matching block of power for 349-gigawatt 11 12 hours, or just 85 percent of that nomination amount? 13 FortisBC would secure, whether that be a Α. purchase--would secure an incremental full 349, not 14 85 percent of that. Would secure that either from 15 whatever sources or resources that are available to 16 FortisBC excluding PPA Power. 17

Q. Right. And I believe in Paragraph 29, you
state that, "FortisBC will have to make a matching
purchase for the entire amount"; is that correct?
A. I believe so, but let me just double-check.
Yes, I do say that.

1 And in your example, the cost of that Q. matching block--is the cost of that matching block, is 2 3 somehow 15 percent of that taken out to represent the 4 PPA Power? 5 Α. I'm not understanding the question. 6 I guess--so it's been represented that about Q. 7 15 percent of FortisBC's resources comes from BC Hydro's PPA Power. 8 9 Α. I understand what you're asking me. 10 Okay. So, I'm just trying to make sure here. Q. FortisBC, as you say in your Statement, would have to 11 12 buy the entire amount nominated by, in this 13 hypothetical, Celgar. They would have to go out and purchase 349-gigawatt hours; is that correct? Or is 14 15 there some sort of accommodation for the 15 percent of 16 PPA Power? 17 There is really no accommodation, per se, of Α. the 15 percent PPA Power, and here is why. It is 18 19 because, although PPA Power on an actual basis only represents about 15 percent of FortisBC's load, a lot 20 of FortisBC resources are already used up. So we 21

22 can't go and get more power from them.

1 So as we increase the amount of load we have 2 to serve, we can only look to the resources that are available to FortisBC. For instance, FortisBC 3 generates a little less than half of its electricity 4 requirements through its own generation. We cannot go 5 and get half of this supply from FortisBC's own 6 7 generation because it is already being used up. It is already being used to serve existing load. 8 9 So as we add new load associated with serving Celgar, as Celgar repurposes its generation for the 10 purpose of sale, as we add new load, we have to look 11 12 at where we can get new sources of supply. So you can 13 only look at incremental sources of supply. 14 So that would be if we have incremental generation, for instance, from our--we have 15 16 incremental capacity from our Waneta Expansion 17 Project, so we can use that. We can get incremental purchases, but we can't--we can't get incremental of 18 19 the resources that are all used up, like FortisBC's 20 own generation. 21 So on that basis we only look to the

incremental sources available, and the incremental

22

sources are a matching block purchase or PPA. And 1 because there's a restriction in our ability to access 2 3 PPA, we look at a matching block purpose at this point in time because the utility will add incremental 4 resources over time as the load goes up. You 5 don't--every time your load ticks up by 1-megawatt or 6 7 1-megawatt hour, you don't go buy a 1-megawatt hour generating plant, buy or build. 8

9 So, there's been points in time where we have 10 excess resources available, and there's been points in 11 time where we have insufficient resources available 12 and our marginal resources are all purchased. We're 13 at a point in time right now on the energy side where 14 our marginal resources are all purchased. On the 15 capacity side we do have excess capacity.

16 There will likely be points in the future 17 where again we're energy-rich as well. That's because 18 you add generation in fairly large incremental chunks, 19 where your load is--your load is usually a little more 20 linear, your generation gets built out in separate 21 chunks. So on that basis it would be incorrect to 22 assume there is only 15 percent of BC Hydro is being

1 used to serve incremental load because on a real 2 basis, almost all incremental load that we get is 3 being served either by BC Hydro PPA or by incremental 4 purchases because all those other sources that 5 FortisBC has are used up already--

6 Q. So under--

A. --other than the Waneta Expansion capacity.
Q. Under that explanation, Celgar actually--and
9 under that NECP Rate Rider concept, Celgar gets no
10 benefit from FortisBC's existing generation; is that
11 right?

12 Other than the Waneta Expansion capacity, no. Α. Because if we were to allocate that generation, that 13 existing generation, to Celgar because it's all used 14 up, that means we'd have to take it away from another 15 16 customer and give it to Celgar for the purpose of 17 Celgar repurposing its generation from being used to serve load to being used to facilitate sales 18 19 activities. So we'd have to take that power from 20 somebody else to give it to Celgar.

21 There is not more power we can just generate 22 from our generating resources because, for all but a

1 couple hours in a year, that resource is fully 2 utilized at this point in time. Again, once we add more generation in the 3 4 future, that won't be the case, but at this point in 5 time that's the case. 6 Q. So among the several BCUC Decisions you describe as G-48-09 and the associated proceedings 7 with that Decision in Paragraphs 76-90 of your First 8 9 Statement, during the G-48-09 proceedings, you were FortisBC's Director of Regulatory Affairs; correct? 10 11 Α. That's correct. 12 Ο. And so we talked about this before. You were pretty familiar with FortisBC's submissions before the 13 BCUC in those proceedings; correct? 14 15 Α. That's correct. 16 And I think a law firm, Farris Vaughan Q. Wills & Murphy, may have submitted some of the 17 submissions by FortisBC during G-48-09; correct? 18 19 Α. That's correct. 20 But you're very familiar with what they Q. 21 submitted? 22 A. Yes.

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1 Q. And you reviewed them?

2 A. Yes.

3 Q. And you approved them?

4 A. Yes.

5 So your description in your First Statement Ο. about the G-48-09 proceedings and FortisBC's 6 7 participation in those seems particularly deferential 8 to BC Hydro's arguments in those proceedings. And I 9 refer you to Paragraph 79-81 of your First Statement. 10 But I guess, regardless of the way you 11 characterize FortisBC's submissions before the BCUC in 12 the G-48-09 proceedings in your Statement, would you 13 describe FortisBC's contemporaneous submissions before the BCUC as deferential to BC Hydro's position? 14 15 Originally FortisBC had taken a position Α. 16 different than what BC Hydro had taken. By 17 "originally," I mean that was in the process leading up to G-48-09. So we did argue that you can't be sure 18 19 where the electrons--where physically the electrons are flowing into the system and where physically the 20 electrons are flowing out the system. So that was our 21 22 position.

| 1 | During the regulatory process and the |
|----|--|
| 2 | resulting Decision, G-48-09, it wasI would say we |
| 3 | were corrected, that the way the Commission would look |
| 4 | at that was that, because that is our marginal |
| 5 | resourceso that's the marginal resource I've been |
| 6 | referring toand the fact that all our other |
| 7 | resources are used up, because that is our marginal |
| 8 | resource, the practical reality is we would be |
| 9 | accessing PPA Power. And on that basis that's where |
| 10 | G-48-09 arises. |
| 11 | Q. Thanks for going ahead, Mr. Swanson. I'm |
| 12 | just asking about FortisBC's submissions before the |
| 13 | BCUC in that proceeding. |
| 14 | In that proceeding, did FortisBC argue that |
| 15 | it was proper for BC Hydro to attempt to control the |
| 16 | use of self-generated electricity by FortisBC's |
| 17 | customers? |
| 18 | A. Did FortisBC see that it was proper that |
| 19 | BC Hydro? |
| 20 | Q. Yes. Did FortisBC |
| 21 | A. No. |
| 22 | (Overlapping speakers.) |

1 Q. --argue that it was proper for BC Hydro to 2 attempt to control the use of self-generated electricity by FortisBC customers? 3 4 Α. No. 5 And I think in your testimony you cite to a Ο. few FortisBC's submissions in your narrative. But you 6 7 didn't cite to FortisBC's final argument in the G-48-09 proceeding, did you? 8 No. I tended to cite kind of the 9 Α. 10 post-decision kind of. 11 We all take positions--justified positions, 12 we feel--during the regulatory process. Then you get a Decision which makes a determination on those 13 issues, and then going forward after that you tend to 14 15 adhere to the determinations that were made and you 16 take the position now informed by the fact that 17 there's been further Decisions made. Sure. Let's look at one of the positions 18 Ο. 19 that you thought was justified to bring before the 20 BCUC. 21 Could we turn to C-273, which is FortisBC's 22 final argument submitted January 23, 2009, to the

1 BCUC. Do you recognize this submission?

2 A. Yes, I do.

Q. Okay. And do you recall what FortisBC's position was regarding the loss that BC Hydro claimed it would incur if FortisBC's customers were entitled to sell electricity while purchasing electricity from FortisBC?

8 A. Yes. Generally speaking, FortisBC felt that 9 BC Hydro had tools at its disposal that it could 10 mitigate the loss and the loss wouldn't be to the 11 magnitude that BC Hydro was claiming.

12 Could we turn to Paragraph 70 of that final Q. 13 submission, where I believe FortisBC pointed out that BC Hydro had stated before the BCUC that it would not 14 complain if a FortisBC self-generator stopped 15 16 generating electricity and increased its electricity 17 purchases from FortisBC, which would result in an increase of FortisBC's "energy take" under the 18 19 BC Hydro-FortisBC Power Purchase Agreement in the same manner as if the self-generator were exporting power 20 while purchases power from FortisBC. Is that correct? 21 22 Α. That's correct.

Now, in Paragraph 71, due to the--1 Q. 2 Α. Sorry. Just stepping back, that's correct. In that information request, that's the question we 3 4 asked. 5 Ο. Okay. Is that what you were saying? 6 Α. 7 Ο. That that's a reflection of what was stated 8 in Paragraph 70. Yeah, what was stated was--specifically that 9 Α. 10 sentence says, "In that information request, 11 Exhibit C-4-5, FortisBC IR1.3.2, FortisBC queried whether BC Hydro would acknowledge that if the City of 12 13 Nelson were to cease self-generating power...a resulting increase in FortisBC's energy take under the 14 Power Purchase Agreement would impact on BC Hydro's 15 16 operations in essentially the same manner as if the 17 City of Nelson were exporting power for the same 18 period of time."

So that is a question we posed to BC Hydro.
Q. Okay. And then in Paragraph 71, it seems
like, because of what you identified as BC Hydro's
inconsistent position, FortisBC states that, The

1 purpose of BC Hydro's Application is not so much to 2 avoid loss as it is to prevent persons other than 3 BC Hydro from gaining a profit from export sales to 4 which BC Hydro feels it alone should be entitled. 5 You approved that part of FortisBC's final

6 submission; correct?

7 A. Yes.

Q. And then in Paragraph 72, you also state that, "BC Hydro's"--let's say Application--"seeks not merely to prevent FortisBC's customers from exporting self-generated electricity from the FortisBC service area, but from selling self-generated electricity within or without of the FortisBC service area."

14 And you approved that statement as well?15 A. I did.

Q. And let's move on to Paragraph 80 where, in one of the concluding paragraphs of your submission, FortisBC notes, "The Provincial Government has not seen fit to implement the policy of any kind on the issue that is the subject matter of this application. If any such policy is to be implemented in British Columbia, it should be a matter of Government

policymakers to address on a Province-wide basis.
Unless and until the Provincial Government determines
it is necessary or appropriate to develop such a
policy, FortisBC submits that its customers should be
free to participate in the export market as their
facilities, operations, and contractual arrangements
permit."

8 And you also approved that statement as well;9 correct?

10 A. I did.

So in the G-48-09 proceedings, FortisBC was 11 Ο. 12 seeking consistent principles Province-wide; correct? 13 Α. I don't think FortisBC was asking for a consistent Province-wide Provincial policy. I think 14 FortisBC was saying, in absence of any policy that 15 restricts, Celgar should allowed to--to do with its 16 generation what it wants to do with its generation. 17 I guess the Tribunal can see what it says and 18 Ο. 19 whether it says a "Province-wide policy."

20 So, if the BCUC had agreed in that 21 proceeding, in G-48-09, and had simply extended the 22 G-38-01 principles to apply to the FortisBC territory

as well, with the Commission guidance, would you have 1 2 been willing to compute a GBL for Celgar? Can we break that down? Which G-38-01 3 Α. principle are you--that's a very broad question. 4 5 If BCUC had agreed with your argument and Ο. there should be a Province-wide principle and agreed 6 7 to extend the G-38-01 order to FortisBC territory, would FortisBC have agreed to compute a GBL for 8 9 Celgar? 10 FortisBC didn't argue that there should be a Α. Province-wide principle. FortisBC is saying in the 11 12 absence of a Province-wide principle. 13 Q. Okay. So humor me with my hypo. 14 If in the G-48-09 proceeding the BCUC had decided to apply Order G-38-01 to BC Hydro territory 15 16 and FortisBC territory, would FortisBC have refused to compute a GBL for Celgar? 17 I don't know which principle of G-38-01 18 Α. 19 you're referring to. But if FortisBC received an Order from the Commission, it would not have refused 20 to follow an Order of the Commission. 21 22 Q. Okay. In Paragraph 151 of your Statement, I

believe you state that Celgar's regulatory quagmire is
 largely of its own making?

3 A. Yes.

Ο. And I believe you make similar statements in 4 your--at Paragraph 90 of your First Statement as well. 5 Would you agree that one of the principal points that 6 7 Celgar has raised, as you say, repeatedly before the BCUC is its entitlement to embedded cost electricity? 8 9 A. In part that's correct, but it goes beyond that. Its entitlement to embedded cost electricity 10 with no restrictions up to 100 percent of its load and 11 12 its embedded cost--including BC Hydro's PPA embedded 13 cost electricity up to 100 percent of its load.

When I say "up to 100 percent," there were times they asked for a GBL of 3.5. There were times they asked for a GBL of 1.5. There was times when they asked for a GBL of 0, so at or near 100 percent of its load.

19 Q. I guess I'm a little confused. Because it 20 was FortisBC before the BCUC Commission in the G-48-09 21 proceedings that said that BC Hydro was making an 22 improper attempt to exert BC Hydro control over the

2 of FortisBC; correct? Again, barring any restrictions to do so, 3 Α. that was FortisBC's position. G-48-09 comes out, 4 which restricts FortisBC's ability to access PPA Power 5 and leaves the door open for a couple other options 6 7 but restricts FortisBC's abilities to access PPA Power. That helps defer their informed FortisBC's 8 9 position going forward. 10 So as each Decision is issued, FortisBC's position will change slightly if it needs to in order 11 12 to stay compliant with Commission Orders. 13 And is it your contention that basically Q. Celgar is abusing the BCUC process? 14 A. You know, the BCUC process is--it allows a 15 lot. So it allows for intervention without much 16 restriction. Celgar is definitely making the most of 17 it. Whether that's classified as abuse of the 18 19 process, I don't know that I can quite go that far. 20 The BCUC has actually as a general matter Q. awarded Celgar's its costs for participating as an 21

use of self-generated power by third-party customers

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1 repeatedly bringing up the same subject; is that 2 right? Yeah. That's a very low threshold test to 3 Α. get recovery of costs. Pretty much everybody gets 4 5 recovery of their incremental costs as long as they're in the guidelines, the participant assistance 6 guidelines. 7 8 But you challenged Celgar's request for those Ο. 9 Awards; right? 10 We challenge not just Celgar, but any Α. 11 intervenor's request if we see it as being outside the 12 principles of the guidelines. 13 Q. Is there any request of Celgar that you have not opposed? 14 No. I think generally I felt that -- I believe 15 Α. their requests have generally been outside the 16 17 guidelines so I've challenged them, and typically the Commission has agreed with some of those challenges. 18 19 Ο. Typically. The BCUC has typically agreed with FortisBC in those Awards, Decisions? 20 21 A. Not 100 percent, but with some of those 22 challenges.

1 Q. What percent? 2 Α. I haven't calculated a percentage. You are testifying under oath, Mr. Swanson. 3 Ο. 4 Would you say they've agreed with you in one instance? 5 Α. Several. 6 Q. Several? 7 Α. I don't know exactly how many. 8 Ο. Okay. Well, I guess we'll ask counsel if we 9 might be able to submit documentation to substantiate 10 that. 11 And you testify in your Statement that Celgar's participation in BCUC proceedings is costing 12 13 FortisBC's ratepayers a rate increase of up to 1.5 percent; is that correct? 14 15 It's Celgar's actions in the proceedings. So Α. 16 it's not us paying Celgar the amount equal to 1.5. It 17 is Celgar's argue to generally expand scope in processes. They've taken very extreme positions in 18 19 processes. They basically--there's been a lot of 20 additional information that I think has confused a lot of processes. 21 22 And what's that done is it has lengthened the

| 1 | process not just for Celgar but for FortisBC and for |
|----------------------|--|
| 2 | all the other intervenors, which drives up the total |
| 3 | cost of FortisBC participating in regulation. |
| 4 | Q. Mr. Swanson, are you familiar with the City |
| 5 | of Kelowna proceeding where FortisBC acquired the City |
| 6 | of Kelowna utility assets for \$55 million? |
| 7 | A. I'm very aware of that proceeding. |
| 8 | Q. Could you turn to R-260, PDF Page 23. It's |
| 9 | kind of on the border of 23 and 24. Celgar intervened |
| 10 | in that proceeding, did it not, Mr. Swanson? |
| 11 | A. Yes, it did. |
| 12 | Q. And I believe in that proceeding, FortisBC |
| 13 | was seeking to include into the ratepayer base the |
| 14 | entire \$55 million cost of the purchase of the City of |
| | |
| 15 | Kelowna proceedingthe City of Kelowna's utility |
| 15
16 | Kelowna proceedingthe City of Kelowna's utility assets; is that correct? |
| | |
| 16 | assets; is that correct? |
| 16
17 | assets; is that correct?
A. That was a CPCN Application, or a Certificate |
| 16
17
18 | assets; is that correct?
A. That was a CPCN Application, or a Certificate
of Public Convenience and Necessity Application, for |
| 16
17
18
19 | assets; is that correct?
A. That was a CPCN Application, or a Certificate
of Public Convenience and Necessity Application, for
the acquisition of the City of Kelowna utility assets. |

1 full purchase price of 55 million in rate base.

2 And the reason FortisBC was seeking such a 3 determination was, even at the full purchase price of 55 million, the acquisition of that utility at Fair 4 Market Value would provide positive benefits to 5 customers; and because that was the acquisition of 6 7 assets as opposed to the acquisition of shares, that was something that needed to be--it needed to be 8 9 tested in British Columbia to see what amount was going to be allowed into rate base. 10

11 Q. And the BCUC determined in that proceeding 12 that FortisBC would not be able to include the full 13 \$55 million into ratepayers' rate base. Instead they 14 said 37.7 million would be the total; is that correct? 15 A. That is correct.

Q. Did you include the \$17.3 million in savings to ratepayers due to Celgar's challenge in this Application in your calculus of how much Celgar is costing ratepayers?

A. No, because it wasn't only Celgar taking that position. It was basically all the intervenors were basically--or most of the intervenors were taking that

| 1 | position. And that was the keythat was one of the |
|----|--|
| 2 | key determinations that would arise out of that |
| 3 | Application, whether or not Celgar participated. |
| 4 | That was a very live issue, the issue around |
| 5 | what amount to include in rate base when you |
| 6 | acquirewhen you acquire assets, and, you know, the |
| 7 | converse issue, what amountwhat amount of a gain or |
| 8 | loss should be attributable to ratepayers versus the |
| 9 | utility when you sell assets is a very live issue any |
| 10 | time a transaction occurs. |
| 11 | Q. Mr. Swanson, who raised the issue in the |
| 12 | proceeding of how much of that amount would be able to |
| 13 | be included in the ratepayers rate pace? Which |
| 14 | intervenor? |
| 15 | A. That issue would have been raisedI mean |
| 16 | Celgar was one of the intervenors who raised that |
| 17 | issue, but that issue was a live issue and would have |
| 18 | been raised regardless. I mean, there is a fair |
| 19 | amount of that Application that was devoted to that |
| 20 | topic. |

Q. Did anyone raise it until Celgar raised it?A. I think Celgar might have spoken first, so

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| 1 | they mig | ht have been the first one to speak. |
|----|-----------|--|
| 2 | | MS. GEHRING FLORES: No further questions. |
| 3 | | PRESIDENT VEEDER: Thank you. |
| 4 | | Are there any questions from the Respondent? |
| 5 | | MR. DOUGLAS: Yes, please. Just one moment. |
| 6 | | (Pause.) |
| 7 | | MR. DOUGLAS: We're ready to proceed. |
| 8 | | PRESIDENT VEEDER: Please proceed. |
| 9 | | REDIRECT EXAMINATION |
| 10 | | BY MR. OWEN: |
| 11 | Q. | Mr. Swanson, you mentioned that Mr. Debienne |
| 12 | was reti | red? |
| 13 | Α. | Yes, he is. |
| 14 | Q. | Do you know if he wanted to be a witness in |
| 15 | this prod | ceeding? |
| 16 | Α. | No, he did not. He wanted to be retired, I |
| 17 | believe. | I poked and prodded at him to try and |
| 18 | convince | him that it would be helpful if he was. |
| 19 | Q. | Okay. Thank you. |
| 20 | | Counsel referred you to Exhibit C-214. |
| 21 | | MR. OWEN: Could we have that up on the |
| 22 | screen,] | please. |

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| 1 | This is the hodgepodge of e-mails that |
|----------------------------------|--|
| 2 | survived the server migration, and it's the July 17 |
| 3 | "terra firma" communication. So, that's the |
| 4 | communication that you referred to about regulatory |
| 5 | risk. But could we bring up nowand this was on |
| 6 | July 17, 2008. |
| 7 | Can we bring up Exhibit 242, please. |
| 8 | BY MR. OWEN: |
| 9 | Q. And just to situate the next exhibit, this is |
| 10 | covering e-mailcan you read out who is on that |
| 11 | e-mail? |
| 12 | A. That's an e-mail from Mr. Don Debienne sent |
| | |
| 13 | to Mr. Brian Merwin on December 19, 2007. |
| 13
14 | to Mr. Brian Merwin on December 19, 2007.
Q. Okay. Can we go to the Term Sheet that's |
| | |
| 14 | Q. Okay. Can we go to the Term Sheet that's |
| 14
15 | Q. Okay. Can we go to the Term Sheet that's attached to that e-mail, please, Exhibit 243. And can |
| 14
15
16 | Q. Okay. Can we go to the Term Sheet that's attached to that e-mail, please, Exhibit 243. And can we go to Page 7, please. |
| 14
15
16
17 | Q. Okay. Can we go to the Term Sheet that's
attached to that e-mail, please, Exhibit 243. And can
we go to Page 7, please.
Could you read that and tell us, if you |
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18 | Q. Okay. Can we go to the Term Sheet that's
attached to that e-mail, please, Exhibit 243. And can
we go to Page 7, please.
Could you read that and tell us, if you
recall, whether you discussed this with Mr. Debienne? |
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19 | Q. Okay. Can we go to the Term Sheet that's
attached to that e-mail, please, Exhibit 243. And can
we go to Page 7, please.
Could you read that and tell us, if you
recall, whether you discussed this with Mr. Debienne?
A. Did you want Page 7 or Paragraph 7? |

1 Q. Yes, please.

2 "Contractual commitments precluding peaking Α. 3 sales from time to time. Brian, this one still causes major concern from a cost perspective if we are unable 4 to peak shave and have to absorb 40-plus megawatts 5 incremental load under all circumstances, which would 6 7 likely be the case if you bid all the power into the BC Hydro. It would work well if you held back 8 9 25 megawatts of the total generation--or gen for export, to the market and the rest into BC Hydro. 10 11 That would enable 25 megawatts of Peaking Sales to be 12 accessed with some degree of certainty and would be consistent with the principles in the Tolko Decision, 13 which were more restrictive; i.e., thou shall retain 14 XX megawatts for the internal Mill Load. At least 15 this way you can sell, sell, sell, until we hit some 16 bad weather in December or January. I recall we 17 talked about using the islanding provision in 18 19 conjunction with peaking sales, but I can't recall the 20 rationale." Q. Mr. Swanson, what would the Tolko Decision 21

22 refer to?

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A. The Tolko Decision refers to on--I'm drawing 1 2 a blank on the Decision number right now. But the Decision that--the Decision that determined how much 3 of Tolko's self-generation would have to be used to 4 5 serve Mill Load. 6 Q. Do you recall what year that was in? 7 In '02. 2001, I believe. Α. 8 And did you discuss this document with Ο. Mr. Debienne, do you recall? 9 10 Α. Did I discuss the Term Sheet with 11 Mr. Debienne? 12 Q. Yeah. 13 Α. Yes, I did. 14 And what did he say about it, if you can Q. 15 recall? 16 Α. What did he say about the Term Sheet? 17 This reference to the Tolko Decision. Q. Generally, when we talked about the Tolko 18 Α. 19 Decision and the implications it could have on this, 20 we saw that as a risk to this Agreement. Because what's being suggested in this agreement was 100 21 22 percent of self-generation being used for the purposes

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1 of sale, and the Tolko Decision clearly had some 2 threshold where--I believe it was the first two 3 megawatts in their case had to be used for 4 self-serving load first. 5 MR. OWEN: Okay. I think Mr. Douglas has a 6 few questions. 7 BY MR. DOUGLAS: 8 Hi, Mr. Swanson. Can you explain what a Ο. 9 Curtailment Agreement is and why you use it? 10 A Curtailment Agreement is an agreement Α. 11 whereby we can ask a customer--not just a 12 self-generating customer, any customer, to curtail its 13 load, to dial back its load it's getting from the utility. And, in turn, we would compensate the 14 15 customer for doing so. 16 And the reason you have a Curtailment 17 Agreement is, if you were in a situation where your load-- again, with FortisBC's current resource stack, 18 19 we're a little bit resource short, so we're having to 20 rely on purchases--block purchases, market purchases, a variety of different purchases -- for part 21 22 of our load. And to the extent you get in a situation

1 where markets go crazy, and you get the California 2 crisis, for instance, where prices are really high, if 3 we were to purchase power in those high markets, it 4 would cause significant rate increases to customers' 5 bills.

6 So, what we do is we put in place Curtailment 7 Agreements. And that is for those customers who have the ability to dial back their load, we ask them in 8 9 those situations, we'll call them up and say, "Hey, 10 can you dial back your load?" And if they are able to 11 dial back their load and so do, we'll compensate them 12 for dialing it back. Because it's avoiding that high 13 cost purchase we might have to make, customers, in general, end up being better off by us compensating a 14 single customer for turning down their load as opposed 15 to exposing us to go buy the more expensive power and 16 flow it through to customers. 17

18 Q. Thank you.

19 You mentioned in your testimony Section 2.5
20 of the 2014 PPA. Could you explain what that
21 provision is?

22 A. Sure. Generally, Section 2.5 of the new PPA,

the 2014 PPA, is the equivalent section as the 1 2 Section 2.1 of the old 1993 PPA, and I mean equivalent, it's not identical. I mean equivalent in 3 that it's the section that restricts FortisBC's 4 ability to access PPA Power for the purpose of either 5 arbitraging or supporting arbitrage, let's say. 6 7 It has a section in it that says if we can come to an agreement on a GBL and what that GBL in 8 9 front of the Commission and the Commission were to approve that GBL, that will be the new definition of 10 11 "load." So, it has a specific carve-out that 12 allows--contemplates a GBL-type process to allow sales 13 less than net-of-load. Q. So, the ability, if I understand you 14 correctly, to set a GBL is an express term of the new 15 16 PPA under Section 2.5? 17 Yeah. My position is there was a credible Α. argument to make in the old PPA, even after G-48-09 to 18 19 do so, but in the new PPA there's an express provision that allows that to occur. 20 Q. And what has the Claimant's approach been to 21

Section 2.5? What is their view of it?

22

Their view is that there should be no 1 Α. 2 Section 2.5, it should be removed entirely, not the 3 carve-out section that allows a GBL necessarily, but the whole restrictions should just simply be removed 4 5 from the PPA. Ο. And "whole restriction" meaning 100 percent 6 7 PPA Power they should be able to access for any purpose? 8 9 Α. Yes. 10 And as a result of that challenge, how does Q. that relate to the NECP proceedings? 11 12 As you continue to challenge that term, the Α. 13 NECP proceedings--it wouldn't make sense to proceed with the NECP proceedings. I mean, you could, but you 14 could get all the way done and design an NECP. And 15 then if that clause comes out, there is no restriction 16 on access to PPA, so there is no need for an NECP. 17 So, you would have incurred all the costs of 18 19 finalizing and going through the regulatory process associated with determining an NECP that may not 20 actually be necessary. So, it's being held pending 21 22 that determination. Once that determination is final,

1 if the Section 2.5 remains intact, then the NECP will 2 proceed. 3 Q. And the Claimants agree to suspend the NECP pending their challenge of Section 2.5? 4 5 Α. Yes. 6 Q. Now, you mentioned in your testimony that you had--I think you mentioned this a couple of times--a 7 8 conversation with Mr. Merwin from Zuckerberg Park? 9 Α. Zuckerberg or Zuckerberg, yes. 10 Q. Zuckerberg. 11 Could you just have a look at Paragraph 35 of 12 your Second Witness Statement, please. 13 A. I see that. 14 Q. Is that a reference to the conversation you were mentioning at Zuckerberg Park? 15 16 A. Yes. 17 MS. GEHRING FLORES: Sorry, which paragraph? MR. DOUGLAS: Paragraph 35 of his Second 18 19 Witness Statement. 20 BY MR. DOUGLAS: Q. Mr. Swanson, when why did Board of Directors 21 22 sign the Power Supply Agreement with the Claimant in

1 2007 or '8?

2 (Comment off microphone.) MR. SHOR: I object to this as well beyond 3 the scope of our cross-examination. This Agreement 4 5 wasn't discussed at all in the cross-examination. 6 PRESIDENT VEEDER: I don't recall it being 7 discussed. But tell us why you're raising this. 8 MR. DOUGLAS: It was what led up to G-48-09, 9 and I believe that Mr. Swanson did testify about some of the conditions associated with that agreement. 10 11 I'll move on to G-48-09 in a second, but I'm happy to 12 ask a different question. 13 PRESIDENT VEEDER: Ask a different question. 14 MR. DOUGLAS: Sure. 15 BY MR. DOUGLAS: 16 Mr. Swanson, why did FortisBC support the Q. Claimant in the G-48-09 proceedings? 17 Surprisingly here, maybe not so surprisingly, 18 Α. 19 you're not the first person to ask me that question. 20 We really looked at the situation when we were starting off down the road of the G-48-09 proceedings 21 22 and the associated agreements. We looked at the

situation that we knew this was likely going to be a
 battle between what Celgar wanted to do and what
 BC Hydro didn't want to have happen.

4 And so we're in a situation where we're about to be in a battle between our customer and our 5 supplier, and so we had a fair amount of discussions 6 7 internally about which side of the battle do we want to find ourselves upon. And really what drove our 8 9 decision process was when we analyzed if we supported what Celgar was asking for, it provided some fairly 10 11 significant rate mitigation benefits to our customers.

12 So, there were benefits in it that our customers would receive that would help to keep bills 13 lower. So, you're looking at the situation, and you 14 say you can either support your supplier, and there is 15 no benefits, or you can support your customer and get 16 17 benefits for all your customers. So, the Decision actually came quite easily to us where we decided to 18 19 support Celgar in its efforts for the benefit of all FortisBC customers. 20

21 Q. And do you agree or disagree with 22 Order G-48-09?

Just like--first of all, G-48-09 is an Order 1 Α. of the Commission. We follow Orders of the 2 3 Commission. We're a regulated utility. We don't have a lot of choice. But, really, when you step back and 4 you say, why did the Commission make the Order it made 5 in G-48-09, from Celgar's perspective, I believe it 6 7 was clear that doing what Celgar asked for provided benefit to Celgar. 8

9 From FortisBC's perspective, I believe it was clear that doing what Celgar asked for provided 10 benefit to FortisBC and its customers, including 11 12 Celgar, but all FortisBC customers. I think from 13 BCUC's perspective, they've got a broader mandate. They're not just looking out for FortisBC's customers, 14 they are looking out for the public interest. So, 15 what's in the public interest of all ratepayers or all 16 17 customers of British Columbia?

And when you look at it from that perspective, and you take into account the arguments BC Hydro is making, I believe that the BCUC found that, in the broader public interest of all ratepayers in British Columbia, their decision was appropriate.

1 And on that basis, I would have to agree that, if 2 those are the facts, that that Decision made sense. Did the Claimant ever ask the BCUC to 3 Ο. reconsider Order G-48-09? 4 5 Α. Sort of. Sort of. The Claimant never filed an Application for reconsideration. So, it never 6 7 filed a specific Application for reconsideration for a review and variant of G-48-09. There is specific 8 sections of the Utilities Commission Act that allow an 9 Application for reconsideration. I believe it is 10 11 Section 99 of the Utilities Commission Act allows 12 people to put forward an Application for 13 reconsideration of a Commission Decision. So, that was never done of G-48-09 by Celgar. 14 15 Celgar did ask for the Decision to be reconsidered in other processes, so not in a 16 reconsideration Application, but in other processes. 17 I believe it might have been in that cost of service 18 19 rate design process I spoke about earlier, that cost allocation process. I believe Celgar asked the 20 Commission to change its determination or reconsider 21 22 G-48-09 in that process. That's not the normal form

and not, in my opinion, the correct place to make such 2 a request. Okay. So if I understood you, did the 3 Ο. Claimant follow the usual process to have G-48-09 4 5 reconsidered? 6 A. Not the usual process in terms of an Application for reconsideration under Section 99 of 7 8 the Utilities Commission Act. Q. And had they--and hypothetically speaking, 9 that reconsideration question was denied, would they 10 have further recourse to some other type of relief? 11 Not through the BCUC, but they would through 12 Α. 13 the B.C. Court of Appeal. They could seek leave to appeal the Decision after an unsuccessful 14 reconsideration. 15 16 Q. To your knowledge, did the Claimant seek 17 leave to appeal G-48-09 to the British Columbia Court of Appeal? 18 19 A. I don't know. I don't believe they did on 20 G-48-09. They--yeah, not on G-48-09. 21 Q. We're just going to pull up the exhibit on to 22 the screen, Mr. Swanson. This is R-273. I believe

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1 you mentioned this in your testimony. Could you 2 explain what this document is this? This is a memo from Mr. Brian Merwin to 3 Α. Mr. Dan Egolf of FortisBC, dated January 12, 2010, a 4 memo entitled "Setting a Generator Baseline for 5 6 Celgar." 7 Q. The top of Page 3, there's a reference to BCUC 3808 Decision. Which Decision is that a 8 reference to? 9 10 That is G-48-09. Α. 11 Okay. And how is Mr. Merwin characterizing Ο. G-48-09 to FortisBC in this memorandum? 12 13 Mr. Merwin makes two characterizations there. Α. The first characterization refers to the BCUC 14 approving a contract change that prevents FortisBC 15 16 from providing power to Celgar when Celgar is selling 17 its generation. That is not entirely correct. It prevents FortisBC from acquiring power from BC Hydro 18 19 for that same purpose. 20 The second characterization there is--he says, "However, the BCUC also opened the door to 21 22 establishment of a GBL for Celgar in referencing

Celgar's replacement of its 3.5-megawatt generator in
 1993 with a 52-megawatt generator in 1994. The BCUC
 set." And it goes on from there. So, he is saying
 G-48-09 opened the door for determination of a GBL for
 Celgar.

Q. And in your view, did FortisBC agree this7 interpretation, the latter part?

A. With the latter part, yes, FortisBC did agree 9 with that interpretation. And it comes down to the 10 definition, as I mentioned earlier, the definition of 11 what is "load"? Is "load" a GBL load? Is "load" a 12 load at that moment in time? So, we agreed there was 13 sufficient room to make such an argument.

14 Q. So, from FortisBC's perspective, could the 15 Claimant have two GBLs, one with BC Hydro and one with 16 FortisBC?

17 A. Yeah, I don't see why not.

18 Q. How would those two GBLs work together?
19 A. Obviously, the details of how it would work
20 together would be something that would have to be
21 fleshed out through probably another process, but
22 there's a couple options.

1 So, there's one option being--you know, if 2 you step back again, what is the purpose of the GBL? 3 A GBL is intended to ensure no undue financial harm to other ratepayers from the repurposing of generation. 4 So let's say a GBL of 40 was determined. I keep using 5 40 because that's the one BC Hydro used. But let's 6 7 say a GBL of 40 was determined for Celgar, and we could demonstrate -- we could reasonably demonstrate to 8 9 the BCUC that that 40 holds all--holds everybody harmless. So, there is no undue financial harm to 10 11 anybody by setting a GBL at 40. If that were the 12 case, it could open the door where we could access PPA Power to serve anything, any sales above that 40 GBL. 13 So, there's that avenue that might be opened. 14 Another avenue that might be opened is, let's 15 say we came up with a FortisBC GBL that was less than 16 17 the Celgar GBL, let's say, 30 for sake of argument.

18 Another interpretation could be any sales between 30 19 and 40 FortisBC might be able to supply using non-PPA 20 sources. Then anything above their load or above 21 their net-of-load or the higher threshold we'd be able 22 to serve using all resources. So, it's hard to say

exactly how it would work, but definitely the door was
 open to make credible arguments on at least both those
 possibilities.

4 Q. Would it be possible to have a FortisBC GBL 5 that is lower than 40 but that still takes PPA Power 6 after the amendment to the 1993 PPA?

7 Our position is potentially, and that is, Α. again, stepping back, even if it was a number lower 8 9 than 40, if it was a number that you could reasonably demonstrate that it wasn't causing undue financial 10 harm to other ratepayers, that could very well have 11 12 been possible. Again, it's a--you know, it's a 13 sliding scale. The closer you get to zero, the less likely. The closer you are to the actual Mill Load, 14 the more likely. How far along that scale you could 15 16 push that envelope, I'm really not sure, but it definitely would be possible. 17

18 Q. And would that FortisBC GBL be something that 19 would be determined through negotiations?

20 A. That's generally been FortisBC's position.21 Because if you simply apply a calculation--a

22 mathematical calculation, there's going to be so many

different opinions on what goes into that calculation.
We can find ourselves right back in the same argument
we had that led up to G-48-09. A better approach
would probably be discussions, so discussions with
Celgar, negotiation of a reasonable GBL, and, you
know, possibly even discussions with BC Hydro.

7 Because if the three Parties supported a GBL and went to the Commission, and the three Parties were 8 all saying, "Look, Commission, we can hold customers 9 essentially harmless by putting this in place, or 10 there's no undue harm, undue material financial harm," 11 12 it would be hard for the Commission not to approve such a GBL. So, I think any GBL, the best way of any 13 FortisBC GBL, the best way to put that in place is 14 through negotiation, but it would have to be--it would 15 have to be a reasonable GBL because you couldn't sell 16 a zero GBL. There is no way you could get approval of 17 18 that.

19 Q. So, it would have to be reasonable.

20 Could we turn to Page 4 of R-273. You see 21 there's a chart in the middle entitled "Celgar's 22 Historic Data." Can you please explain to me, what is

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1 Mr. Merwin in this memorandum representing about a GBL 2 in 2007 for the Celgar Mill? For the Celgar Mill in 2007, he's suggesting 3 Α. 4 a Generator Baseline unadjusted of 41.7 megawatts. 5 Ο. Which would be higher than, I think, the GBL that you had proposed in later proceedings? 6 7 Α. Yes. 8 And would be higher than the GBL in the Ο. BC Hydro EPA? 9 10 Α. That's correct. 11 Ο. Was that the GBL that Mr. Merwin was 12 proposing in this memorandum? 13 Α. No, it was not. In the memo Mr. Merwin was proposing, I believe it was a 3.5-megawatt GBL. 14 15 If we could just go back to Page 3, and at Ο. 16 the very top it says, "In referencing Celgar's 17 replacement of its 3.5 megawatt generator in 1993 with a 52-megawatt generator in 1994." And then he 18 19 states--I might have the wrong page. Actually, it 20 might be Page 5. Sorry. 21 In the conclusion, I think. Α. 22 Q. Yes, my apologies. I believe it's the

1 portion that's underlined. Could you read that for 2 me, the portion that is underlined? 3 A. "A GBL of 3.5 megawatts is the obvious, fair, historical GBL, considering the incremental nature of 4 5 Celgar's generation and the historic treatment of its competitors." 6 7 Q. So, on what basis is Mr. Merwin proposing a 3.5-megawatt GBL here? 8 I believe it's on the basis of a time further 9 Α. back in history before they added their incremental 10 generation and on the basis of redesignating that 11 12 generation to be from a repurposing that generation 13 from being used to serve load to being available for 14 sale. Q. In FortisBC's view, was this proposal 15 16 reasonable? 17 No. Post-G-48-09, I don't believe we could Α. have convinced anybody that this proposal was 18 19 reasonable and would protect other customers from undue financial harm. 20 Q. So, sorry, it was not reasonable, so in your 21 22 view it would not protect other ratepayers from undue

1 harm. Is that FortisBC ratepayers?

2 Α. That would be ratepayers in general. So, if 3 we brought forward a GBL of 3.5 megawatts and wanted to still be able to access PPA Power from BC Hydro, 4 that's not far off of what the original agreement that 5 led to G-48-09, which basically allowed 100 percent of 6 7 the generation to be used. So 3.5 megawatts is still most of the generation to be used for sale. So, we 8 9 weren't successful the first time, I don't believe it would be reasonable to expect that we could be 10 successful the second time with that number. 11 12 Did Mr. Merwin ever change perspectives on Q. the 3.5-megawatt GBL for Celgar? 13 14 A. Yes. There has been other numbers suggested as a GBL for Celgar. I believe I referred to them 15

16 earlier. There was a number of 1.5 megawatts and a
17 number of zero as well.

18 Q. Did Mr. Merwin ever propose a GBL, a FortisBC19 GBL that you consider to be reasonable?

A. No. I mean, we've had several discussions over the years of, could we find a GBL that they would be happy with and that we would see as reasonable,

but, no, there was never a GBL that we thought we
 could defend.

3 Q. In your view, why does the Claimant not have 4 a FortisBC GBL today?

5 I think because the GBL they're seeking is Α. one that is not reasonable, is one that we couldn't 6 7 defend, and, therefore, we've been unable to agree to that GBL and bring it forward, bring it forward to the 8 9 BCUC. You know, had they come forward and picked a 10 GBL that was reasonable and that we could reasonably 11 demonstrate that no undue financial harm principle 12 with, they very well could have a GBL today.

Q. The Claimant asked you some questions about--IA I believe it was your submission that--in G-48-09 that BC Hydro was controlling FortisBC resources, and I kant to flesh that out for a moment.

Under the 1993 PPA, what level of capacitywas BC Hydro committed to provide FortisBC?

19 A. 200 megawatts.

20 Q. And was that amount fixed at 200 megawatts21 each year under the Contract?

22 A. That was 200 megawatts in every hour of every

1 day in every year under the original PPA.

Q. So FortisBC could take 200 megawatts of every
3 single hour of every single day under the 1993 PPA?
4 A. Yes.

5 Q. Okay. So, under the '93 PPA, does that mean 6 BC Hydro had to have that amount available at all 7 times?

8 A. Yes, because we could call on it with no 9 notice. We didn't use it all the time, but we could 10 pick up the phone and effectively have call and have 11 power at any point in time.

12 Q. Is there a nominating procedure under the 13 1993 PPA?

MR. SHOR: Again, I think we're getting well beyond the scope of anything that was discussed in the cross-examination.

PRESIDENT VEEDER: Where is this going?
MR. DOUGLAS: I just have a couple more
questions, but there were questions asked to the
Witness about the relationship of the PPA between
BC Hydro and FortisBC and how it affects the Claimant.
I'm just following up on that relationship. I've got

1 about two more questions after this one on it. 2 PRESIDENT VEEDER: Okay. Please continue. BY MR. DOUGLAS: 3 4 I think my question was whether there is a Ο. 5 nominating procedure under the 1993 PPA. 6 There was, but, I mean, we'd send an e-mail Α. 7 nominating 200 megawatts, so it had no further effect than the Contract itself. 8 9 Q. So, regardless of how FortisBC decided to 10 draw on PPA Power--sorry. Strike that. I've already 11 asked. 12 Does load displacement in FortisBC territory 13 affect BC Hydro 's contractual obligations under the 14 PPA? No. The 200 megawatts has to be available if 15 Α. 16 and when we call upon it. 17 Ms. Gehring Flores asked you questions about Q. the Claimant recovering its costs in various BCUC 18 19 proceedings. Was this a reference to a general provincial program that facilitates the participation 20 of intervenors in BCUC proceedings? 21 22 A. Under the Utilities Commission Act, there's

provisions that allow intervention and allow cost
 recovery to remove the financial barriers of
 intervention to allow people who may not have the
 financial means to participate in regulatory
 processes.

6 Further to that, the BCUC has developed PACA 7 Guidelines. I'm not quite sure what "PACA" stands for. It's something like participant award cost, but 8 9 anyways they developed guidelines that determine the 10 general guidelines for cost recovery. So, it leaves 11 out incremental cost. You had to participate in the 12 process, you had to have added some value; very low 13 threshold test because the idea is you don't want to eliminate people from being able to intervene. It is 14 to make the process a little more all-inclusive. So, 15 yes, there is that program. 16

17 Q. And who funds the program?

18 A. It is paid by the Utility, but it goes into19 the utility rates, and it is funded by customers20 through their power bills.

21 Q. Has the Claimant availed itself of that 22 program?

A. Yes, as discussed with the Claimant's legal
 counsel.

Q. Can you give an indication for this Tribunal of the level of costs that FortisBC takes on each year as a result of the Claimant's participation at the BCUC?

7 As stated in my Witness Statement, through Α. the expanded process--the length and process, the 8 9 change of type of process from, say, a written process to an oral hearing, Celgar typically argues for an 10 11 oral hearing. But through that expanded process and 12 through all the effort that goes into that expanded process from all the intervenors, not just Celgar, but 13 all the effort that goes into the expanded processes 14 that Celgar has argued for, including FortisBC's 15 effort, we estimated the cost to be about 4.5 to 16 \$5ish million per year, which is about a 1.5 customer 17 rate increase. 18

We're a fairly small utility. So, as you do a regulatory process, a single oral hearing is usually in excess of \$2 million, excluding the utilities costs of that process. So, you know, you're talking

| 1 | 2 million or 3 million for an oral hearing. We only |
|----|--|
| 2 | have revenue of 350 million, so every \$3.5 million is |
| 3 | a 1 percent rate increase because we are a smaller |
| 4 | utility. So that's why 1.5 percent sounds like a lot |
| 5 | for the regulation, but it's a factor ofthe fact |
| 6 | we're a smaller utility that makes it so high as well. |
| 7 | Q. And that cost gets passed on to ratepayers? |
| 8 | A. Yes, that cost is borne by ratepayers. |
| 9 | Q. Okay. Can we pull up transcript reference |
| 10 | 773:5? |
| 11 | And I apologize for the length. And |
| 12 | Professor Vicuña, you asked Mr. Switlishoff a question |
| 13 | about the regulatory proceedings, and this was your |
| 14 | question posed, and I'm sorry to pull up the |
| 15 | transcript. With your permission, I'd like for |
| 16 | Mr. Swanson to read the question and to read the |
| 17 | answer and to provide the Tribunal with his views on |
| 18 | the regulatory proceedings after G-48-09. |
| 19 | PRESIDENT VEEDER: Just give us the reference |
| 20 | again. Day 3, 773? |
| | |
| 21 | MR. DOUGLAS: The page is 773, starting at |

1 take a moment and if we need to switch pages.

2 THE WITNESS: Can I see Line 5? It starts at 3 Line 6 on my screen.

4 MR. DOUGLAS: It starts at Line 5 in our 5 screen.

6 THE WITNESS: Oh, that's weird. I'll look up 7 there. I've read that.

8 BY MR. DOUGLAS:

9 Q. Mr. Switlishoff characterizes the regulatory 10 proceedings as having been--well, as the Claimant as 11 having been tortured and held in regulatory limbo. I 12 was just wondering whether you would agree with the 13 Claimant's perspective on the proceedings after 14 G-48-09.

MR. SHOR: Again, I do have to ask what this has to do with the cross-examination. This seems to be asking one Witness whether he agrees with something that happened in another cross-examination.

19 (Tribunal conferring.)

20 PRESIDENT VEEDER: You're absolutely right. 21 It does not arise out of your cross-examination, but 22 it does arise out of a question from the Tribunal.

And the Tribunal might well be minded to ask the same
 question of this Witness. So, you'll have a chance to
 respond to it, but we do allow the question.

4 THE WITNESS: I'm sorry, could you repeat the 5 question.

6 BY MR. DOUGLAS:

Q. I think I'm just maybe asking whether you
agree with Mr. Switlishoff's characterization of the
proceedings after G-48-09.

10 They've been long, but I wouldn't Α. 11 characterize it quite the same way. If we start at 12 Line 15, we have--first, we have G-48-09 that said 13 net-of-load. That's quoting a sentence out of G-48-09. I think G-48-09 said FortisBC cannot access 14 PPA Power from BC Hydro for the purpose of serving a 15 16 self-generating customer who is selling below-load. It left the door open as we've discussed for some 17 options. Those options being the GBL option that 18 19 we've talked about at length. It also, as I suggested when I made that call from Zuckerberg Island, I 20 believe there was an opening there to do a matching 21 22 block purchase. So there were some options there.

1 Then we get to 202-12 that he's saying that 2 said all embedded-cost price but we'll leave the tariff to some future determination. 202-12 does give 3 Celgar the access to sell up to 100 percent of its 4 load while acquiring embedded-cost electricity from 5 the utility excluding PPA. So that goes back 6 7 to--that's the NECP concept. That's also the same concept--when I say "matching block purchase," it's 8 not that different really. So, what we've done now is 9 we've formalized that concept a little more than it 10 was originally presented, but that's--that process, I 11 12 would say, isn't in regulatory limbo. It's the fact 13 that Celgar has continued to challenge that Section 2.5 of the PPA and wants that restriction 14 removed is why this isn't proceeding. 15 16 Again, if Celgar is successful in having that restriction 100 percent removed so there is absolutely 17

18 no restrictions on FortisBC's access to PPA, you won't 19 need a rate that determines how you would--how you 20 would determine what it would cost to exclude PPA. If 21 you didn't have to exclude PPA, you wouldn't have a 22 cost associated with it or a calculation to determine

1 if there's a cost associated with it.

2 So, it makes sense that would you hold this 3 off in abeyance until you determine whether it's 4 actually required. There is no point in proceeding 5 with a regulatory process that comes up with an answer 6 to a problem you might not end up having at the end of 7 the day.

8 So, I don't think it is in regulatory limbo. 9 I just think it's playing out its normal course given 10 the fact that there has been challenges to one of the 11 underlying contracts being the PPA agreement itself 12 and that restriction.

13 So, the final comment there, near final comment, so the access--seller's access to replacement 14 power for any self-generated power remains undoable at 15 this time. Again, there's some steps that would have 16 to occur, but we could still go find a reasonable GBL. 17 And if Celgar, FortisBC, and BC Hydro were all in 18 19 front of the Commission saying, "This protects our ratepayers, this is in everybody's best interest, 20 there is no undue financial harm," I think that would 21 22 be a quick process to enable that to happen.

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1 In any event, once we finish with the 2 challenge to Section 15, once Celgar's challenge has 3 played its course out and that has played its course out through the BCUC and potentially I think 4 5 they've--I think they've sought leave through the Court of Appeals just in case that is unsuccessful, 6 7 once that is played out and we determine whether or not there is a restriction, if that restriction 8 9 remains, then I would expect we'll be right back on 10 course in finalizing that rate. We're a long ways 11 down the road to finalizing that rate in terms of 12 there's been a lot of evidence and a lot of 13 information on the record of that. It's just been held before we go into the final stages pending the 14 determination to see if it's actually required. 15 16 So summing all that up, has the process that Q. the Claimant has endured been tortured? 17 I wouldn't say it is tortured. I would say 18 Α. 19 it's following the most logical course given the underlying challenge to that provision of the PPA, to 20 that Section 2.5 of the PPA. It wouldn't make sense 21 22 to, like I say, to continue on with these other

1 processes if that restriction were removed.

Q. In your view, did G-48-09 restrict the
Claimant's access to embedded-cost power?
A. G-48-09, no. G-48-09 restricted FortisBC's
access to BC Hydro's PPA. Again, there's a couple
options. There's the GBL option that would allow -if approved would allow the Claimant access to some
embedded-cost power, including PPA.

9 There is also--as we discussed, if there was a FortisBC GBL that was lower than a BC Hydro GBL, 10 there's a potential for matching block purchase. So, 11 12 for the amount over the lower GBL could be purchased through a matching block. The amount above the higher 13 number could be--sorry. The amount over the lower 14 block could be accessed with FortisBC embedded-cost 15 power excluding PPA, and then the amount of the higher 16 number could be accessed using all resources. So, 17 there were still options available. So, it hasn't 18 19 blocked that from happening.

20 MR. DOUGLAS: Those are my questions. Thank
21 you.

22 PRESIDENT VEEDER: Thank you. I allow you to

1 cross-examine further on the one question relating to 2 the passage in the transcript, Day 3, Page 773. 3 MR. SHOR: I would like to follow up on the 4 options available to Celgar that you discussed. 5 RECROSS-EXAMINATION 6 BY MR. SHOR: 7 Q. But I just want to set the groundwork because as I understand it, the G-48-09 directly restricted 8 9 FortisBC. That's your testimony. You couldn't buy power from BC Hydro; correct? 10 11 Α. Under certain conditions. Q. Under certain conditions. And indirectly 12 under those same conditions, you couldn't sell PPA 13 Power to Celgar? 14 If we couldn't buy it, we couldn't sell it to 15 Α. 16 anybody. 17 Q. Just wanted to make sure of that because you just always seem to focus on one half of the equation 18 19 and not the second half of the equation. They are 20 equal, are they not? 21 A. Well, the reason is specifically G-48-09 22 changed a provision in a Power Purchase Agreement

1 between FortisBC and BC Hydro. That's all it really 2 did. 3 I'm just talking about the effects. I know Ο. 4 what it did, but it had other effects, didn't it? 5 Yes, it had other implications. Α. 6 Thank you. Okay. So that restricts Celgar Q. 7 from having access to BC Hydro power while it is selling power. Is there any other person in British 8 9 Columbia, any other pulp mill that has no access to 10 BC Hydro power while selling power? 11 MR. DOUGLAS: I don't believe that was his 12 testimony, Mr. Shor, that it restricts Celgar from 13 having access to BC Hydro power while it is selling power. I think he's actually testified the opposite. 14 15 MR. SHOR: You think under G-48-09 we can get access to PPA Power while selling power? 16 17 MR. DOUGLAS: Don't ask me. 18 MR. SHOR: Maybe if you don't interrupt. 19 PRESIDENT VEEDER: Let's not argue. Put the 20 question again. Let's continue. BY MR. SHOR: 21 22 Q. So is there any person in British Columbia

that has no access to BC Hydro power, either through 1 the PPA if they're in FortisBC's service territory or 2 3 directly if they're in BC Hydro's service territory while they're selling power? 4 5 Α. I don't believe there is anybody in British Columbia who has that absolute restriction including 6 7 Celgar. I believe--8 O. G-48-09--9 MR. DOUGLAS: Please let the Witness finish his answer. 10 11 THE WITNESS: Again, I spoke to the fact that 12 there were--G-48-09 left some options available, and 13 Mr. Merwin spoke to that same fact in that e-mail that there were options available that would allow it to 14 access some PPA Power. 15 16 BY MR. SHOR: 17 So it's is your testimony those options to Q. get a FortisBC GBL would have allowed access not just 18 19 to FortisBC power but also to PPA Power? 20 Again, yeah, that is my testimony. In fact, Α. if you step--that's where I was talking about if you 21

22 step back and you look at what the GBL is trying to

1 accomplish, it is trying to protect ratepayers, all 2 ratepayers from undue financial harm. 3 If we had a reasonable GBL that we could reasonably demonstrate that that was the case with, 4 that we would be protecting all ratepayers, BC Hydro 5 and FortisBC's ratepayers from undue financial harm, I 6 7 believe that could have been approved. And if that was approved, that would allow access to some--not all 8 9 but some PPA Power just like every other mill in 10 British Columbia. 11 Ο. Let's just explore that option--12 MR. DOUGLAS: Mr. President, I'm not quite sure this is the exact questions that the Claimant's 13 already asked. We've redirected on it, and I know 14 there is some allowance for some additional questions 15 16 to be asked. What's the scope there for him to 17 explore these first? 18 PRESIDENT VEEDER: We'll allow him to go further. Please continue. 19 20 BY MR. SHOR: I want to go down this road of the reasonable 21 Q. 22 GBL that you said could you have negotiated. I just

1 want to understand the context. So in 2009, G-48-09 was issued. And then you had some discussions with 2 Celgar and you proposed a GBL for Celgar of 41. I 3 believe that was your testimony. 4 5 A whole lot happened between G-48-09 and that Α. suggestion, and that wasn't--that was in response to 6 7 an information request for, I said, approximately 41. And that was the basis for a starting point for those 8 exact discussions. 9 10 That's the only proposal that FortisBC has Q. 11 ever made to Celgar, and that occurred in 2012, didn't 12 it? 13 And so as I was saying, that would be a Α. starting point for those exact discussions to 14 determine a GBL that may, in fact, allow Celgar access 15 to some PPA if it was approved. 16 17 And that proposal was made in 2012, Q. three years after BCUC Order G-48-09; correct? 18 19 Α. That information request was answered at that time, but the discussion of GBLs and appropriate GBL 20 for Celgar has happened right since G-48-09 was 21 22 issued.

1 Q. But the only proposal that FortisBC has ever 2 made is the 41 that came in 2012; correct? That's the 3 only number you ever gave to Celgar. 4 Α. I'm struggling here because I don't know if I 5 can answer that question. 6 PRESIDENT VEEDER: Stop the question. We're 7 still in open session. Is there a problem? 8 MR. SHOR: Not a problem. It's not a 9 problem. 10 MR. DOUGLAS: There is no problem from 11 Canada's perspective. 12 PRESIDENT VEEDER: Is that what you're 13 hinting at or not? Is it difficult for you to answer the question because we're in open session? 14 15 THE WITNESS: No. I actually don't know the implications of whether or not we're in open session. 16 17 We had some off the record discussions. I don't know how much more can I say about that. 18 19 BY MR. SHOR: 20 Q. But as far as you can recall, the only concrete number you ever proposed to Celgar was in 21 22 that information request which occurred in 2012?

1 MR. DOUGLAS: Mr. President, I believe the 2 Witness is indicating that those conversations transpired but they were held in confidence and that 3 4 he cannot discuss them. 5 PRESIDENT VEEDER: It does sound like that. Is that what you're saying? 6 7 THE WITNESS: That's what I'm saying. 8 MR. SHOR: They were held in confidence 9 between who? 10 THE WITNESS: I'm struggling a bit because 11 I'm not sure how much I'm allowed to answer. I'll 12 take a risk and I'll answer. There is a three-party 13 discussion. There's a three-party discussion between. 14 PRESIDENT VEEDER: Stop a second. Does it include anybody from the Claimants? 15 16 THE WITNESS: Yes. 17 PRESIDENT VEEDER: Maybe you should just take time out just to talk about this. 18 19 MR. SHOR: You don't need to leave. 20 PRESIDENT VEEDER: No, no. Claimants can 21 waive this. We'll find out about the other party in a 22 minute.

1 MR. SHOR: Claimant doesn't care. 2 PRESIDENT VEEDER: Claimants can waive. So 3 the third party we can probably leave out. Can we? 4 THE WITNESS: There was a third party at the 5 table, and we won't mention who that third party was. 6 So we did have tri-party discussions on 7 whether or not there was a GBL that could be--a reasonable GBL that could be determined that could, 8 9 guess, split the difference a little bit between the 10 three parties, and get to us a point where we could go 11 forward with an Application and conclude this matter. 12 That--I believe that discussion may have 13 actually been initiated by Celgar. The three Parties met at Mr.--I think it Mr. Moller's office, and had 14 started to have discussions about what range of GBLs 15 would be reasonable. It was only at the point that 16 17 Celgar seemed to retract from their initial suggestion of saying "how do we saw the baby in three" so to 18 19 speak to being "by sawing it in three, we really mean sawing it in two, and you two Parties decide how 20 you're going to share the pain of giving us everything 21 22 we wanted" that those discussions fell down.

1 BY MR. SHOR: 2 Q. Again, the discussions are interesting. I'm just asking of the concrete proposals that came from 3 FortisBC. The only one that you seem to be able to 4 5 refer to is the 41 that occurred in 2012. 6 A. We talked about ranges. We didn't talk about actual numbers. And even the characterization of the 7 41 as a concrete proposal was an answer to an 8 9 information request, and it said approximately that 10 amount. It was a point for--a starting point for a 11 discussion about what is reasonable. 12 Q. But that--MR. DOUGLAS: Mr. President--13 14 MR. SHOR: Please stop interrupting me. Please stop interrupting me. 15 16 MR. DOUGLAS: I just want to let that you know the third party in those negotiations was 17 BC Hydro, and counsel for BC Hydro has said that 18 19 they're willing to waive any privilege associated with 20 those. 21 PRESIDENT VEEDER: Thank you. It was pretty 22 obvious, but it is helpful to have this on the table.

BC Hydro has also waived any restriction. So, I think 1 2 you're free to answer the questions as you wish. BY MR. SHOR: 3 4 Ο. In the 2012 time frame of that information 5 request, weren't you also in discussions with BC Hydro over the negotiation of a replacement to the 1993 PPA? 6 Because that expired in 2013; correct? 7 8 We were in negotiations with BC Hydro for Α. 9 replacement of PPA for many years. That was a long 10 negotiation. 11 Q. And that's a very important Contract for you? 12 It is a very important Contract for us, yes. Α. 13 So the negotiation over the FortisBC-Celgar Q. GBL involved BC Hydro? I think that he was the third 14 party in the discussions. 15 16 Yes, it naturally would. Α. 17 So before could you do anything to set a GBL Q. for Celgar, you had to talk to BC Hydro, didn't you? 18 19 Α. Not as a condition, but it definitely made life easier. If we're going to put an Application in 20 front of the BCUC and suggest that this is a 21 22 reasonable GBL that protects ratepayers, all

1 ratepayers, FortisBC's ratepayers, BC Hydro's 2 ratepayers, and provide something for Celgar, if we 3 were going to be able to go in front of the BCUC and represent that, which is the easiest way to get 4 5 approval, yeah, involving all three Parties makes sense. No less sense than it would have made if it 6 was just involved, say, BC Hydro and FortisBC and 7 excluded Celgar. That wouldn't make sense. It would 8 9 excluding any of the other three--10 So, given the circumstances, you weren't Q.

11 about to set a GBL for Celgar that BC Hydro wouldn't 12 agree with. Is that a fair characterization? 13 A. If it was a reasonable GBL and if we felt it 14 was a reasonable GBL, yeah, we would be willing to 15 defend that position. It was just easier if we got 16 all the Parties on side.

Q. Okay. And is it fair to say that BC Hydro had already set a GBL so they were--did they indicate that they would agree to a GBL lower than had already been set?

A. They didn't agree to one, but they werewilling to--the fact we all met to decide if there was

options available and what range of GBL would be reasonable indicates that there is some interest in that discussion.
Q. Okay. I want to go back to the discussion of the new PPA. I'm sorry. One further question on that.
PRESIDENT VEEDER: Stop one moment. These

8 discussion, these tri-party discussions, when did they
9 start? A year rather than the precise time.

10 THE WITNESS: Definitely post G-48-09 but 11 also definitely quite a while ago. So, they weren't 12 recent. I would say it was probably in--it would have 13 been '9-'10, in that time frame.

PRESIDENT VEEDER: Thank you. So, just before you raise the next topic, you said you want to go back to the discussions of the new PPA. That goes a long way away from what we were starting with--

18 MR. SHOR: No, because it was the 19 Paragraph 2.5 that he referred to as giving the other 20 avenue. There were different avenues that Celgar had 21 out. One was this FortisBC to the 2 GBL scenario and 22 then the other he specifically talked about not

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1 objecting in the 2.5 and that led to the suspension of
 2 the NECP Rate Rider. And I wanted to get into that
 3 because I don't think that discussion is entirely
   clear.
 4
 5
            PRESIDENT VEEDER: So, you're getting to the
 6
   2.5.
 7
            MR. SHOR: That's the 2.5.
 8
            PRESIDENT VEEDER: Please continue.
            BY MR. SHOR:
 9
10
            Okay. Before I go to the 2.5, so you
       Q.
    conferred with BC Hydro over setting a GBL. Does
11
12
   BC Hydro confer with FortisBC when it sets GBLs for
13
   its customers?
       A. There would really be no reason because
14
   FortisBC doesn't supply any power to BC Hydro. So,
15
16
   there is more of a reason for us to consult with
   BC Hydro because it's an affected Party as a result of
17
   setting a GBL with the FortisBC customer.
18
19
       Q.
          Okay. Now, let's go to 2.5 in the new PPA.
   As I understand what transpired in those proceedings,
20
   you and BC Hydro agreed to a new EPA, and there was a
21
22 restriction provision governing your ability to access
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power while selling to self-generators; is that
 correct?
 A. Generally speaking, with that carve-out

4 principle unless a Commission approved GBL.

5 Q. Okay.

6 A. But yes.

Q. And then Celgar intervened in that proceeding and objected to the fact that the provision in there contemplated that BC Hydro would negotiate Celgar's GBL with FortisBC and left Celgar out; right? So, Celgar complained and they wanted to be included in the process; correct?

13 That was one of the arguments that was made, Α. but they also wanted the restriction removed entirely. 14 15 And the Commission accepted the argument that Ο. Celgar should be included and rejected the argument 16 17 that the GBL restriction should be removed, and ultimately approved the 2013 PPA; correct? 18 19 Α. Not exactly. Ultimately approved the 2013 20 PPA, but that Section 2.5 is still a little bit in 21 limbo.

22 Q. But it was amended by the Parties to address

1 Celgar's concern about not being included in the 2 discussions. That part, I believe, is correct, yes. 3 Α. 4 Okay. And you say it's in limbo because Ο. 5 Celgar appealed; correct? The triggering point wasn't the appeal. The 6 Α. 7 triggering point is way back during the original process. Celgar has been arguing that that 8 9 Section 2.5 should be removed. And as long as it continues to argue that, until that determination is 10 made whether or not the restriction is removed, it 11 12 wouldn't make sense to--to continue on with the other processes until you determine whether or not the 13 Section 2.5 restriction remains. 14 See, I don't think that's really accurate, 15 Ο. and let me take you through that. Because my 16 understanding of what happened is the Commission 17 approved the PPA. It's in effect. Paragraph 2.5 is 18 19 in full effect today, isn't it? 20 It is in full effect today, but it is still Α. being--it is still up for determination of whether 21 22 it's going to remain in effect moving forward.

1 Q. Let's talk about the processes that continue. 2 In fact, what the Commission said was there need to be 3 these GBL processes, and one thing it required was BC Hydro to file its GBL Guidelines for approval. 4 That's one thing the Commission required. And that is 5 still pending; correct? 6 7 Α. That is still in process as well as the other condition being FortisBC's self-generator guidelines. 8 9 Q. I want to talk about that. 10 And those are two items that were put in Α. place because, in part--to your point, in part, Celgar 11 12 is arguing they want to be included, but also, in part, because Celgar was arguing that restrictions 13 shouldn't exist in their entirety. So, that process 14 of determining whether or not Section 2.5 is going to 15 remain in effect is still ongoing as well. 16 17 Because what the Commission directed FortisBC Q. to do was, I believe the term it used was--to 18 19 "formulate high level principles governing self-generators in its service territory"; correct? 20 21 MR. DOUGLAS: I don't believe I ever 22 discussed the FortisBC self-generator policy at all.

1 I think this is just a complete open recross. MR. SHOR: We are just in the never-never 2 3 land where if we appeal, we get criticized; if we don't appeal, we get criticized. I'm just trying to 4 5 understand exactly where the proceedings are because you have said that they have been suspended because of 6 7 us. And I want to flush that out. 8 PRESIDENT VEEDER: Mr. Shor, this may not be 9 a matter for this Witness. It may be a matter for submission because there is no reason why he should be 10 the Expert on the status of those proceedings or the 11 12 process. 13 MR. SHOR: He's a participant in those proceedings. 14 15 PRESIDENT VEEDER: He's a factual Witness. 16 MR. SHOR: I just have two follow-up 17 questions. 18 PRESIDENT VEEDER: Two follow-ups. But let's 19 keep it brief. 20 BY MR. SHOR: Q. Has FortisBC filed those principles yet? 21 22 A. Yes. We're actually awaiting a Decision.

Q. Okay. So, it's--to understand where things are, kind of six years after G-48-09 put a restriction on self-generators in FortisBC's service territory, the Commission is only now asking FortisBC to provide principles governing self-generators in its service territory?

7 Again, as I had mentioned earlier there were Α. options along the way, but as long as Celgar continues 8 9 to ask for--ask for "the moon," so to speak, these processes are going to keep dragging. And every time 10 11 there's a decision--and there has been several that I 12 believe have been fairly decent decisions for Celgar or they've achieved some things, they still want 13 everything. So, they still keep fighting that; and, 14 as a result of the fact they keep fighting that, this 15 16 process is going to keep going until they either get 17 everything they want or they stop fighting for everything they want. 18

19 The regulatory process is very nonrestrictive 20 and allows people to keep coming back. There is 21 no--there is no restrictions that says, okay, you 22 argued this once, now go away. You can't come back

1 and argue it tomorrow. 2 Q. I just want to be clear. So, six years after 3 the restriction, we are now at the point--4 MR. DOUGLAS: A third question now. 5 PRESIDENT VEEDER: Mr. Shor, that is more 6 submission. Let's move on to the next question. 7 MR. SHOR: I have no further questions. 8 PRESIDENT VEEDER: There will be questions from the Tribunal. 9 10 THE WITNESS: Thank you. 11 QUESTIONS FROM THE TRIBUNAL ARBITRATOR ORREGO VICUÑA: Well, I certainly 12 did not intend that my question to Mr. Switlishoff 13 would end up before the Court of Appeals in British 14 15 Columbia and the terms of debate we have heard. We have all sort options apparently for the future. 16 17 But I have one that I hope will be equally simple for Mr. Swanson. In his capacity of director 18 19 for regulatory affairs of Fortis. Now, we have not heard much about Fortis itself, and there is one 20 question that came to my mind. Aside the restrictions 21 22 from the BCUC and whatnot that affect also Fortis, if

I understand rightly, aside those restrictions, Fortis 1 can sell embedded power electricity, electricity at 2 3 embedded costs, rather, and at the same time it can buy from generators. That was one of the issues that 4 was raised about why was this happening and that it 5 was an accounting device and all sort of arguments. 6 7 But my point is very simple: If Fortis can sell at embedded cost and can buy at some other cost, 8 that was the issue, what does Fortis do with that 9

10 power that has lost? Does it sell it to the market, 11 or does it distribute it again in some other way or 12 what?

13 THE WITNESS: So to be clear, FortisBC buys embedded-cost power from the PPA, from BC Hydro, and 14 it can sell to customers for the purpose of serving 15 load, not for the--FortisBC can't buy it from BC Hydro 16 for the purpose of facilitating arbitrage. So, in the 17 case where we have an increase -- what it's trying to 18 19 restrict is us increasing the amount of power we purchase off BC Hydro to facilitate that type of 20 21 arbitrage transaction. So, we wouldn't actually be 22 buying that embedded-cost power, that incremental

1 embedded-cost power. We're not allowed to buy it. 2 So, we wouldn't be buying it in order to facilitate 3 those types of transactions, but we can buy it to facilitate normal load growth that is not associated 4 with the reselling of power into markets. So we can 5 resell it to our customers for the purpose of 6 7 servicing their load as long as it's not related to arbitrage. If it's related to arbitrage, then we're 8 9 not allowed to buy it.

10 ARBITRATOR ORREGO VICUÑA: But my question is, what do you do with the power you buy from the 11 12 generators? One thing is to sell, either under PPA or 13 any other way. But once the entity will sell electricity back to Fortis or actually even explain 14 there was kind of a mechanism for returning some 15 16 amount of electricity, a drawback, what does Fortis do with that power? 17

18 THE WITNESS: So Fortis wouldn't actually be 19 buying that power from the PPA, that amount. As an 20 example, if a self-generating customer was selling 10 21 below its load, FortisBC wouldn't being buying that 10 22 from BC Hydro. It doesn't have anything to do with it

1 because it didn't actually buy that portion. So, 2 there isn't this excess power that we'd have to do 3 anything with because we wouldn't have actually 4 purchased it from BC Hydro.

5 Sorry. Am I misunderstanding the question? 6 ARBITRATOR ORREGO VICUÑA: No. I'm not 7 certain about the question myself. Of course, this is very complicated. But in short, Fortis does not make 8 9 a profit out of this two-way transactions, whichever they be. Even aside the PPA, because you explained 10 11 that there are other sources that are brought into the 12 overall scheme.

13 THE WITNESS: Yeah. So, as a public utility, 14 the way you make profit is quite different than a 15 normal company. We make a profit by earning a return 16 on our investment. So just like a bond, we get a 17 return on our equity investment.

Fortis takes in this--takes in power whether you it's from BC Hydro's PPA or other sources, we'll buy that power and then we resell it to customers, and it's a flow through that cost. So the cost comes in to FortisBC and it goes to FortisBC's customers. What

gets added on to that cost is the other costs of 1 2 operating the utility. So we don't actually earn a 3 profit off the flowing through of that electricity from purchasing it and selling it. We earn a positive 4 margin that pays for our other costs of operation. 5 So, it has nothing to do with the profitability of 6 FortisBC. All of that cost just flows through into 7 customer rates. 8 ARBITRATOR ORREGO VICUÑA: Okay. Thank you. 9 We'll see it before the Court of Appeals then. 10 11 (Laughter.) 12 PRESIDENT VEEDER: Professor Douglas. 13 ARBITRATOR DOUGLAS: I have some questions that won't up in the Court of Appeals. You mentioned 14 that the matching block option. I just want to 15 16 understand a little bit more about how could you 17 demonstrate to the BCUC that that power that you proposed to sell to Celgar after G-48-09 is not being 18 sourced from the PPA. How would you actually 19 demonstrate that to regulatory--20 21 THE WITNESS: And you're touching on kind of 22 one of the key conundrums of the whole thing in that

you can't demonstrate from a physical flow of 1 electrons that that electron didn't flow in from 2 3 BC Hydro and flow to Celgar. 4 ARBITRATOR DOUGLAS: They're not color coded. 5 THE WITNESS: No. 6 ARBITRATOR DOUGLAS: Not in BC. 7 THE WITNESS: No. What you do is, let's say, Celgar was selling 10 megawatts below its Mill Load. 8 9 We could go buy 10 megawatts or demonstrate that we've 10 entered into an agreement with another Party to 11 acquire 10 megawatts. At the same time Celgar is 12 selling the 10 megawatts and we can say, "See, this 10 13 is offsetting that." So, although the physical electrons may have flowed from BC Hydro's system over 14 here, we've made a matching purchase, and by that 15 matching purchase, we haven't increased our take from 16 17 PPA. 18 ARBITRATOR DOUGLAS: But isn't that risky 19 because you need to have made that matching purchase before you go to the regulator and say, "Look, we have 20 a matching purchase?" 21 22 THE WITNESS: Yeah, that's, in fact, what we

1 had proposed. What we had proposed is we would go out 2 and look for a matching block of power and we would 3 present that matching block of power to Celgar or to any self-generating customer and we'd say, "Here's the 4 matching block of power. There is or there isn't an 5 incremental cost"--most of the time there may not be 6 7 with where power markets are today and where power markets have been for the last number of years--"here 8 9 is that matching block. Do you want to enter into this Agreement?" If they do, then we'd say, "Okay. 10 11 You sign saying that you're going to take this and 12 you're going to pay for any incremental costs if there 13 are, and there may not be, but you're going to pay for any incremental costs, and now you can go and enter 14 into your transaction to sell that 10 because we've 15 just bought the 10." 16 17 So, you can demonstrate to the other

17 ratepayers and the BCUC that nobody is being harmed by 19 this transaction because we've taken it form here, we 20 sold it to there, and they, in turn, have sold it to 21 another Party.

22

1 ARBITRATOR DOUGLAS: In terms of the way it 2 is priced because you said that is not so different to 3 the NECP--it's not so different to the NECP. 4 THE WITNESS: No. 5 ARBITRATOR DOUGLAS: Presumably it's not simply the price of the block that you sourced from 6 somewhere else. It's a blended rate. 7 8 THE WITNESS: It's the difference in the 9 price of the block versus the price of the resource we 10 would have taken if we got it from PPA. So if we went 11 and bought a block of power in today's markets, we 12 bought, let's say, 10 megawatts for a year, or 13 whatever that works out to in megawatt hours, and we compared that to what we would have had to pay for the 14 same block of BC Hydro, if there was an incremental 15 16 cost, then that would be the cost that gets added on 17 to Celgar. Again, in many circumstances, there probably 18 19 wouldn't be much, if any, of an incremental cost, due 20 to the fact that power markets have been so low. 21 In fact, FortisBC, the way we operate our 22 system, we do exactly that on a regular basis. We,

1 instead of taking BC Hydro PPA, we go out and buy 2 these blocks because they're lower cost than the PPA 3 Power. And so we buy these blocks, and we flow those 4 cost savings on to FortisBC customers through our 5 rate-setting process.

6 ARBITRATOR DOUGLAS: Last question. In 7 relation to the 2.5, the Clause 2.5 proceedings that 8 are ongoing, what's at stake there? If 2.5 goes, does 9 that mean that B.C.'s moving towards the German 10 situation where there's no restrictions on the 11 arbitrage at Heritage Power, or is it not quite that 12 dramatic?

13 THE WITNESS: If 2.5 gets removed completely, then there would be no restriction--there would at 14 least be no restrictions on FortisBC acquiring PPA 15 Power for the purposes of supplying a mill, for 16 instance, that was selling below Mill Load. The 17 effect of that could very well be an opening--at least 18 19 in FortisBC's service territory, it could very well be an opening of that avenue. 20

21 I personally don't think that's where this is 22 going. I think 2.5 will survive the challenge and

1 will remain there. But if it did get removed, that's 2 where that heads. 3 PRESIDENT VEEDER: Any questions arising from these questions and answers from the Tribunal? The 4 5 Claimant first. 6 MR. SHOR: Yes, I have a couple. 7 FURTHER RECROSS-EXAMINATION 8 BY MR. SHOR: 9 I want to get back to the Mr. Douglas's Q. question about the blended rate, because I thought 10 11 that was an excellent question, and I want to be 12 completely clear on this. 13 If Celgar wants to sell 10 megawatts of power, you buy a block of 10 megawatts of power, and 14 15 they pay, if there is an incremental cost, the 16 incremental cost of that entire megawatts; correct? 17 A. Yes, because that's the next resource that's available. 18 19 Ο. So they don't get a blended rate at all that 20 considers the embedded costs of FortisBC's other generating resources, do they? 21 22 A. In some respects they do. So, for instance,

1 with respect to the capacity portion, the Waneta
2 Expansion capacity where we have remaining capacity
3 available, that would be used to able to make that
4 block purchase less expensive. So we can buy a
5 non-firm block of power, which is a cheaper product,
6 and through the use of Waneta Expansion, which acts as
7 a battery, we can store it--we can make it firm.

8 So we can buy the cheap product, and with the 9 use of FortisBC's excess capacity generation, we can 10 make it firm, make it worth more to the Claimant, or 11 to be used. The reason it doesn't blend in with 12 FortisBC's other existing generation resources is, 13 again, I mentioned, those are all fully utilized.

14 So we can't get power. If Celgar is going to 15 increase its load, it not like we can get more power 16 from those generation assets. In order to blend that 17 cost, what we would be saying is we're taking that 18 power away from other customers to facilitate this 19 transaction. And, again that, goes against the undue 20 financial harm.

Q. So Celgar is treated differently from allother customers in that all other customers get to

benefit from the low cost of those other resources,
 but Celgar would not; correct?

A. No, no. It's not a Celgar solution. It's
any self-generating customer of FortisBC, which there
are others--

6 Q. Okay.

7 --would have certain restrictions on them in Α. terms of all the existing resources, again, are used 8 9 up. So if we were to go out and buy new resources for any self-generator for the purposes of facilitating 10 11 below-load sales, there's a cost-causation principle 12 that's typical in regulation, that says if you're 13 causing costs on the system, you ought to be the one to pay for costs on the system. And that principle 14 holds true for all customers and all customer classes, 15 regardless of they're self-generating customers or 16 they're Celgar's. 17

Q. So if I were to build a new industrial plant in FortisBC service territory that required 20 20 megawatts, would I get the benefit of the other 21 embedded cost, or would I be viewed to have caused 22 those costs, and, therefore, I get something, like the

NECP Rate Rider, I just get the additional costs? 1 2 Α. No. You wouldn't get an NECP Rate Rider if 3 you're a new--if this was truly a new load growth, new load growth is exempted from that. If you were 4 repurposing generation that used to be used to serve 5 load and repurposing it for sale, then that applies, 6 7 but no new load, normal load growth is exempt from that. Again, for all customer classes, all customers. 8 9 All customers. Now, back to the purchases, Q. 10 the matching purchases. I think your examples, you 11 keep saying prices have been low and they would be 12 low, so there's no incremental cost. And I understand 13 your references are to current--Current and past. 14 Α. Current and past Mid-C prices for short-term 15 Ο. power sales. Here's my question. I just want to get 16 to my question, so please don't interrupt me. 17 18 Α. Okay. 19 Ο. If Celgar were to come to you and said they wanted to buy a block of 40 megawatts of power for 20 20 years, not for a week, not for an hour, not for a 21

22 month, but for 20 years, those Mid-C prices wouldn't

1 at all be the price at which you would have to procure 2 that power, would it?

3 Α. I've actually never contended that it was a Mid-C price. We would buy--I'm not a power purchase 4 expert by any means, but I don't believe you can buy a 5 20-year block or a long-term block on Mid-C. Mid-C is 6 7 an hour-by-hour, spot-market type, as far as I understand. So when you buy a block of power, you 8 9 would actually go to somebody who is willing to sell a block of power, and you would negotiate a purchase. 10 Again, we do this to serve our own load quite often. 11 12 Okay. What prices are you currently paying Q. for 10- and 20-year blocks of power? 13 We don't--nobody I know of really purchases 14 Α.

15 10- and 20-year blocks of power. I don't know if 16 there's a market for that.

Q. Okay. So as you sit--so then if Celgar wanted to enter into a 20-year power sale agreement and wanted to come to you and buy power under the NECP Rate Rider for that 20 years, you wouldn't be able to tell them what the price is, because you don't think you would get a 20-year deal; right?

1 Α. I don't think at this point--I mean, we could 2 look, but we haven't, because it's not normal course 3 for us to look for a 20-year deal. What we would do is enter into blocks of power similar to what we enter 4 into now for purchase, to run the utility now. And 5 those blocks would have to be renewed. 6 7 But again, we have that ability with Waneta Expansion to store that power. We have that battery, 8 let's call it, where we can still buy the cheaper, 9 non-firm product and firm it up. So there is still 10 benefit, significant benefit to be added. 11 12 So they would sell long term. You would fill Q. it with short-term power, and if the market went 13 haywire and prices increased, you would have--you 14 would be subjecting Celgar to all the risk of that 15 market price increase; correct? 16 17 No, not really. That's the benefit of that Α. Waneta Expansion capacity, because we could store it. 18 19 You could buy the power when it's lower priced in order to supply Celgar, and if the market goes crazy, 20

21 they could actually sell it into those high markets,

22 and they can earn a margin off--off playing that

1 market game because we have the ability to store 2 power, given that we have excess capacity. So that is--that is why--part of why we 3 contend that this is embedded cost power. Is we're 4 using some of our embedded resources in order to make 5 this an appealing product. 6 7 Q. Okay. Now, I think you said a minute ago that there is no market, or you're not aware of 10- or 8 9 20-year Power Purchase Agreement? 10 I said I'm not an expert in power purchasing, Α. 11 so I'm not aware of them. 12 Aren't all the EPAs with BC Hydro that are at Q. issue in this proceeding 10- to 20-year agreements? 13 14 They very well may be, but those aren't the Α. types of agreements that we enter into. 15 16 And you're not at all familiar with the Q. prices in those agreements? You would know the public 17 information? 18 19 Α. I am, but those prices, I don't believe are reflective of any sort of market rate. 20 21 Q. They're not reflected of a market price for a 22 10- or 20-year power in British Columbia?

1 A. They're reflective of a longer-run marginal 2 cost type of power. I don't believe they're reflective of what--real power that's available to 3 FortisBC. BC Hydro has certain restrictions on the 4 5 types of power it can buy. FortisBC doesn't have those same restrictions. So we don't have to pay 6 7 anywhere near those types of prices because we're not having to buy that same bioenergy type product. We 8 9 can buy any kind of power. 10 MR. DOUGLAS: Mr. President, I'm kind of 11 happy to let this sort of keep going, but kind of not 12 really. This is Mr. Shor's third cross-examination of 13 Mr. Swanson. It's 1:30. It's been a long day. 14 MR. SHOR: I just have one follow-up question, if I could finish. 15 16 PRESIDENT VEEDER: Is it a follow-up or the 17 last question? 18 MR. SHOR: It's hopefully the last question. 19 PRESIDENT VEEDER: Okay. Let's get to the 20 last question. 21 BY MR. SHOR: 22 Q. What is FortisBC's long-run marginal cost of

1 power?

A. That's an interesting question. We've used 2 as a proxy a portion of BC Hydro's calculation because 3 we really--because we don't have the same restrictions 4 5 on what type of power we purchase, it's not so easy to calculate what our long-run marginal cost of power is. 6 7 It's definitely higher than our current price. It's not as high as B.C.'s long-run marginal cost. 8 Q. You don't have a number in mind? You can't 9 give me a range of numbers? Would it be 80 to 100? 10 11 A. I can't--MR. DOUGLAS: Sorry, Mr. President. I 12 13 just--we should just cut this off at some point. Be Canada's submission, please. 14 15 PRESIDENT VEEDER: That was probably the last 16 question, wasn't it? 17 MR. SHOR: Yes. 18 PRESIDENT VEEDER: Any questions from the 19 Respondent? 20 MR. DOUGLAS: One moment, please. 21 (Pause.)

22 MR. DOUGLAS: No further questions,

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1 Mr. President. PRESIDENT VEEDER: The Tribunal has no 3 further questions either. Thank you very much for being so patient. We've come to the end your testimony. THE WITNESS: Thank you. (Witness steps down.) PRESIDENT VEEDER: We're now going to break for lunch, and we'll come back at 25 to 3:00. (Whereupon, at 1:34 p.m., the Hearing was adjourned until 2:35 p.m., the same day.)

PUBLIC VERSION

1800

| 1 | AFTERNOON SESSION |
|--|---|
| 2 | PRESIDENT VEEDER: Let's resume. We have the |
| 3 | next Witness before the Tribunal. So, if you would |
| 4 | give us your full name and if you will read the words |
| 5 | of declaration on the piece of paper before you. |
| 6 | THE WITNESS: My name is Dean Krauss. I |
| 7 | solemnly declare upon my honor and conscience that I |
| 8 | shall speak the truth, the whole truth, and nothing |
| 9 | but the truth. |
| 10 | PRESIDENT VEEDER: We're in open session. |
| 11 | There will first be questions from the Respondent. |
| | |
| 12 | DIRECT EXAMINATION |
| 12
13 | DIRECT EXAMINATION
BY MR. KURELEK: |
| | |
| 13 | BY MR. KURELEK: |
| 13
14 | BY MR. KURELEK:
Q. Good afternoon, Mr. Krauss. |
| 13
14
15 | BY MR. KURELEK:
Q. Good afternoon, Mr. Krauss.
Could you state your full name for the record |
| 13
14
15
16 | BY MR. KURELEK:
Q. Good afternoon, Mr. Krauss.
Could you state your full name for the record
and also tell us your occupation? |
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16
17 | BY MR. KURELEK: Q. Good afternoon, Mr. Krauss. Could you state your full name for the record and also tell us your occupation? A. My name is Dean Krauss. I'm currently the |
| 13
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16
17
18 | BY MR. KURELEK: Q. Good afternoon, Mr. Krauss.
Could you state your full name for the record and also tell us your occupation? A. My name is Dean Krauss. I'm currently the Director of Business Development and Contract Services |
| 13
14
15
16
17
18
19 | BY MR. KURELEK: Q. Good afternoon, Mr. Krauss.
Could you state your full name for the record
and also tell us your occupation? A. My name is Dean Krauss. I'm currently the
Director of Business Development and Contract Services
at NorthPoint Energy Solutions. I am also the Acting |

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02:40:13 1 A. Yes, I have. 2 Q. Do you affirm the contents of that Witness 3 Statement here today? 4 A. I do. 5 MR. KURELEK: Okay. Before I ask my last question, a for Claimant's counsel: Do you have a 6 7 cross binder for Mr. Krauss? I just want to add--he needs a copy of his Witness Statement here. 8 MS. GEHRING FLORES: We do. 9 10 MR. KURELEK: So you do? 11 MS. GEHRING FLORES: We do have a cross 12 binder for him, yes. 13 MR. KURELEK: Okay. Thank you. 14 BY MR. KURELEK: Q. My final question, Mr. Krauss, is if there 15 16 are any errors that you wish to correct related to 17 your Witness Statement? A. Yes. There are some I would like to bring 18 19 clarity on. Firstly, in Paragraph Number 3, "2008" 20 should read "2010." In Paragraph 10, "46" should read 21 "40." And finally in Schedule 1, I note where the 22 tables are titled "Scheduled," that should read

| 02:41:22 1 | "Delivered" to reflect the types of transmission that |
|------------|--|
| 2 | was utilized to deliver the energy on. |
| 3 | MR. KURELEK: Thank you, Mr. Krauss. |
| 4 | Those are my questions for now. |
| 5 | PRESIDENT VEEDER: Thank you very much. |
| 6 | There will now be questions from the |
| 7 | Claimant. |
| 8 | MS. GEHRING FLORES: Yes, Mr. President. |
| 9 | CROSS-EXAMINATION |
| 10 | BY MS. GEHRING FLORES: |
| 11 | Q. Hello, Mr. Krauss. |
| 12 | A. Hi. |
| 13 | Q. My name is Gaela Gehring Flores, and I'm |
| 14 | counsel for Mercer International in this arbitration. |
| 15 | You have a cross binder in front of you there. It |
| 16 | doesn't have many documents in it. |
| 17 | So I think you said you are currently |
| 18 | Director of Business Development and Contract Services |
| 19 | at NorthPoint; is that correct? |
| 20 | A. Yes. |
| 21 | Q. And from 2006 to 2008, were you Director of |
| 22 | Power Marketing and Contract Management at NorthPoint? |

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02:42:15 1 A. Yes. 2 Q. And you worked at NorthPoint since its 3 inception in 2001; is that correct? 4 Α. That's correct. 5 Ο. When Robert Friesen started working at NorthPoint as well? 6 7 Α. Yes. Both Robert and I were in the company before it became NorthPoint Energy. 8 Q. From 2006-2008 in your title at the time, you 9 were generally responsible for longer-term 10 11 transactions in excess of three months; is that right? 12 Α. Yes. That was the understanding that we had. 13 Q. Now, Mr. Friesen actually testified before the Tribunal last week. Actually, let me back up a 14 15 second. 16 You're aware that Mr. Friesen is a Witness who was presented by Mercer in this arbitration? 17 18 Α. I am. 19 Ο. Okay. And Mr. Friesen testified before the Tribunal last week, and he mentioned that he had 20 21 worked on some--a couple of long-term electricity 22 sales agreements with you. I believe they involved

02:43:20 1 sales into Alberta. Do you recall working with 2 Mr. Friesen on some long-term electricity sales? I do. There was one in particular that we 3 Α. did in late 1999 for delivery in 2000 or 2001. So 4 that was quite early. 5 Q. And with respect to those long-term sales, do 6 7 you recall if those contracts used transmission access other than long-term firm? 8 9 If you're speaking about the transaction that Α. we sold into Alberta, there was limited amount of 10 11 long-term firm service into Alberta which we owned at 12 the time. So, monthly non-firm service was the only 13 service that was available, so whoever had that was equivalent to having long-term firm. 14 Okay. So you entered into--NorthPoint--and 15 Ο. you Mr. Friesen arranged for long-term electricity 16 sales into Alberta using not only long-term firm 17 transmission but also non-firm monthly transmission; 18 19 is that correct? 20 A. You said two different things there. So you said "long term non-firm" and "monthly long firm." Do 21 22 you mean the same thing?

| 02:44:54 1 | Q. Sorry if I misspoke. The Contract used |
|------------|---|
| 2 | long-term firm and non-firm monthly transmission? |
| 3 | A. I'm not exactly sure whether or not that was |
| 4 | how it was structured. All I know is it was a |
| 5 | contract to deliver physical energy to Alberta. |
| 6 | Q. But you don't recall what transmission was |
| 7 | used for those contracts? Because I think just a |
| 8 | moment ago you mentioned that you did end up using |
| 9 | non-firm transmission? |
| 10 | A. I believe we did because I believe at that |
| 11 | time that was all that was available. |
| 12 | Q. In Paragraph 18 of your Statement, if you |
| 13 | want to refer to it, you say that, "Non-firm |
| 14 | transmission service holders are sometimes forced off |
| 15 | the transmission network by firm transmission holders |
| 16 | during periods of high transmission service demand." |
| 17 | Do you see that? |
| 18 | A. Yes. |
| 19 | Q. And I believe, just to clarify, when you're |
| 20 | talking about times of high transmission service |
| 21 | demand, I think you're talking about times of |
| 22 | curtailment; is that right? |

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02:46:14 1 A. Or oversubscription, yes. 2 Q. And due to that, the use of the transmission on the line needs to be curtailed; correct? 3 4 Α. Yes. 5 And I think--as your Statement puts Ο. forward--in that case, when there is curtailment, 6 7 non-firm transmission holders get bumped off; is that 8 correct? 9 A. Yes. 10 Does that--does the same hold true if someone Q. has short-term firm transmission access? 11 A. No. If holders of long-term firm 12 13 transmission service have the service and short-term firm--"firm" is firm service. So if there was a 14 curtailment required by the transmission service 15 provider, it would be done on a pro rata basis. 16 17 Q. Mr. Krauss, have you reviewed Mr. Friesen's Witness Statement? 18 19 A. I have taken a look at it, yes. 20 Q. Just going to his Witness Statement at Paragraph 8, Mr. Friesen says, "By mid-2008, there 21 22 were < >> power contracts that we were

| 02:47:32 1 | planning to broker for Celgar. At the time I did not |
|------------|--|
| 2 | believe that we would have any difficulty selling all |
| 3 | of Celgar's self-generated electricity as the quantity |
| 4 | was very small compared to the market demand." |
| 5 | Mr. Krauss, do you have any reason to |
| 6 | disagree with Mr. Friesen's statement at Paragraph 8? |
| 7 | A. I must admit when he says the quantity was |
| 8 | very small, I'm not certain what that quantity was. |
| 9 | Because my experience with the Marketing Services |
| 10 | Agreement and with the transactions we were |
| 11 | undertaking with Celgar, that we were talking about |
| 12 | very, very small amounts of energy that we were |
| 13 | transacting. |
| 14 | So if he's talking about 5 megawatts versus |
| 15 | 40 or 50 megawatts and compared to the market demand, |
| 16 | I actually can't comment on that because I'm not sure |
| 17 | what he means by the "market demand." |
| 18 | Q. Okay. |
| 19 | A. I'm not sure what he means. |
| 20 | Q. Okay. And in Paragraph 9 of Mr. Friesen's |

21 statement, he says, "I understand in the arbitration
22 proceeding Canada has called into question whether

02:48:45 1 transmission access would have been available for 2 sales of Celgar's self-generated electricity outside 3 of British Columbia and whether Celgar would have been 4 able to enter into electricity sales contracts that would have been economically efficient. I disagree 5 with Canada's position and can confirm that the 6 7 << electricity sales contracts for destinations in the **____**. I had identified in 2008 for 8 9 Celgar's self-generated electricity were very real electricity sales opportunities with transmission 10 access that would have allowed for both Celgar and 11 12 NorthPoint to profit." 13 Do you have any reason to disagree with that statement? 14

> 15 A. Not on the face of it. What's missing from 16 this is the amount of risk associated with the types 17 of transmission access that would be required to 18 undertake a transaction like this. And that isn't 19 spoken to in here.

> 20 Q. And then at Paragraph 11 of Mr. Friesen's 21 statement, he says, "I note that Mr. Rosenzweig, in 22 his Expert Report, states 'I have been informed that

02:49:56 1 firm transmission access out of B.C. is 100 percent 2 subscribed and has been 100 percent subscribed for 3 several years.' Mr. Rosenzweig has been misinformed. From the time I began working with Celgar to broker 4 its electricity sales until present day, there has 5 always been firm transmission access available out of 6 7 British Columbia for periods of up to 12 months." 8 And do you have any reason to disagree with this statement, Mr. Krauss? 9 10 First of all, when the statement is made, it Α. says, "there has always been firm transmission access 11 12 available out of British Columbia," I can't comment on that because I don't know what the context is. If 13 that means from the time he started doing it in 2006, 14 I never watched the OASIS systems to see if it was 15 available every day or if there was a time when you 16 would look for firm transmission access, whether there 17 would be an occurrence of one month in there where 18 19 there was zero. I wasn't that closely involved in knowing that, so I can't say--I can't agree or 20 disagree with the Statement that there has "always 21 22 been." I am aware that there has been monthly firm,

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02:51:07 1 and I believe there still is. 2 Q. Okay. A. At times. 3 4 MS. GEHRING FLORES: Thank you, Mr. Krauss. 5 Those are all my questions. 6 PRESIDENT VEEDER: Thank you very much. 7 Will there be any questions from the 8 Respondent? MR. KURELEK: Yes, just a few. 9 10 REDIRECT EXAMINATION 11 BY MR. KURELEK: Q. I would like to start off by asking Chris, if 12 13 you could, to call up the MSA that Mr. Krauss 14 referenced, and it's Exhibit R-349. This is the MSA 15 between NorthPoint and Celgar. 16 And, Mr. Krauss, can you read the 17 section--well, we'll wait until we get there. I think it is Page 3, Section 4.1. It's a very short section 18 19 of the MSA. 20 Now, if you could read--21 (Overlapping speakers.) 22 Q. Can you see that?

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02:51:55 1 A. I can now, yes.

2 Q. Okay. If you could read that aloud, that

3 would be great.

8 Q. Okay. Mr. Krauss, can you explain for the 9 Tribunal the impact of that provision on any possible 10 energy sales Contract that NorthPoint would have 11 entered into on behalf of an energy seller? 12 A. What this particular clause means is that in 13 the

MS. GEHRING FLORES: Excuse me, Mr. Krauss.
I'm not sure what this has to do with my
cross-examination at all.
MR. KURELEK: Two things. You raised the MSA
or that that came up in the context of questions and

02:52:56 1 risk, and Mr. Krauss is talking about that very thing. 2 PRESIDENT VEEDER: Let's see where it goes. 3 You can reserve your position. We'll come back to it, 4 if need be. 5 BY MR. KURELEK: 6 So, if you want to continue, Mr. Krauss. Q. 7 A. I believe that's all I had to say on that matter. 8 9 Okay. A related question, because you had ο. raised in your cross-examination this issue of risk to 10 NorthPoint. Are there any other risks that might 11 12 arise from NorthPoint if it undertook a long-term energy sales agreement on Celgar's behalf, the type 13 that would be longer than a year? 14 15 Yes. I believe there would be a number of Α. additional risks. The first one would be in the area 16 of transmission or delivery risk, and this would be 17 the case where Celgar would not be able to perform or 18 19 deliver or we would not have access to the transmission or we would get curtailed or bumped. So, 20 in that case, there would be a responsibility for 21 22 NorthPoint to go and buy replacement power, and if we

02:53:56 1 couldn't find replacement power, then we would be 2 subject to some type of financial settlement with the 3 buyer. 4 The second one I would talk about would be 5 reputational risk. In the event that we would continue to fail to deliver power, then it would be 6 7 difficult for us to find buyers to continue our level 8 of business. 9 Another one would be in the area of credit risk. 10 . So, in a multi-year transaction, it would likely be something that we would like to 13 investigate, particularly in the event Celgar's 14 15 industry is--their main line of business is pulp 16 business, and if something happened and the pulp 17 business went away, we would likely want to have some assurance that we wouldn't be left standing there 18 19 holding the financial bag, so to speak. 20 And in addition, the buyer would be looking for some additional -- we would be looking for 21 22 additional credit assurance from the buyer in the

02:54:57 1 event if an energy transaction was sold at the high 2 prices that were in place at that time. And where 3 prices--if prices did fall, there would be an 4 incentive for the buyer to try and get out of the 5 Contract. So, we would want some assurance from the 6 buyer that they had the wherewithal to continue to pay 7 us.

> 8 Another one would be in our area of our internal governance policies. So, in order for us to 9 have a transaction like this, we would have to have 10 two things, and they would both have to be in place. 11 12 The first one would have to be a more than reasonable 13 assurance of transition access to a counterparty, and the second one would be an offsetting purchase 14 agreement. So, the Marketing Services Agreement or 15 16 agreement with Celgar would likely constitute the offsetting purchase agreement, so we could check that 17 box off. 18

However, the more than reasonable assurance of transmission access brings in to question the whole idea of non-firm versus firm transmission. So, that would be something we'd have to take a pretty hard

02:56:07 1 look at. And generally in these type of credit 2 transactions, when you're selling forward energy, it's 3 generally a firm product, and we generally try and 4 line up firm transmission with firm energy such that 5 you try and minimize the risks associated with the 6 transaction.

> 7 The last one in the area of our internal governance policies is that if a transaction was made, 8 for example, to sell all of Celgar's output for a 9 year, possibly two, it would likely exceed our 10 personal--the personal trading limit that I had and 11 12 that Mr. Friesen had in place such that we would have to go to our next level of approval, which would be 13 our President/CEO. And as soon as you do that, 14 there's an additional level of scrutiny and risk 15 assessment that would be involved. If it was a 16 multi-year deal, for example, you would likely go 17 beyond his level, and then we have to go to our Board 18 19 of Directors. So, the level of scrutiny and risk assessment that has to go into those kind of 20 transactions increases with every level of authority. 21 22 And, finally, what I'll add is, because of

02:57:12 1 the--those limitations, the ultimate decision isn't 2 necessarily mine to make or Mr. Friesen's. It could 3 be up to our Board of Directors. 4 Thank you. I only have one more question, I Q. believe, and it's related to Claimant's counsel's 5 reference to Mr. Friesen's evidence. I just want to 6 7 fill this out a bit. 8 Do you ever recall Mr. Friesen coming to you on behalf of Celgar to try to execute a 9 12 I have no recollection of that happening. Α. 13 MR. COULOMBE: Mr. President, if you don't mind, I would also have a question for Mr. Krauss. 14 15 PRESIDENT VEEDER: There is no objection. Normally, it is one counsel, but you've both done it. 16 No objection. Please continue. 17 MR. COULOMBE: Guilty again, I assume. 18 19 BY MR. COULOMBE: Mr. Krauss, Counsel for Claimant pointed you 20 Q. 21 in the direction of Paragraph 11 of Mr. Friesen--his 22 Witness Statement, and if you wouldn't mind, I would

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02:58:26 1 like to look at it again with you. 2 MR. COULOMBE: Chris, if you wouldn't mind 3 bringing it on the board. It's Paragraph 11 of 4 Mr. Friesen's statement. Thank you. 5 BY MR. COULOMBE: Q. Mr. Friesen says essentially that there has 6 always been firm transmission access out of British 7 8 Columbia. 9 Can you see this? 10 A. I can, yes. 11 Q. Does that mean that there is transmission 12 availability? 13 MR. SHOR: Objection to the form of the 14 question. 15 MR. COULOMBE: I'm sorry. 16 MR. SHOR: You're asking a leading question. 17 PRESIDENT VEEDER: It's a little bit leading. 18 You know where it's going. 19 BY MR. COULOMBE: 20 Q. So, can you explain whether we can read into 21 this statement whether there is transmission beyond 22 the border?

02:59:12 1 A. Now, "beyond the border," are you talking 2 about on BPA's system south of the B.C.-U.S. border? Q. I'm talking after the Canadian-U.S. border, 3 4 so, yes, I would assume. 5 Α. My understanding is that all of the firm--all the transmission has been sold from the B.C.-U.S. 6 7 border has long-term firm such that there is--the only thing that's available in BPA's system, as I 8 9 understand, is that which gets reposted when the 10 holders of the firm transmission service do not 11 schedule energy on it. MR. COULOMBE: I have no further questions. 12 13 MR. KURELEK: Nor do I. 14 PRESIDENT VEEDER: The Tribunal has no questions either. 15 16 Thank you very much for coming. We have come to the end of your testimony. 17 MS. GEHRING FLORES: Mr. President, could I 18 19 just have one follow-up question on that last 20 question? 21 PRESIDENT VEEDER: If it doesn't set a 22 precedent because otherwise we get into the system of

03:00:20 1 recross, redirect, re-recross, re-redirect. 2 MS. GEHRING FLORES: Yes. Understood. 3 PRESIDENT VEEDER: Is it a short and useful 4 question? 5 MS. GEHRING FLORES: Yes, I believe so. I 6 believe it clarifies things. 7 PRESIDENT VEEDER: Go ahead. 8 RECROSS EXAMINATION BY MS. GEHRING FLORES: 9 10 Q. So, Mr. Krauss, I believe you just said that 11 all the transmission south of B.C., that all firm transmission is fully subscribed or it's all--it's not 12 13 available; correct? 14 A. That's my understanding, correct. 15 0. What about short-term firm transmission? 16 A. I don't know what the availability is of 17 short-term firm. I haven't actually looked at that. 18 MS. GEHRING FLORES: Okay. Thank you. 19 PRESIDENT VEEDER: Now, we have come to the 20 end. Thank you very much. 21 (Witness steps down.) 22 PRESIDENT VEEDER: Can we proceed with the

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03:01:13 1 next witness immediately, or should we have a short
        2 break?
         3
                   MR. OWEN: Give us a couple minutes.
                   PRESIDENT VEEDER: Two minutes. Okay.
         4
         5
                    (Brief recess.)
                 DAVID BURSEY, RESPONDENT'S WITNESS, CALLED
         6
         7
                    PRESIDENT VEEDER: Let's resume.
         8
                    We have the next Witness before the Tribunal.
        9 Please state your full name and, if you will, read the
       10
           words on the declaration on the piece of paper before
       11 you.
                    THE WITNESS: Yes. My name is David Bursey.
       12
       13
                    I solemnly declare upon my honor and
           conscience that my statement will be in accordance
       14
       15 with my sincere belief.
       16
                   PRESIDENT VEEDER: Thank you.
       17
                    There will first be questions from the
           Respondent.
       18
       19
                    MR. DOUGLAS: Just briefly.
       20
                             DIRECT EXAMINATION
       21
                   BY MR. DOUGLAS:
       22 Q. Hi, Mr. Bursey.
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| 03:05:17 1 | Are you a senior member of the regulatory bar |
|------------|--|
| 2 | of British Columbia? |
| 3 | A. Yes. Thank you. |
| 4 | MR. DOUGLAS: Sorry. |
| 5 | (Comments off microphone.) |
| 6 | MR. DOUGLAS: I've lost him already. |
| 7 | THE WITNESS: I was trying to be modest. |
| 8 | BY MR. DOUGLAS: |
| 9 | Q. Are you appearing as an expert in domestic |
| 10 | regulatory law in B.C. to assist the Tribunal today? |
| 11 | A. Yeah. |
| 12 | Q. Yesterday we heard about the reconsideration |
| 13 | of BCUC Order G-19-14. |
| 14 | A. Yes. |
| 15 | Q. Could you explain what a reconsideration is |
| 16 | in the BCUC context? |
| 17 | A. There's a procedure that's provided for under |
| 18 | the Utilities Commission Act Section 99 to apply to |
| 19 | the Commission to have a decision reconsidered, and |
| 20 | the Commission has established guidelines for how that |
| 21 | procedure would occur. |
| 22 | Under those guidelines, there's a two-step |

03:06:16 1 process for a reconsideration. First, the applicant 2 would file an Application for reconsideration, and the 3 Commission would decide under Phase I whether or not a reconsideration should proceed. In that phase, 4 Parties to the original proceeding would have a chance 5 to debate whether or not the reconsideration should 6 proceed. If the Commission decides that a 7 consideration should proceed, then they proceed to 8 Phase II, which is an actual reconsideration of the 9 10 Decision. 11 Can you explain what the G-19-14 proceeding Ο. 12 was about?

> 13 The G-19-14 proceeding concerned an Α. Application by BC Hydro to amend tariff supplement to 14 its Industrial Tariff 1823. The 1823 Tariff deals 15 with the sale of BC Hydro power to its industrial 16 17 customers, and it's a incentive rate. So, there's a charge for the first 90 percent of the power at one 18 19 rate, a lower rate, and then the last 10 percent of the power is at a much higher rate. Respectively it's 20 around \$34 for the first Tier 1 block of the power and 21 22 then about \$74 for Tier 2 power. And this is an

03:07:42 1 incentive rate to try to encourage industrial 2 customers to conserve energy because the more energy 3 they conserve at the margin, the Tier 2 rate, the less they have to pay at that rate. 4 5 So, the Tariff Supplement concerned how BC Hydro would determine the customer baseload for 6 7 that rate. Every year that baseload is adjusted. So, there's an annual adjustment to the baseload. 8 9 BC Hydro filed its baseline determination guidelines. And in the proceeding, the Commission 10 considered both that baseline calculation but also the 11 12 baselines that BC Hydro uses in its load displacement 13 contracts and in the Energy Purchase Agreements, what we've been calling EPAs in this proceeding. 14 15 The Commission was looking at the two different types of GBLs, and it called one the 16 17 uncontracted GBL, which is determining the amount of customer baseload for the--determining what charges 18 19 would apply under the 1823 rate, and it also referred to the contracted GBLs, which are the rates--not the 20 rate but the baseline that BC Hydro would establish 21 22 under a load-displacement Contract or an energy

03:09:14 1 purchase Contract to determine how much excess energy 2 would be available. 3 O. Okav. 4 Α. The Commission decided that both those quidelines should be put into that Tariff Supplement 5 to the 1823 rate. 6 7 Ο. What was the reconsideration about? 8 BC Hydro was concerned about the Contracted Α. 9 GBL rates being put into the Tariff Supplement because they did not relate to the 1823 rate, and BC Hydro 10 11 took the position that it was not a rate. And what is the status of the 12 Ο. 13 reconsideration? The Commission has gone through the Phase I 14 Α. and we're in the Phase II stage of that 15 16 reconsideration. So, the BCUC issued a 17 reconsideration Phase I Decision, in which it explained the scope of reconsideration. And in that 18 19 reconsideration, it agreed that a GBL in the context of an EPA or a LDA, Energy Purchase Agreement or Load 20 Displacement Agreement, is not a rate. But then the 21 22 issue is where would these GBL Guidelines be situated.

03:10:37 1 So, the reconsideration deals with the 2 distinction between--3 MR. SHOR: Mr. Chairman, I'm going to 4 interrupt here because this is an extended direct of 5 which we had no notification. We're talking about 6 Orders that we don't have in front of us. We were not 7 notified that there was going to be extended direct of 8 this Witness or the topic. So, I think we should stop it. 9 10 MR. DOUGLAS: It wasn't intended to be direct. My clock says we are about 15 seconds over 11 from the five-minute mark. And I have no further 12 13 questions after this. 14 PRESIDENT VEEDER: Well, let's stop there. Thank you very much. But do you have the documents to 15 16 which you've referred? Are they in evidence before 17 us? 18 MR. DOUGLAS: Yes. 19 PRESIDENT VEEDER: 19-14. G-19-14. What is 20 the reference? 21 MR. DOUGLAS: I will look it up, 22 Mr. President.

PRESIDENT VEEDER: And Tariff 1823 as well. 03:11:27 1 2 MR. DOUGLAS: Yes, Mr. President. THE WITNESS: The reconsideration letter is 3 4 C-284. Not the reconsideration--BCUC's Decision on 5 the reconsideration. 6 PRESIDENT VEEDER: There will now be 7 questions from the Claimant. 8 MR. SHOR: Can we have five minutes? PRESIDENT VEEDER: Of course. Yeah. We'll 9 10 take a five-minute break. We say this to all Witnesses, please don't discuss the case of your 11 12 testimony away from the Tribunal. 13 (Brief recess.) 14 PRESIDENT VEEDER: Let's resume. 15 MR. DOUGLAS: Just for the record because the President asked. It is--R-204 is Order G-19-14. That 16 17 was the original decision. And then Claimant's Exhibit 284 was G-106-14, which is the BCUC's 18 19 reconsideration determination. 20 CROSS-EXAMINATION 21 BY MR. SHOR: 22 Q. Mr. Bursey, can you please turn to

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03:15:53 1 Exhibit C-284, the Commission's Decision in G-106-14 2 at Page 7 of 8? I believe--3 A. I have that page. I believe it was your testimony that the 4 Ο. 5 Commission agreed with BC Hydro that contracted GBLs were not rates? 6 7 A. I was referring to the sentence at the top of Page 7. 8 Q. I'm just asking what your testimony was. Was 9 your testimony that the BCUC in this Decision agreed 10 with BC Hydro that contracted GBLs are not rates? 11 12 Α. Yes. 13 Q. Could you please turn to the bottom of Page 7 of 8 where it says "Commission summary determination 14 on Phase I." Could we blow up that? 15 16 Do you want to read that again and reconsider your testimony? 17 Sorry. You're talking about the section that 18 Α. 19 says 3.0? 20 Q. Above that. Under "Commission Summary 21 Determination on Phase I." In the first paragraph, 22 isn't it saying that "The Panel finds that, although

| 03:17:05 1 | BC Hydro disagrees with the Commission's conclusion |
|------------|---|
| 2 | that contracted GBL are rates, BC Hydro did not claim |
| 3 | the Commission made an error"? |
| 4 | Do you see that? |
| 5 | A. I see that. |
| 6 | Q. And then in the highlighted language it says |
| 7 | "For the reasons stated above, the Panel determines |
| 8 | that BC Hydro's reconsideration Application claims of |
| 9 | error were not substantiated"? |
| 10 | A. I see that. |
| 11 | Q. Isn't that rejecting BC Hydro's claim that |
| 12 | contracted GBLs were not rates? |
| 13 | A. I'm referring to theif you look at the |
| 14 | bottom of Page 6, there's athe very last paragraph |
| 15 | starts "In the TS 74 Decision, the Commission agreed |
| 16 | with BC Hydro that in considering when a GBL is a |
| 17 | rate, it is necessary to look at the use to which a |
| 18 | GBL is being put to and the specific context for that |
| 19 | use." |
| 20 | Q. Could you keep reading please the next two |
| 21 | sentences? |
| 22 | A. I was heading that way. "The Commission |

03:18:18 1 acknowledges that a GBL in the context of an EPA or an 2 LDA is not a rate." That's what I was referring to. 3 Ο. Could you read the next sentence after that, 4 please? 5 Α. "However, when establishing this GBL, BC Hydro is simultaneously determining the GBL 6 (baseline) that will apply to RS 1823 under TS 74 used 7 8 in the GBL mechanism, which is a rate." 9 Q. "Which is a rate" is what they said; right? 10 The 1823 TS 74 is a rate. Α. 11 Q. What the Commission is saying that GBL serves 12 two purposes: It determines the amount of energy that 13 BC Hydro will buy, and it determines the self-supply obligation and limits the obligation to serve. And it 14 15 is saying one of those is a rate and one isn't; 16 correct? 17 I'd prefer to go back. I think you're Α. paraphrasing it a little too simply. 18 19 Ο. But the Commission denied the request for 20 reconsideration? 21 No. It allowed the question to Α. 22 reconsideration. The request for reconsideration

03:19:17 1 focused on where the Contracted GBL Guidelines should 2 be situated. Q. Right. But not whether they should be filed 3 as a rate. Just where; correct? 4 5 Α. Well, that's an issue, the reconsideration about what to do with the Contracted GBLs Guidelines. 6 7 If we go back to the first decision, there's a number of passages that can help explain context by that. 8 9 Q. Could you turn to Paragraph 68 of your Witness Statement, please. Do you have it? 10 11 Α. Not yet. 12 Q. I'm sorry. Your Expert Report. I've been 13 corrected. 14 Α. Yes. Q. Now, you state there that "The BCUC only has 15 the power to approve energy supply Contracts"--which 16 17 we're calling EPAs--"it does not have the power to change their terms." 18 19 Is that your testimony? 20 No, that's not my testimony. What it says Α. there is "The BCUC role in reviewing energy supply 21 22 Contracts under Section 71 is to review the Contract

03:20:43 1 in the public interest and then accept it or declare 2 it unenforceable in whole or in part." 3 I'm taking issue with the word "approve." The BCUC doesn't approve the contracts. They come 4 5 into effect according to their own terms. So it's your testimony that they can approve 6 Ο. 7 it, but they can't change it? 8 Α. Correct. 9 Now, Mr. Bursey, in my regulatory experience Q. with the U.S. Federal Government, the power to approve 10 a contract effectively is the same as the power to 11 12 change it. Is your experience in B.C. different? 13 Α. Well, my experience with Section 71 relates to what the wording of Section 71 says. The word 14 15 "approve" doesn't appear in Section 71. It says the 16 obligation is to file. And under regulatory law in 17 Canada, in B.C., there's the concept of positive allowance schemes and negative allowance schemes, 18 19 positive approval schemes and negative allowance schemes. And this is a negative allowance scheme. I 20 referred that to--there's the Bell Canada Decision, 21 22 which I cite in my Report, that deals with that.

03:21:52 1 Q. My question was much simpler. 2 Α. No, it wasn't actually. 3 I'm trying to ascertain whether the Ο. Commission, if it does not approve of a particular 4 term in an energy Contract, can tell the Parties it 5 doesn't approve of that term and ask them to change it 6 or they will not approve it. Doesn't that cause them 7 8 to change it? The BCUC has the power to disallow a part, 9 Α. but it cannot prescribe what the terms the Parties are 10 11 to agree to. That's for the Parties to agree to. And if tells the Party it's going to disallow 12 Q. 13 a Contract because of a particular term, doesn't that usually, in your experience, cause the Parties to 14 15 change that term? 16 It would depend on whether or not there's Α. 17 some other--enough of a bargain to be left to deal with it. 18 19 Q. That's a possible outcome? 20 That's a possible outcome, yes. Α. 21 MR. SHOR: Thank you. I have no further 22 questions.

| 03:22:48 1 | PRESIDENT VEEDER: Are there any questions |
|------------|---|
| 2 | from the Respondent? |
| 3 | MR. DOUGLAS: Yes, just briefly. |
| 4 | REDIRECT EXAMINATION |
| 5 | BY MR. DOUGLAS: |
| 6 | Q. I'm just looking at Paragraph 68. |
| 7 | Mr. Bursey, you mentioned, I think, in your testimony |
| 8 | that an EPA comes into effect according to its own |
| 9 | terms. Can you elaborate on that for me? |
| 10 | A. Yes. The Parties negotiate the Contract, and |
| 11 | they determine the effective date. And it is possible |
| 12 | and often the case that the Contract would come into |
| 13 | effect before it is actually filed with the |
| 14 | Commission. The Contract is then filed with the |
| 15 | Commission, and the Commission decides whether it is |
| 16 | in the public interest. If it decides it is not in |
| 17 | the public interest according to the criteria set out |
| 18 | in Section 71, then it may disallow the Contract. But |
| 19 | the Contract is in effect, can be in effect at that |
| 20 | time if, according to the terms of the Contract, it |
| 21 | comes into effect prior to that acceptance by the |
| 22 | BCUC. |

03:23:54 1 Q. Are you familiar with the--do you know when 2 the Claimant's EPA with BC Hydro came into effect? MR. SHOR: We are going far beyond the scope 3 4 of my cross-examination. 5 MR. DOUGLAS: It's my last question. 6 MR. SHOR: It doesn't matter. It had nothing 7 to do with my cross-examination. 8 PRESIDENT VEEDER: It sounds a long way. But 9 is there a basis for this question in reexamination? 10 MR. DOUGLAS: We're talking about the 11 relationship between the BCUC review under Section 71 and when the legal effect of a contract takes place. 12 13 And the Witness had testified that an EPA takes effect legally according to its terms. 14 15 PRESIDENT VEEDER: Go ahead. 16 MR. DOUGLAS: So my only question was whether 17 he was familiar with--18 PRESIDENT VEEDER: Stop now. Just ask your 19 question. 20 MR. DOUGLAS: Okay. Sorry. 21 BY MR. DOUGLAS: 22 Q. Are you familiar with the legal date on which

03:24:39 1 the Claimant's EPA with BC Hydro came into effect? 2 Α. I'd have to look at the Contract. 3 One moment. Ο. 4 PRESIDENT VEEDER: We can do that. That's 5 not--6 MR. DOUGLAS: Take two seconds. 7 PRESIDENT VEEDER: Okay. Two seconds. 8 MR. DOUGLAS: Literally two seconds. 9 (Comments off microphone.) 10 BY MR. DOUGLAS: 11 Q. Just by looking at the front page of the Claimant's EPA with BC Hydro, can you determine the 12 13 date that that agreement legally came into effect? 14 MR. SHOR: Okay. That's a leading question and far beyond the scope of anything I dealt with at 15 16 cross. He's obviously been prompted. 17 PRESIDENT VEEDER: We don't need this. I mean, I'm sorry to say this, but I don't mean to 18 19 be--but we don't need your expertise to tell us the 20 answer to that question. 21 MR. DOUGLAS: Fair enough. 22 PRESIDENT VEEDER: Move on.

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MR. DOUGLAS: I'm done, Mr. President.
03:25:53 1
        2
                    PRESIDENT VEEDER: Well, thank you very much.
        3 It's been very brief, but thank you for testifying
           before the Tribunal.
        4
        5
                    THE WITNESS: Thank you very much.
                   PRESIDENT VEEDER: You can leave everything
         6
        7 there. Just leave everything.
        8
                   (Witness steps down.)
                    PRESIDENT VEEDER: Can we move to the next
        9
           Witness, or do you need a bit more time?
       10
       11
                    MR. OWEN: A couple minutes.
       12
                    PRESIDENT VEEDER: Let's take a couple of
       13 minutes.
       14
                   (Brief recess.)
       15
                    PRESIDENT VEEDER: Before we move to the next
       16
           Witness, could we clarify where we are? Because we
           may have not noted that Mr.--or Denise Mullen was not
       17
          being called, or is that Witness being called out of
       18
       19 order?
       20
                    MR. OWEN: It's my understanding that the
       21 Claimant is not calling Ms. Mullen.
       22
            MR. SHOR: That's correct.
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03:31:07 1 PRESIDENT VEEDER: Okay. So we have 2 obviously Mr. Stockard, and then we have 3 Mr. MacDougall. Again, just for planning purposes--this is not going to hold you to it--but how 4 5 long are you going to take with Mr. Stockard? 6 MR. SHOR: It's an excellent question. I 7 think we will get through both Mr. Stockard and Mr. MacDougall today, and I've spoken with counsel for 8 9 Canada. It's a function of the schedule, I think, we've been--we haven't been using the time that was 10 allocated, so there is extra time in the schedule. I 11 12 think you cut back our time so--but the current 13 thinking is we're likely to finish with these Witnesses today. We will do the Damages Witnesses on 14 Wednesday. 15 16 PRESIDENT VEEDER: That's tomorrow. 17 MR. SHOR: That's tomorrow. And then I think the Parties would like to have Thursday to prepare 18 19 their Closing Statements and reconvene on Friday to present them. 20 Is that a fair characterization? 21 22 MR. OWEN: That would be acceptable to us,

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03:32:19 1 Mr. President. 2 PRESIDENT VEEDER: That strikes us as a very 3 sensible idea. Again, let's see how it goes. We don't want 4 5 to curtail the examination, cross-examination, 6 reexamination of Witnesses, but we'll see where we 7 stand tonight. 8 JAMES STOCKARD, RESPONDENT'S WITNESS, CALLED 9 PRESIDENT VEEDER: So we have the next 10 Witness before us. So if you could state your full 11 name and read the words of the declaration on the 12 piece paper before you. THE WITNESS: James Andrew Stockard. 13 14 I solemnly declare upon my honor and conscience that my statement will be in accordance 15 16 with my sincere belief. 17 PRESIDENT VEEDER: Thank you. 18 There will be questions first from the 19 Respondent. 20 MR. OWEN: Thank you. 21 DIRECT EXAMINATION 22 BY MR. OWEN:

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03:32:58 1 Q. Mr. Stockard, you're a Senior Consultant with
        2 Pöyry; is that correct?
        3
                   MR. SHOR: Just a minute. I want to make
        4 sure we're in closed session.
        5
                   PRESIDENT VEEDER: No, we're in open session
        6 at the moment. So I think if you need it closed,
        7 we'll close it; is that right? Do you need it closed?
        8
                   MR. OWEN: We probably should go into closed
          session, a few questions.
        9
       10
                   PRESIDENT VEEDER: Okay. Let's go into
       11 closed session.
       12
                   (End of open session. Confidential business
       13 information redacted.)
       14
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03:33:21 1 CONFIDENTIAL SESSION 2 BY MR. OWEN: Mr. Stockard, you worked with Pöyry. Can you 3 Ο. tell us a little bit about Pöyry? 4 5 Α. Pöyry is a global firm that specializes in management consulting and engineering services across 6 7 a wide variety of industries. 8 Ο. And can you tell us how that firm started as a consulting firm? 9 10 The firm started from Mr. Jaakko Pöyry, who Α. 11 was an engineer and started an engineering services. As the company grew, it grew through expansion and 12 13 acquisition and went into other diversified fields. 14 And does it have any particular expertise? Q. Α. 15 Yes. Mr. Pöyry started off actually 16 designing pulp and paper mills. 17 Q. Could we have Exhibit R-591, please. 18 Can you tell me who prepared this, 19 Mr. Stockard? 20 Α. I did. 21 Q. And in this demonstrative, could you tell me 22 what data you relied on?

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03:34:35 1 A. This would be the << 2 information that was supplied by Tembec through APP, 3 Paper Excellence. 4 Q. 5 Α. No, this is only for the << Why did you choose this period of time as 6 Q. 7 opposed to the fiscal year? 8 Α. I chose this period of time because this would be the situation, the reality that they know 9 they would be facing leading up to the << 10 Okay. And were there any considerations in 12 Q. 13 terms of the data that led you to choose this? 14 Α. The considerations I did with the data was actually to look at it both from the 15 And then I also 19 did the And that would be developed both from 22 <<

03:35:49 1 Q. Mr. Stockard, you heard Mr. Merwin earlier 2 last week testify that he would--without the 3 NorthPoint and the FortisBC contracts, he would simply 4 vent high-pressure steam off the high-pressure header. 5 Can you tell us a little bit about that and what your 6 views are on that? 7 A. My view on that would be a waste of good

8 energy. The operation at Celgar is probably the most 9 unique the operations I've reviewed in the course of 10 this filing, as this facility is very much linked 11 between the kraft pulping operations as well as the 12 chemical recovery cycle. All of which is the main 13 driver for the energy generation at the plant for 14 producing power.

By venting high-pressure steam, it would not be available for power generation. But at the same token, also venting the steam would mean additional costs in terms of securing incremental fuel as well as procuring more treated water to run the boiler operations. If the processes between the kraft pulping and the steam generation plant, namely the recovery boiler, were more in balance, there wouldn't

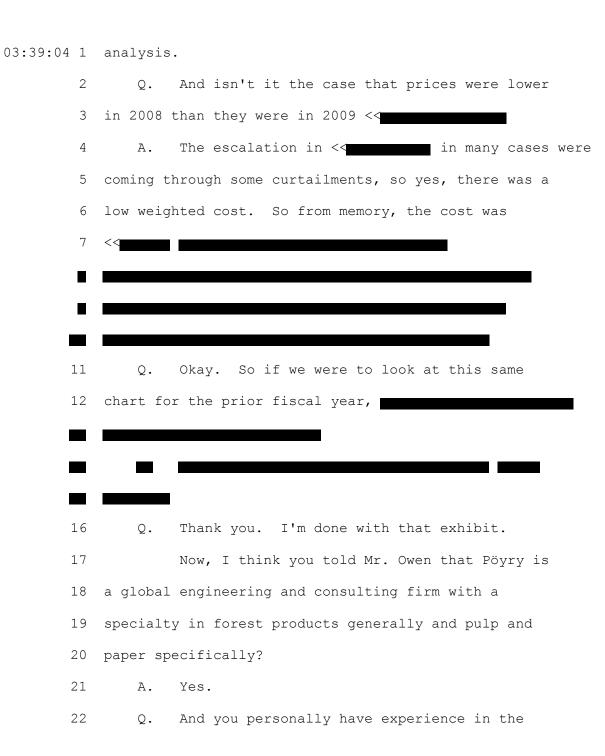
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03:37:00 1 be such a need to vent the steam. 2 MR. OWEN: Okay. No further questions. 3 PRESIDENT VEEDER: There will now be 4 questions from the Claimant. 5 CROSS-EXAMINATION 6 BY MR. SHOR: 7 Q. Put the chart up--may we keep the chart up on 8 the board? 9 I just want to understand the data on this chart. So Mr. Lague testified that << were 10 11 included and you're telling me he was wrong and > are not included in here; is that correct? 13 A. The << were not included on this as the << were not within the data set provided 14 15 by Paper Excellence. 16 Q. Okay. And are the lines--does that 17 include--if I look onto the red line, for example, the 18 21 A. It would be 22 Q. Okay. So to get to a <<

| 1 | 8 | 4 | 4 |
|---|---|---|---|
| | | | |

| 03:38:12 1 | there wou | ald be << |
|----------------------------|--|--|
| 2 | Α. | To get to a << you would |
| 3 | | (Overlapping speakers.) |
| 4 | Α. | |
| 5 | Q. | I apologize. |
| 6 | Α. | To get to the << |
| | | |
| 8 | that Mr. | Switlishoff reports. |
| 9 | Q. | Right. So if I wanted to look at a red line |
| 10 | that woul | ld show << |
| | | that red line would be |
| 12 | higher, d | correct? |
| | | |
| 13 | Α. | That red line would be higher because of the |
| 13
14 | A. | That red line would be higher because of the |
| | A. | That red line would be higher because of the |
| | A.
<<
Q. | That red line would be higher because of the
Okay. Now, I notice you prepared this chart |
| 14 | <<
Q. | |
| 14
16 | <<
Q.
for 2008 | Okay. Now, I notice you prepared this chart |
| 14
16
17 | <<
Q.
for 2008 | Okay. Now, I notice you prepared this chart
and 2009. You also had available data for |
| 14
16
17
18 | <<
Q.
for 2008
Tembec's | Okay. Now, I notice you prepared this chart
and 2009. You also had available data for
Fiscal Year 2008, did you not? |
| 14
16
17
18
19 | <<
Q.
for 2008
Tembec's
A. | Okay. Now, I notice you prepared this chart
and 2009. You also had available data for
Fiscal Year 2008, did you not?
Yes. |

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03:40:04 1 operation of NBSK pulp mills, having project 2 experience of roughly 30 kraft mills, I think you said 3 in your statement? I don't recall exactly. If you could show me 4 Α. 5 there. I've been to over 100 different facilities 6 globally. 7 If you look in your binder at Paragraph 3 of Ο. 8 your first Expert Report. Where exactly would you like me to look? 9 Α. 10 Paragraph 3. I'm sorry, Paragraph 2. And Q. 11 it's 50, not 30. No, 30. Paragraph 2. I've worked with or visited over 50 pulp and 12 Α. 13 paper facilities in North America and Europe. I have project experience at approximately 30 kraft mills. 14 15 Ο. Thank you. Now, during a call we had with 16 the Tribunal, Mr. Owen argued that Independent Experts 17 needed to be impartial. Have you presented an impartial analysis in your testimony? 18 19 Α. I believe I have. 20 You're not simply an advocate for Canada? Q. No, sir. 21 Α. 22 Q. You're not simply presenting evidence and

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03:41:23 1 analyses that support Canada's position? 2 Α. No, sir. 3 So if a common issue arose that affected Ο. multiple mills, you applied the same analysis and 4 5 looked at the same data across those mills? 6 Α. Subject to the availability of information, I 7 would have done that. And I've made those requests of Canada for seeking equivalent information and 8 9 datasets. 10 So, would you say that you strive to take a Q. fair and even-handed approach? 11 12 I was trying to be fair in all cases. Α. 13 And am I correct that Canada tasked you with Q. determining whether or not BC Hydro followed a 14 consistent principle for determining GBLs for 15 16 different pulp mills in British Columbia? 17 I was reviewing the principles and the Α. guidelines that BC Hydro was going through in terms of 18 19 trying to see if the estimates and the conclusions made were reasonable based off of the stated evidence. 20 21 Were you trying to determine whether they Ο. 22 followed a consistent principle?

03:42:19 1 Α. Yes. 2 Q. I take it your first task then was to identify the principle whose consistent application 3 you were going to test for; correct? 4 5 Α. Yes. Try to understand exactly what the process was so that I could actually go through and 6 assess in a similar fashion as BC Hydro. 7 8 Ο. Could you turn to Paragraph 49 of your First 9 Report, please. Can you just take a look at that. I want to ask you the question: Is this the GBL 10 11 principle you applied in your analysis? 12 Α. Yes, for the main part. The context being 13 that in part of this process BC Hydro was looking to procure incremental energy for the Province. 14 15 Okay. Now, in Footnote 28, I think you Ο. provide two sources for the principle. One is the 16 17 BC Hydro Information Report dated June 2012, and the other is Mr. Dyck's Witness Statement at Paragraph 44? 18 19 Do you see that in Footnote 28? 20 Α. Yes. Q. Now, let's consider Mr. Dyck's Witness 21 22 Statement first. Did Mr. Dyck provide any source or

03:43:41 1 reference for his GBL principle in Paragraph 44, if 2 you recall? 3 Not that I can recall without reviewing his Α. 4 testimony. 5 Ο. So you obtained your understanding of the principle directly from Mr. Dyck? 6 7 No, sir. Α. 8 Just from a review of his testimony? Ο. No, sir. 9 Α. 10 You cited Mr. Dyck, Paragraph 44, as the Q. 11 source. What does that mean? 12 Α. I cited Mr. Dyck as a source in terms of the process he was relating, as he recalled it. I also 13 looked through the information I was being provided at 14 the time, the contemporaneous, more information 15 16 available in order to understand the process as if I was trying to go through it myself. 17 18 Okay. I don't want to understand the Ο. 19 process. I'm just asking about the GBL principle that 20 you were testing to see whether it was consistently applied. What was your sources for identifying what 21 22 that principle was. It was Mr. Dyck's Witness

03:44:39 1 Statement, Paragraph 44, and the June 2012 Information 2 Report; correct? 3 Α. Those would be--those are chief sources for 4 it, yes. 5 Ο. Okay. Now, Mr. Dyck's Witness Statement, 6 Paragraph 44, was written in 2014, was it not? 7 Α. Correct. That was why I was seeking other information sources to understand it correctly. 8 9 Q. And the June 2012 Information Report obviously was issued in June 2012; correct? 10 11 As the Report states. Α. 12 So, because you relied on 2012 and 2014 Q. 13 sources for the GBL principle whose Application you tested, your analysis would not have allowed you to 14 ascertain whether or not that principle was created 15 post hoc to justify previous determinations, would it? 16 17 No. I would not agree with that statement as Α. I also looked at some of the information session 18 19 material that was made available and the questions that were asked as a part of the RFP Administrator 20 Process and in terms of being the most contemporaneous 21 22 at the time frame.

03:45:44 1 Q. But you didn't cite that as a source in your 2 First Expert Report, did you? 3 No, I did not cite it. Α. 4 Ο. Okay. Now, have an engineering degree; 5 correct? 6 Α. Correct. 7 Q. As an engineer, when you go to build something, do you draft the plan before you build it 8 or afterwards? 9 10 Generally, you're going to start drafting it Α. 11 beforehand. Q. So, correspondingly, if you were asked to 12 13 examine whether a project was built according to design specifications, you would not rely on drawings 14 created after the Project was built, would you? 15 16 I would have to rely on some of those Α. 17 drawings because even to design projects change in the course of as they are being built. 18 19 Q. But I'm talking about design drawings made after it was built. You wouldn't rely on that to see 20 if it was built according to the specification, would 21 22 you?

| 03:46:26 1 | A. I'm not sure I understand the question |
|------------|--|
| 2 | because the drawing that I would be examining would be |
| 3 | what is meant to have actually been built. |
| 4 | Q. No, but I'm giving you a different example. |
| 5 | A. That's what I'm trying to understand. |
| 6 | Q. If you were to examine whether a project was |
| 7 | built according to design specifications, and someone |
| 8 | gave you drawings that they said they made five years |
| 9 | after the project was built, would you rely on those |
| 10 | drawings to determine whether the Project was built |
| 11 | according to design specifications? |
| 12 | A. As long as what it was that I was assessing |
| 13 | was still in the same state as when it was built at |
| 14 | the end ofhow can I say this? Upon it was actually |
| 15 | completed and not changed in between. |
| 16 | Q. But if the specifications were not provided |
| 17 | until after the project was built, how could it |
| 18 | possibly have governed how the project was built? |
| 19 | A. From an engineering principle, the |
| 20 | specifications are defined before I start building. |
| 21 | Q. But my hypothetical was different. My |
| 22 | hypothetical was you don't get the specifications |

03:47:28 1 until after.

2 A. And, again, from a specification point and 3 BC Hydro seeking to procure new energy--4 Ο. I wasn't asking about that. 5 Α. I'm just putting it in the same time frame 6 and--as I believe you're trying to do the comparison. 7 Ο. Okay. Let's look at an example. I was wondering if you'll indulge me. There should be a tab 8 9 in your binder called DX2. And I just wanted to walk 10 through a GBL calculation with you for a hypothetical 11 mill. MR. OWEN: Sorry. We haven't seen this 12 13 before. What is this? 14 MR. SHOR: This is just a hypothetical, a 15 demonstrative. 16 MR. OWEN: Just a hypothetical? Is this 17 like--is this another "white rabbit," Mr. Shor? 18 MR. SHOR: No, it's just a hypothetical. 19 PRESIDENT VEEDER: In this case, you can't 20 say it is "just" a hypothetical. Is this the first 21 time we've seen it? 22 MR. SHOR: Yeah. I'm just putting numbers up

03:48:17 1 on a board and asking him to try and compute a GBL. 2 MR. OWEN: Mr. President, this has really got 3 to stop. Like, I mean, honestly, I've been patient. I really feel that I have. 4 5 MR. SHOR: It is clearly a demonstrative exhibit. It's not--6 7 (Overlapping speakers.) 8 PRESIDENT VEEDER: We can't--sorry, we can't 9 argue. Just please explain what this is. 10 MR. SHOR: I just want to walk us all through 11 the process of if you're given some data, how you come 12 up with a GBL. This is purely hypothetical data that 13 is just an example of some numbers, so I think we want to get a sense. I want to give everybody a sense for 14 how much variability there could be in determining 15 16 what the GBL would be. 17 PRESIDENT VEEDER: So, it's not put in as evidence. 18 19 MR. SHOR: It's not put in as evidence. It's 20 purely a demonstrative exhibit. 21 PRESIDENT VEEDER: And it's not meant to 22 reflect any existing material in evidence.

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03:49:04 1 MR. SHOR: It is not meant to reflect 2 anything. 3 PRESIDENT VEEDER: And this "Hypochuck Mill" 4 is a complete fiction. 5 MR. SHOR: It's not Skookumchuck, let's say 6 that, yes. 7 PRESIDENT VEEDER: Well, let's ask the Respondent. Basically, this material could be put 8 9 orally. And it would be much more difficult and time 10 consuming. What's the prejudice--11 MR. OWEN: I quess so. PRESIDENT VEEDER: Let me finish. 12 13 MR. OWEN: Sir, please. 14 PRESIDENT VEEDER: What's the prejudice in having this material put to the Witness? 15 16 MR. DOUGLAS: GBL. This is--it's almost like a game show. The Witness is here to testify to his 17 expertise, not to have hypotheticals put up. 18 19 MR. OWEN: Mr. Stockard's Expert Report is an 20 assessment of the Generator Baselines that were set 21 for the various comparators that the Claimant 22 identified, and he did look at the Standard, that's

| 03:49:50 1 | true, but now he's being ambushed. And this is |
|------------|--|
| 2 | MR. SHOR: He's not being ambushed. |
| 3 | MR. OWEN: Can you let me finish, please, |
| 4 | sir. You have a very bad habit that way. |
| 5 | Now he's being ambushed with this |
| 6 | hypothetical example. It is not something that he has |
| 7 | had time to consider. It is not something that he's |
| 8 | actually looked at in his Expert Report. If Mr. Shor |
| 9 | wants to put questions to him about what happened with |
| 10 | Skookumchuck, Canfor, real-world situations, that's |
| 11 | fine, but HypochuckHypochuck? Okay. Sorry. It |
| 12 | doesn't exist in the real world, and I fear that this |
| 13 | is just another game to twist the Witness into knots |
| 14 | with clever questions, and let's concentrate on what |
| 15 | he should be cross-examining on, which is the Expert |
| 16 | Report. |
| 17 | PRESIDENT VEEDER: One moment. |
| 18 | (Tribunal conferring.) |
| 19 | PRESIDENT VEEDER: We have one question. |
| 20 | Isthis Hypochuck Mill is slightly relevant of |
| 21 | another mill, but do these figuresare they taken |
| 22 | from anywhere |

03:51:48 1 MR. SHOR: They are not--PRESIDENT VEEDER: --similarity, or are you 2 3 going to say that they are analogous to another mill? MR. SHOR: No. I'm just using this as a 4 5 hypothetical example. 6 PRESIDENT VEEDER: A complete hypothetical. 7 MR. SHOR: A complete hypothetical. 8 PRESIDENT VEEDER: Well, we're going to let 9 you go ahead. 10 But can we say to the Witness, if you can't 11 answer, you must say so. If your answer needs more time, you must say so. If you can't understand the 12 13 question, please say so. 14 THE WITNESS: Very well. 15 PRESIDENT VEEDER: Let's see where it goes. 16 BY MR. SHOR: 17 So Mr. Stockard, what I presented here is Q. some data for a hypothetical mill. I provided 18 19 generation data, purchase data, calculated the 20 self-supply, which is referred to as "generation to 21 load." I've given you the load. I've given you 22 five years' worth of data, and I just want to

03:52:33 1 understand the process you went through in evaluating
2 all the other mills you evaluated to understand
3 whether the GBL calculation was reasonable, so I was
4 going present these data to you and ask you to walk us
5 all through what you think a reasonable GBL for a mill
6 with these data characteristics would be.

7 And if it helps, I'm willing to give you some of my assumptions, which are that the Mill only burns 8 hog fuel in its boiler, it's never sold electricity, 9 it has always used its generation to meet its own 10 load, it has no force majeure shutdowns or sales or 11 12 other complicating events. I just want to know, in light of these generation data, what you think the 13 reasonable GBL would be. 14

15 A. I would need to think about it; however, I 16 also need additional assumptions. This has nothing to 17 do with the configuration of the facility, let alone 18 what exactly is providing the energy for the power 19 generation.

20 Q. I told you it was just exclusively a hog 21 boiler.

22 A. A hog boiler from one facility to the other

03:53:31 1 as compared to these comparators are very different. 2 Specifically, for the Celgar facility, it does not go to power generation. So, when you say a "hog boiler," 3 that, in this case, could mean absolutely nothing 4 5 here. 6 Okay. So, you can't just look at actual Q. 7 generation load, purchase data, self-supply obligation and reach any conclusion at all about what the range 8 of reasonable results for a GBL would be? 9 10 I would not because I would be going for and Α. 11 looking for additional information as it relates to 12 the process implications. 13 So, you can't tell me looking at these Q. incomes whether would you use a one-year average or a 14 two-year average or a three-year average? 15 16 There is no way for me to assess what could Α. be considered normal, what the configuration of the 17 facility, what are the circumstances for the 18 production. As I said, there is a lot of assumptions 19 and information that you have suggested here by a 20 series of numbers, but are not available. 21 22 Q. Okay. Now, you're aware, are you not, that

03:54:36 1 one of the points in dispute in this arbitration is
2 whether Celgar sales of self-generated electricity to
3 NorthPoint and FortisBC should have been included in
4 Celgar's GBL; correct?

5 A. Yes, I believe that was one of the points6 raised.

Q. And in your Second Report you performed an extensive analysis of Celgar's contention that it would not have produced that electricity absent its contracts with FortisBC and NorthPoint?

11 I looked at the facility and the way it was Α. 12 configured, and based off of the pulp generation and 13 the daily pulp generation and what that equated to in power generation, it was my conclusion that they would 14 have been generating this energy without an incentive. 15 16 Okay. Could you turn to Paragraph 15 of your Q. 17 Second Statement.

Now, Mr. Merwin presented a thermal balance analysis in his testimony, and I take it you're contending that the only way to substantiate the figures provided for thermal balance is through a detailed mass and energy balance?

| 03:55:52 1 | A. Thein context of what I was referencing in |
|------------|--|
| 2 | Mr. Merwin's Second Statement, it was a presentation |
| 3 | of, as I recall, three years of information, and what |
| 4 | he determined was the actual generation and what |
| 5 | heas what attributed energy generation forin |
| 6 | excess of thermal balance. But there was no |
| 7 | additional information or context in terms of how he |
| 8 | had arrived at it. |
| 9 | Q. Okay. And to substantiate the figures he |
| 10 | provided, you would need a detailed mass and energy |
| 11 | <pre>balance; correct?</pre> |
| 12 | A. I would have liked to have understood what it |
| 13 | is he did and the assumptions he made. |
| 14 | Q. Again, I'll repeat the question. To |
| 15 | substantiate the figures he providedI'm just using |
| 16 | your wordsyou would need a detailed mass and energy |
| 17 | <pre>balance; correct?</pre> |
| 18 | A. To substantiate in great detail would be |
| 19 | that, but also to understand what he did, I would need |
| 20 | that. |
| 21 | Q. And so why is it important to substantiate |
| 22 | Mr. Merwin's thermal balance analysis? |

| 03:56:49 1 | A. Because for what he wasI do not know what |
|------------|---|
| 2 | it was he was reporting was thermal balance. |
| 3 | Q. Okay. Now, the Tembec Skookumchuck Mill also |
| 4 | made a << commentation with |
| 5 | obtaining a GBL in 2009, did it not? |
| 6 | A. It did. |
| 7 | Q. Could you show me where in your reports you |
| 8 | discussed the << |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| 15 | A. I reviewed what his << were, as |
| 16 | well as what was stated to be the << for |
| 17 | the plant. |
| 18 | Q. But you did not have a detailed << |
| | correct? |
| 20 | A. Detailed would be the diagrams that he |
| 21 | provided, which was there both on,>> as |
| 22 | well as identifying << |

| 03:57:42 1 | | |
|------------|---|---|
| | | |
| 3 | Q. I'm still not suredid you have a detailed | |
| 4 | << for Tembec Skookumchuck? Yes | S |
| 5 | or no? | |
| 6 | A. The << the that Mr. Lague provided was | |
| 7 | sufficient for me to understand how the facility was | |
| 8 | operating. | |
| 9 | Q. But it wasn't the detailed << | |
| | you criticized Mr. Merwin for not providing? | |
| 11 | A. The diagram I'm referring to, Mr. Merwin | |
| 12 | provided no diagram in support of his claim. | |
| 13 | Q. And Mr. Lague just provided a diagram, not a | |
| 14 | detailed << correct? | |
| 15 | A. The diagram contains the information. | |
| 16 | Q. Could you turn to Paragraph 85 of your Second | |
| 17 | Report. Here, you talk about the possible need of the | |
| 18 | auxiliary boiler in winter months to provide | |
| 19 | additional heat for the plant; am I correct?for the | |
| 20 | Celgar plant? | |
| 21 | A. Yes. | |
| 22 | Q. Where in your reports did you evaluate the | |

| 03:58:56 1 | operational benefit for the Tembec Skookumchuck Mill |
|------------|--|
| 2 | |
| 3 | A. I did not need to assess that there because |
| 4 | they have an additional boiler that was shown on the |
| 5 | <pre>that Mr. Lague provided BC Hydro.</pre> |
| 6 | Q. Now, on Paragraph 14 of your Second Report |
| 7 | A. I'm sorry; what paragraph? |
| 8 | Q. Paragraph 14. |
| 9 | A. And Second Report? |
| 10 | Q. Second Report. All my questions are going to |
| 11 | be related to the Second Report. |
| 12 | A. Here |
| 13 | Q. If I understand it correctly, you're |
| 14 | describing numerous operational benefits Celgar would |
| 15 | have obtained from running a second boiler in addition |
| 16 | to its recovery boiler; correct? |
| 17 | A. Yes. These are all observations of |
| 18 | statements made within energy managers' reports and |
| 19 | other documents at the time of how the hog boiler was |
| 20 | being used and substantiated for its operation. |
| 21 | Q. And the purpose of your testimony here is to |
| 22 | point out that the pulp mill would not shut down its |

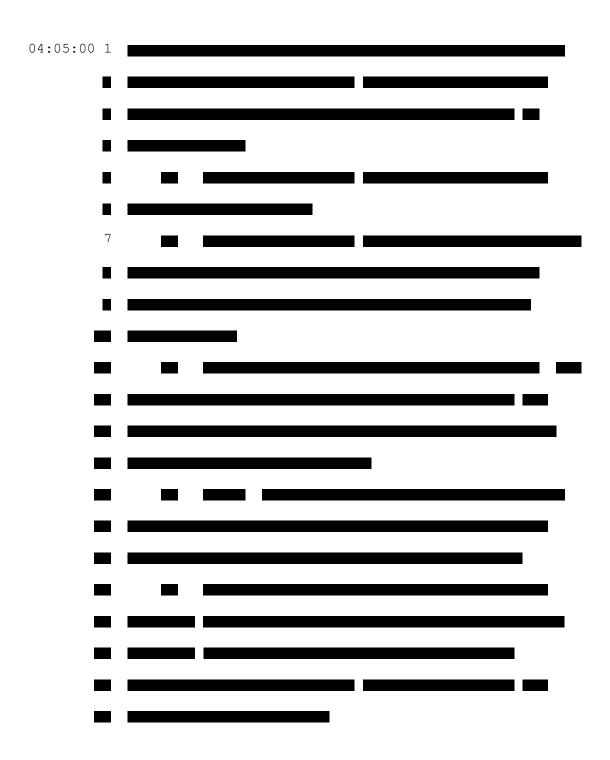
04:00:08 1 second boiler without first considering all the 2 operational benefits of the second boiler, in addition to its electricity output; correct? 3 Not limited to that. In some cases 4 Α. statements were being made that the boiler was 5 required for environmental permit reasons as well as 6 7 for process upsets, which was indicated by the continuous firing of natural gas in the summer months 8 to keep it on hot idle. 9 10 Now, for Tembec Skookumchuck, the hog boiler Q. 11 was their second boiler; right? They had a recovery boiler and a hog boiler? 12 13 Α. As well as a smaller natural gas boiler. 14 Can you show me where in your reports you Q. analyze the operational benefits to the Tembec 15 Skookumchuck kraft pulp mill of << 16 18 I did not note anything in my second Expert Α. 19 Report. I noted the aspects of the costs of the 20 operation in my first Expert Report for the Skookumchuck Mill in relation to << 21

| 04:01:39 1 | Q. The costs but not the operational benefits. |
|------------|--|
| 2 | A. The operational benefits for them differs |
| 3 | from the Skookumchuck Mill versus Celgar. |
| 4 | Q. I know. But you didn't analyze for the |
| 5 | Skookumchuck Mill any of operational benefits they |
| 6 | would have receivedlet me finish my question. |
| 7 | But for the Skookumchuck Mill, you did not in |
| 8 | either of your Reports analyze the operational |
| 9 | benefits in addition to generating electricity that |
| 10 | Tembec Skookumchuck would have obtained from << |
| - | did you? |
| 12 | A. I did notI discounted it and did not |
| 13 | explicitly state it as the boiler is not needed for |
| 14 | that operation. |
| 15 | Q. But you're talking about here |
| 16 | additionallet's look at what you talk about. |
| 17 | In Paragraph 14 you say that "The Celgar |
| 18 | secondary boiler provided disposal for hog fuel |
| 19 | generated on-site that would have to be disposed of in |
| 20 | a landfill or otherwise removed." |
| 21 | Is that a reference to screen finds? |
| 22 | A. It is more than just screen finds. |

But it would include screen finds? 04:02:53 1 Ο. 2 Α. It should include screen finds. I'm not sure what exactly in this number. Is this in reference to 3 4 the << tonnage? 5 Ο. I'm not asking for any number at all. I'm just saying that you're saying that there's an 6 7 operational benefit to Celgar of being able to burn hog fuel that it produces itself in its secondary 8 boiler. And I'm asking why wouldn't Tembec 9 Skookumchuck receive the same benefit from its ability 10 11 to << 13 Because for one, the operations are different Α.

as Celgar has a wood room. It is an on-site operation 14 that is used for them to process logs and generate 15 16 chips, which in the normal course of a sawmill 17 operation, this is what is occurring as it produces lumber. So, they would be generating a substantially 18 19 higher volume of hog fuel at Celgar than at 20 Skookumchuck. That is completely reliant on purchased chips and must go out and source this material to 21 22 bring it to the site adding additional cost.

| 04:04:01 | Now, as for the << I believe you |
|----------|--|
| : | were asking about how else they could do it. I |
| | B believe Mr. Lague had indicated beforehand about the |
| | a operation of that hog boiler. And as I stated |
| | 5 previously, a hog boiler from one facility to the |
| | other is not the same. The capacities are different. |
| | 7 The operation is different. And I believe, as |
| : | 8 Mr. Lague stated this morning, they had other measures |
| 2 |) of << at |
| 1 |) Skookumchuck. |
| 1: | Q. I think if I recall his testimony was they |
| 1: | 2 << |
| | |
| 1. | Q. Yes. Now, you were talking earlier with |
| 1 | 5 Mr. Owen about Mr. Mercer's claim that he would vent |
| 1 | 5 the excess steam and avoid producing the electricity. |
| 1 | You call that wasted energy I think? |
| 1: | A. It would be wasted from what is happening. |
| 1 | However, if the process can't take it, they have to |
| 2 |) vent it. |
| 23 | Q. Okay. So why would Tembec Skookumchuck have |
| 22 | |



Did you analyze those costs? 04:05:58 1 Q. 2 Α. I wouldn't know those costs. I have analyzed--those costs for the facility. I did not 3 4 analyze it at that low of a level. I would know that 5 from my operational experience, not to underutilize 6 essentially a piece of asset that would be, as I said, rough numbers off my head, they might use it < 7 Okay. On Page 11 and 13 of your Second 9 Q. 10 Report, Pages 11-13, you report the results of your 11 attempt to substantiate Celgar's reported annual 12 generation data to mill monthly and daily reports; is 13 that correct? 14 A. You're referring to--15 Pages 11-13 under your heading "Load Data Ο. 16 Irregularities." 17 Yes. This was my review of the daily Α. statistics collected as well as additional information 18 19 collected at Celgar and monthly statistics and then 20 comparing it to the information provided in 21 Mr. Merwin's Second Witness Statement. 22 Q. So you were trying to substantiate the annual

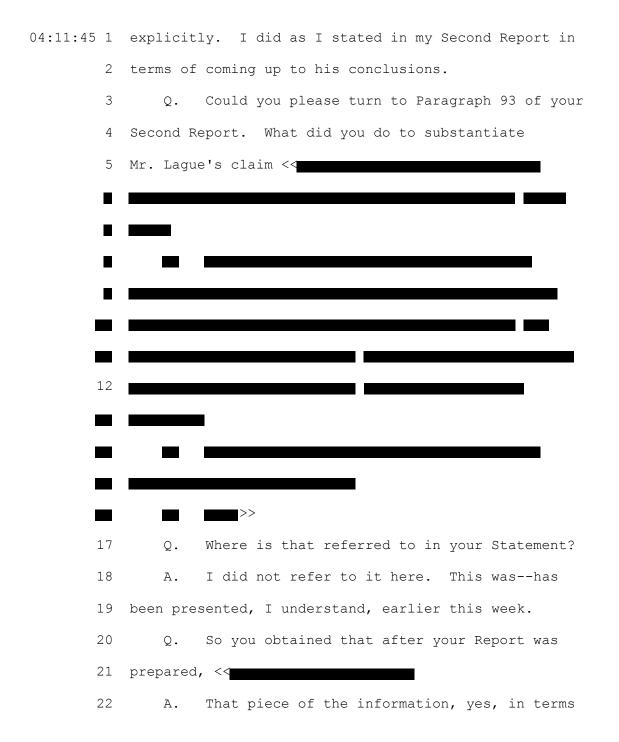
04:07:21 1 date that Celgar had provided and trying to reconcile 2 it with its monthly and daily data? A. I was more confirming it to ensure that as I 3 looked at the daily information, everything was adding 4 5 up. 6 Q. Now, BC Hydro also based Howe Sound's GBL on 7 its generation data. Where in your Reports can I find the same analysis to validate the data for Howe Sound 8 9 that you did for Celgar? 10 I requested daily information; however, it Α. 11 was not available. 12 Q. It was produced to us. 13 A. In terms of all of this? 14 Q. For Howe Sound. A. Can you direct me to it? 15 16 It wouldn't do any good if I could. I Q. wouldn't ask you to do it now. BC Hydro did not have 17 data on Howe Sound's generation levels at the time of 18 19 its EPA? 20 Α. For the daily level? They would have some of it. You're speaking to generation? 21 22 Q. Generation and self-supply and load and

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04:08:22 1 everything. They would have everything, wouldn't 2 they? 3 They would have that information, yes. Α. And you didn't obtain that? 4 Ο. 5 Α. I do not remember the exhibit number exactly right now. 6 7 Q. No. But you--A. I reviewed the information as I stated in my 8 Report at that level. 9 10 Q. For Howe Sound you reviewed the monthly and 11 daily data to see if it tied with the numbers that BC Hydro relied upon? 12 13 Α. Relied upon the information in Figure 11 of 14 my First Witness Statement. 15 Q. Could you tell me what page that is on? 16 Α. 50. 17 Q. In your First Witness Statement? 18 A. Figure 11. 19 Q. I'm sorry. I'm on the wrong page. I looked 20 at Paragraph 50. You did not attempt to go behind the data on which BC Hydro relied for Howe Sound, but you 21 22 did for Celgar?

| 04:09:40 1 | A. There was not additional production |
|------------|---|
| 2 | information or other metrics for the facility that I |
| 3 | was using in my assessment available. |
| 4 | Q. Again, could you answer my question, please. |
| 5 | A. I did not because there was not additional |
| 6 | daily production information and other metrics that I |
| 7 | was assessing that was available. |
| 8 | Q. Did you ask for it? |
| 9 | A. Yes. |
| 10 | Q. And they didn't provide it to you? |
| 11 | A. I do not recall the exact answer. |
| 12 | Q. Now, on Pages 23-42 of your Second Report, |
| 13 | for some 19 pages, you have a very technical |
| 14 | analysisor at least it seemed technical to meof |
| 15 | everything from daily natural gas prices, market |
| 16 | electricity prices, steam generation level, all of |
| 17 | which you used to evaluate Mr. Merwin's claim that |
| 18 | Celgar would not have produced discretionary |
| 19 | electricity it was generating to sell to FortisBC and |
| 20 | NorthPoint; correct? |
| 21 | A. It was more than that. It was also to |
| 22 | illustrate how the actual facility runs and how |

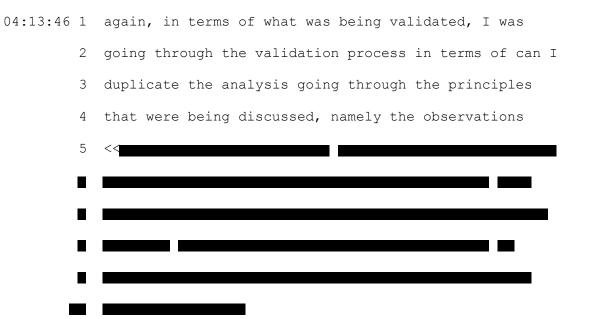
04:10:43 1 lengthy the pulp production process is to power 2 generation specific to that site. 3 Where in your Report can I find the same Ο. level of detail or analysis of Tembec's claim that 4 5 absent an EPA << 7 It would be a part of their--the information Α. relied upon in the fact that they have a condensing 8 turbine that would be there for them to utilize. So, 9 10 ergo their production variation is going to differ 11 than that of Celgar's. Where is your analysis of their information? 12 Q. 13 I do not have the daily production numbers. Α. 14 Q. Did you ask for it? 15 I do not recall right now. Α. 16 Did you ask Mr. Lague for it? Q. 17 No, I did not ask Mr. Lague as he would not Α. necessarily have that. I don't know. That was a part 18 19 of his model. 20 And did you ask him for the underlying data Q. 21 in his model? 22 A. I did not look at Mr. Lague's model



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04:12:55 1 <<

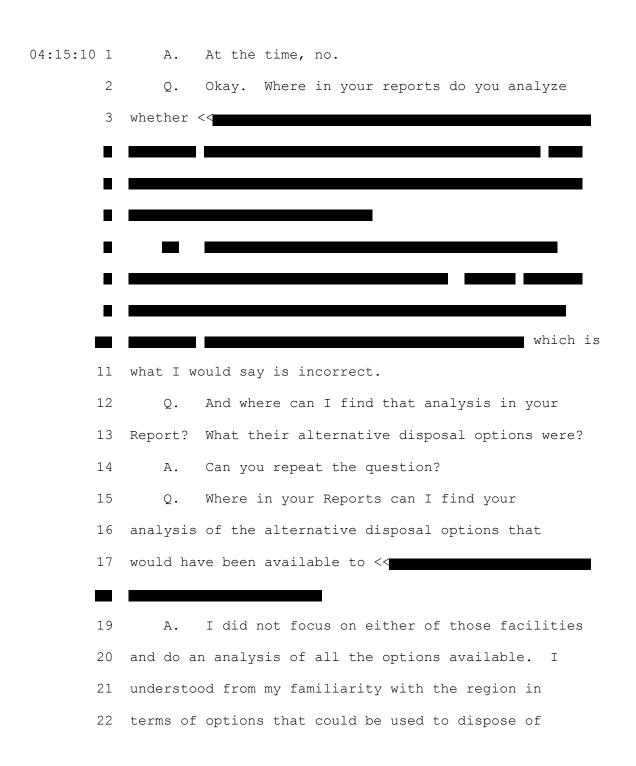
2 Q. So it was not at all part of your analysis? 3 That specific piece of information was not a Α. part of my analysis here. My analysis is, as I 4 5 stated, using some of the assumptions that I've seen through the documentations and things I do in the 6 normal course of my business. 7 8 You decided to rely on assumptions instead of Ο. actual data from Tembec? 9 10 Well, I relied upon the statements and the Α. 11 conclusions that are both purported by Mr. Lague as well as what is stated in BC Hydro's analysis of the 12 13 situation at the time. 14 Q. Okay. So when Mr. Merwin said something, you analyzed it in detail and went to the underlying data, 15 16 but when Mr. Lague said something, you relied on his 17 statements? No. I did actually try to do an analysis and 18 Α. 19 see if I would come to the same conclusion. 20 Without asking him for the data on which he Q. 21 relied? 22 A. It was not in the evidence at the time. And

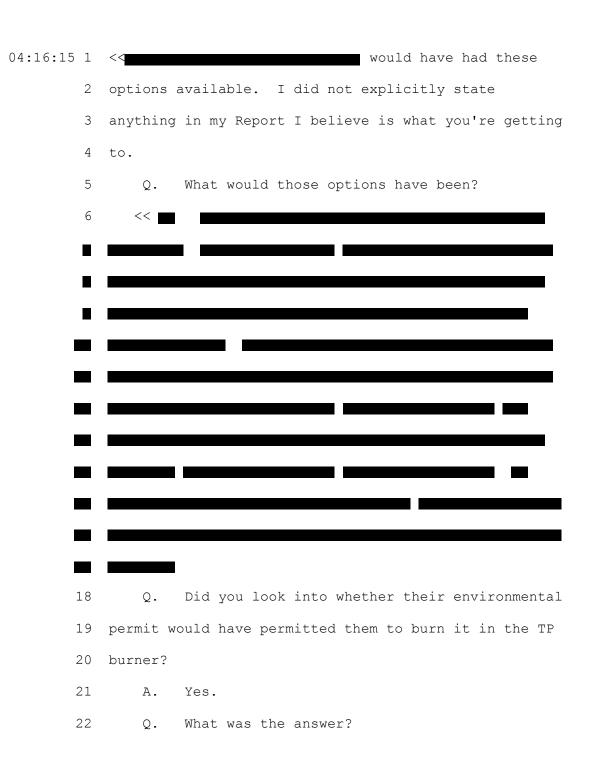


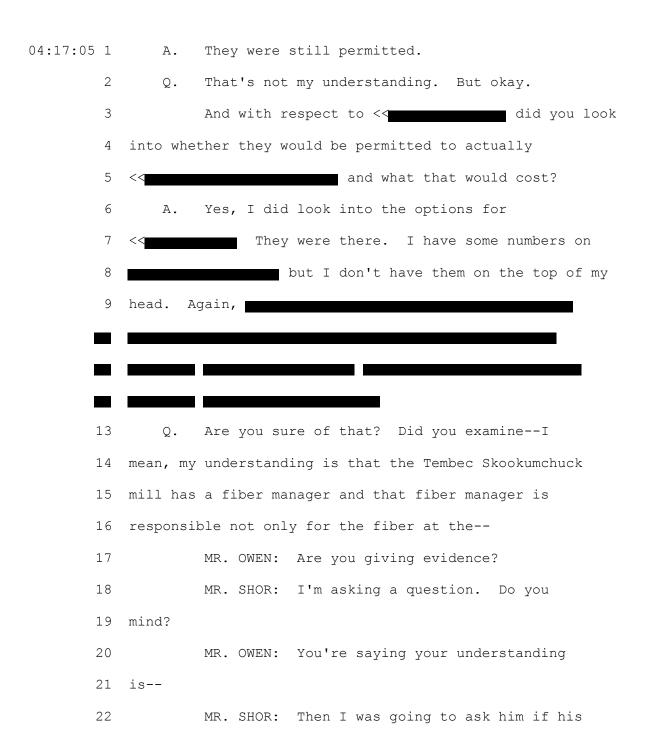
Q. Could you turn to Paragraph 83 of your Second Report. Here you evaluate whether Celgar's pulp mill would have alternative customers for its own produced hog fuel and point out there would be alternative disposal costs that would have to be considered in any economic analysis; is that correct?

A. Yes. It was a matter of I did not see an
analysis on cost-benefit by Mr. Merwin in terms of
running the hog fuel boiler or not.

20 Q. And you point out that you're not aware of 21 local facilities that would have purchased this hog 22 fuel; correct?







| 04:18:04 1 | understanding is the same if that's okay with you, or |
|------------|--|
| 2 | would you like to write my questions for me? |
| 3 | PRESIDENT VEEDER: Let's please stop this. |
| 4 | Please continue with the question. |
| 5 | BY MR. SHOR: |
| 6 | Q. Did you talk to the fiber manager at |
| 7 | Skookumchuck? |
| 8 | A. At the point in timenot at the point in |
| 9 | time in question. |
| 10 | Q. In preparing your Report, did you talk to |
| 11 | anyone at Skookumchuck to understand how operationally |
| 12 | they actually handled << |
| - | |
| | |
| 15 | A. The information that I've seen would be that, |
| 16 | |
| | But that does not necessarily |
| 18 | mean that the fiber manager at Skookumchuck has << |
| | |
| 20 | Q. But you don't know that for a fact, do you? |
| 21 | A. I know that from the public documents that |

22 are out there, that I'm sorry to say is not in

04:19:00 1 evidence, these were separate businesses for Tembec, 2 and these operations would have been managed 3 separately. 4 Q. So it's your testimony that << would have been a decision that was made exclusively by the pulp 6 7 mill and they would have ignored completely the << 8 Is that your testimony? 10 The Skookumchuck Pulp Mill does not own the Α. 11 sawmills. 12 Ο. It did at the time, didn't it? It is all 13 owned by the same parent company, is it not? 14 That would be a separate decision. That Α. would not be under the purview of the pulp mill. 15 16 So, it would have to go up the food chain. Q. 17 So, before the general manager of the sawmill, of the pulp mill made a decision << 18 19 wouldn't he have to consult with some VP higher up in 20 corporate who would also consider the effect on the 21 sawmills? 22 A. I do not know the chain of command that would

| :19:52 1 | have gone through to make that final decision. |
|----------|---|
| 2 | Q. Okay. So you don't really know whether |
| 3 | Tembec would have considered |
| | You're just speculating. |
| 5 | MR. DOUGLAS: Mr. President, Mr. Lague was |
| 6 | here this morning and does work at Tembec. And I find |
| 7 | it odd that those questions weren't posed to |
| 8 | PRESIDENT VEEDER: That's a matter for |
| 9 | submission later, as you know. Please let the |
| 10 | questions continue. |
| 11 | THE WITNESS: As part of my evidence and |
| 12 | statements being made, << |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| 16 | BY MR. SHOR: |
| 17 | Q. I'm talking about the whole period from 2008 |
| 18 | through 2009. Did you come across any documents |
| 19 | indicating that Tembec or that BC Hydro performed any |
| 20 | analysis of << |
| | |
| | |

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04:20:56 1 Α. I do not recall. 2 Q. Did you see any evidence of such an analysis 3 by Tembec? 4 Α. The analysis of the implication of--can you 5 state the question a little clearer, please? 6 Q. I won't take that personally. 7 Did you see any analysis of such--did you see any evidence of such an analysis by Tembec? And by 8 "such an analysis," I was referring to an analysis of 9 10 13 My review of the information was information Α. that was specific to the Skookumchuck Mill. Anything 14 15 that would have been at a corporate level, I think is 16 where you're going, I did not see anything. 17 So, if I can summarize your Second Report, Q. you present 35 pages of data and technical analysis to 18 19 analyze how Celgar was likely to operate this plant 20 without sales contracts, but when it comes to Tembec Skookumchuck, you essentially accepted Mr. Lague's 21 22 statement that

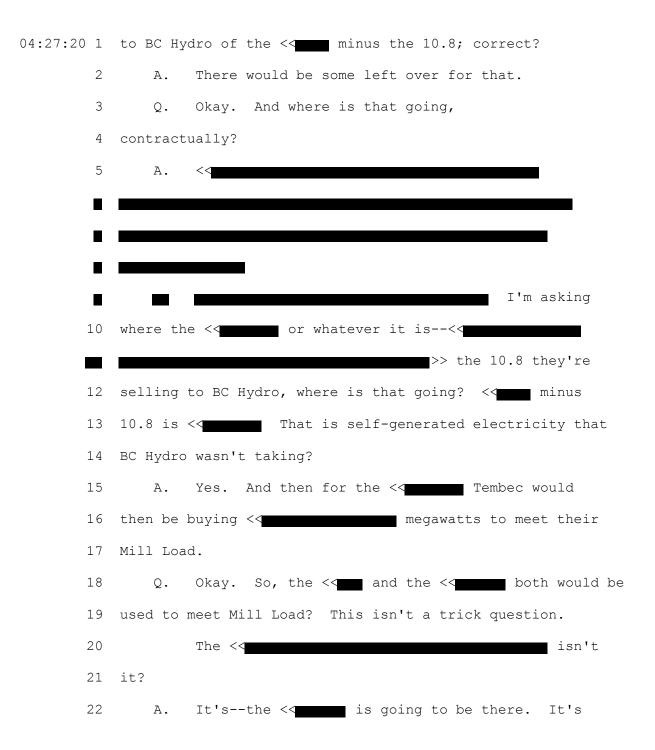
04:22:17 1 without substantiation or analysis; correct? 2 A. No. That's--I would not portray it that way at all. In terms of assessments of the operations, in 3 terms of what << 4 5 I went through and assessed it in terms of having that 6 8 Ο. I have one final set of questions. 9 In the case of Skookumchuck, the discretionary electricity at issue in the << 10 11 was electricity the Mill was actually using for self-supply to meet its load, was it not? 12 13 A. I'm sorry; which electricity are you referring to? 14 Under the 1997 EPA. << 15 Q. was it not? 19 Α. What was not sold to BC Hydro was--20 Was used by Skookumchuck mill to meet its own Q. 21 load. 22 A. No, I can't--I'm not sure at this point in

04:23:35 1 time on the question. It was a--between the 2 contractual stipulations and what was occurring for the facility the << >> 10.8 megawatts --3 Went to BC Hydro? 4 Q. 5 Α. Went to BC Hydro. << So, I don't know what 8 generation level on an average you're referring to. 9 Okay. But anything above what was being sold Q. 10 to BC Hydro was being used to meet the Mill's load? Anything above what was being sold to 11 Α. BC Hydro was--12 13 Q. Was being used for load displacement; 14 correct? 15 Α. 17 Q. Where did it go? Was it sold to a third 18 party? 19 A. As I looked at the BC Hydro information, 20 <<

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04:24:33 1 Q. I think Mr. Dyck told us yesterday that there 2 << So, apart 3 from the 10.8, what would the Tembec Skookumchuck Mill have used its < > generation for, if not to 4 5 self-supply its own load? Would be actually--again, it would be 6 Α. BC Hydro power that they would--that they purchased, 7 8 and then BC Hydro would--I'm sorry, Tembec would be buying it back. 9 10 I'm talking about the Mill's generation. Q. 11 Α. I am too. Okay. So, my understanding--and we went 12 Q. 13 through this with Mr. Dyck--the Mill typically 14 generated around < megawatt hours. It sold 10.8 to 15 BC Hydro. So, it had << 16 self-generation. My question to you is, what were 17 they using that < for? 18 A. The Mill Load itself was << 24. So, a 19 <<

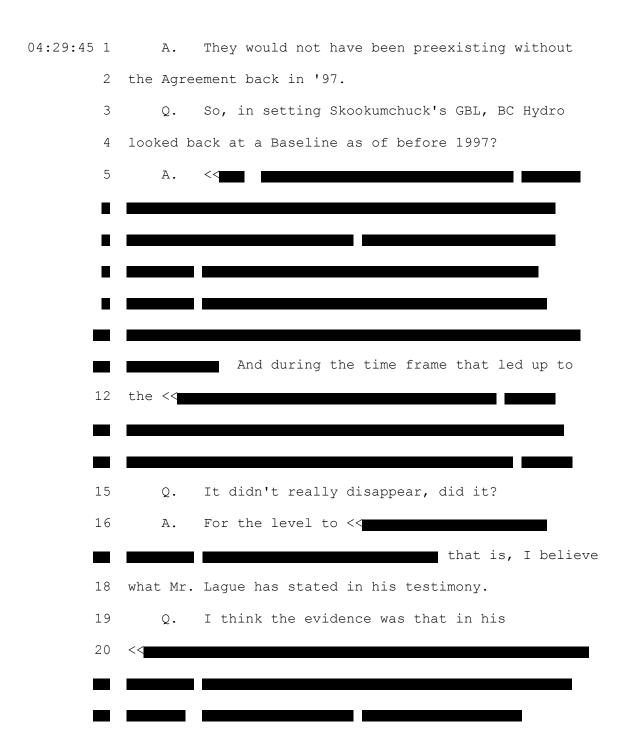
| 04:26:00 1 | Q. So, the portion that was going to BC Hydro, I |
|------------|---|
| 2 | already took care of. The rest of it was being used |
| 3 | << correct? It was << |
| I | |
| 4 | think is what you just said. |
| 5 | A. << |
| | |
| | |
| 8 | Q. I'm not talking about what they have to buy. |
| 9 | I'm talking about their self-generation, again, in my |
| 10 | example. I believe it was 26, but I'll take your 24. |
| 11 | Mill Load was 24. Tembec was generating << selling |
| 12 | 10.4 to BC Hydro. << minus 10.4 is << The Mill |
| 13 | Load is 24. Isn't the 19.6 going to meet the Mill |
| 14 | Load, and they're buying << |
| - | from BC Hydro? |
| 16 | A. Can I have the numbers one more time? |
| 17 | Q. I was afraid you were going to ask that. |
| 18 | Mill Load is << Sales to BC Hydro are 10.8. |
| 19 | A. One second, please. |
| 20 | Q. I'm sorry. Generation is << Mill Load is |
| 21 | 24, sales to BC Hydro are 10.8. So, the Mill has |
| 22 | << what it's required to supply |



1890

04:28:54 1 going to be used on-site and not--2 Q. Used on-site for what? To self-supply; 3 correct? 4 A. For generation of the plant. 5 Q. Right. I'm sorry. For the what? A. Generation of the plant. I mean, to meet the 6 7 Mill Load. 8 Q. To meet the Mill Load of the pulp mill. It's being used for self-supply. That wasn't so hard, was 9 10 it? 11 A. I just try to go through your numbers. That's all. 12 13 Q. In the Skookumchuck case, what we're talking about is electricity that was used for self-supply and 14 15 otherwise would have been includable in their GBL; 16 correct? 17 A. No. Because, again, the supposition there is the fact that these assets would be preexisting, 18 19 absent what happened in '97--or later, when Tembec 20 acquired. Q. But the assets were preexisting, weren't 21 22 they? They were installed in 2001?





| 04:31:00 1 | | | | | |
|------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| 2 | A. Sorry; can you show me where that is that | | | | |
| 3 | you're referring to? | | | | |
| 4 | Q. I'll move on. | | | | |
| 5 | Okay. So, it's your testimony that the hog | | | | |
| 6 | boiler that was installed in 2001 under the 1997 EPA | | | | |
| 7 | and the turbine generator, the 43.5-megawatt turbine | | | | |
| 8 | generator that was installed in 2001 and that operated | | | | |
| 9 | continuously with shutdown periods from 2001 to 2009, | | | | |
| 10 | that was not a preexisting asset for purposes of the | | | | |
| 11 | GBL determination as of 2009? | | | | |
| 12 | A. It was a preexisting asset that << | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| 17 | Q. The plant hadn't shut down, had it? | | | | |
| 18 | A. The plant had shut down when the pulp mill | | | | |
| 19 | went down. | | | | |
| 20 | Q. When the pulp mill went down, but after the | | | | |
| 21 | pulp mill came back up again, they continued to | | | | |
| 22 | operate the hog boiler, did they not? | | | | |

04:32:06 1 A. As memory serves, << Now, in Celgar's case, all the electricity it 3 Ο. was selling to both NorthPoint and FortisBC was 4 5 surplus electricity, that is, electricity in excess of their load. Is that your understanding? 6 7 A. It was electricity that, in a given day or hour, it was not being able to be consumed at the 8 9 site, so it was compensated by FortisBC. If the opportunity coincided with NorthPoint, it would be 10 11 incentived that way. 12 Why was it not being able to be consumed at Ο. 13 the site? 14 Because the load itself, the plant was Α. running efficiently enough that the -- as Mr. Merwin 15 16 stated, as the operations improved from Blue Goose, 17 the generating capabilities of the site exceeded what the consumption was. 18 19 Q. So, it was surplus to the load? 20 It was, in a given hour, it could not be Α. consumed at the site. It was overgeneration. 21 22 Q. Okay. It was overgeneration.

04:33:02 1 So, does that mean it was electricity that 2 could have been used by Celgar to meet its load? 3 It was being used at that basis. Α. I thought you just said it couldn't be used 4 Ο. 5 on that basis because it was surplus and could not be consumed at the--6 7 Α. It could not be consistently produced due to the production process of the kraft mill. 8 9 When it was produced, it couldn't be consumed Q. 10 at the Mill? 11 Α. It couldn't be consumed at the Mill. And the 12 Mill was compensated for it. 13 Okay. So, they were able to sell it because Q. it was surplussed to their load? 14 15 Α. In a given hour. 16 And is it your understanding that in a GBL Q. calculation, you should include electricity that is 17 surplussed to the Mill's Load? 18 19 Α. In the GBL calculation, in the context of 20 what BC Hydro was going through to look for procurement, they were, in essence, as I looked at the 21 22 facility as well, the variability being demonstrated

04:33:55 1 for what that generator could do over a period of 2 time, it would come out to be 40 megawatts. Q. Could you answer my question, though, please? 3 I'm talking about the surplus electricity. If it is 4 5 surplus to the load and can never be used to produce--can never be used for self-supply, how can it 6 7 get included in the GBL? 8 It--if it was surplus electricity and can Α. never be consumed at the site--9 10 Q. Correct? 11 --if it was surplus electricity, it was being Α. 12 compensated, and it was--compensation was coming 13 because the facility was out of balance; namely that the pulp production rates that went above to the point 14 15 to where there was more steam that could be consumed 16 and the facility itself, at a given point in time, did 17 not have a load. So, a pulp mill with excess generation is out 18 Ο. 19 of balance? 20 That would be the reason why they were Α. venting steam, as well as other reasons to--that's how 21 22 the facility operated. They were trying to get it

2 could reliably export power; however, they had not 3 achieved those things yet. 4 Ο. They weren't trying to make some extra money 5 by selling power? 6 No. Because this generation, because of the Α. 7 tight linkage between the pulp mill and the chemical recovery process, it was going to be generation that 8 9 was going to be needed. I mean, there was a detriment to not having the steam available to the manufacturing 10 11 process, namely, you run the risk of not producing 12 pulp. 13 Okay. My understanding from all the Q. testimony of the last few days, that when the mill was 14 running optimally, when it was hitting its targets, it 15 16 was generating 48 megawatts and using 43 megawatts to 17 self-supply, and it had 5 megawatts available for sale that it sold when it could, is your testimony 18 19 different that the mill optimally would only generate 43, and when it was generating 48, it was out of 20

04:34:54 1 into balance and run it at a sustainable rate so they

21 balance?

22 A. I don't believe. I believe you're

2 the line diagram. 3 Yes, and Mr. Dyck's testimony. Ο. 4 This is how, being reflected, what would be Α. typically. As I look at that balance and I look at 5 those numbers, it is not based off of 48 megawatts, as 6 7 what their actual generation was, was lower than that. However, on an hourly basis, as you can see in my 8 9 Report, the generator actually generated substantially 10 more electricity, but in the times when the pulp mill 11 was not running efficiently, was not meeting 12 production rates, generation had a substantial 13 shortfall. Okay. And is it your testimony that the GBL 14 Q. is to be based on hourly data or an annual period? 15 16 This was being assessed over a 365-day Α. 17 period. Q. And over the 365-day period in calendar year 18 19 2007, was the Mill generating enough electricity to 20 meet its load? 21 A. It was--on an annual basis, it was in 22 balance, with a slight excess in generation. So, it

04:35:51 1 referencing Mr. Merwin's May 2008 letter to BC Hydro,

04:36:49 1 was--the GBL, again, to average out the variability 2 with--attributed to the process, would come out to be 3 40 megawatts. 4 Q. The Mill didn't, in fact, average out its 5 variability. The Mill was operating under normal operating conditions through the year. I think that's 6 7 a conclusion you draw in your testimony. That variability was normal; correct? 8 9 Α. It was the new normal for the facility and not related to the previous historical demonstration. 10 11 So, over 365 days, sometimes the Mill Q. 12 generated in excess of its load; sometimes it 13 generated below its load? 14 A. Correct. And the load was not a stagnant number either. Some days the load was--15 16 Q. And that was--17 PRESIDENT VEEDER: I think you're both talking very quickly, which is making it hard for the 18 19 shorthand writer, but also, we can't have 20 overspeaking. 21 BY MR. SHOR: 22 Q. Okay. So, the Mill's normal operations were

04:37:41 1 not to meet its load on all days?

A. I would not characterize it that way. If the Mill was running reliably and if the Mill was hitting the targeted production that it would be, it would be generating to meet its load.

6 Q. But that's would be, could be, should be.7 I'm asking what it actually was doing.

8 What was a normal level at which it was 9 operating that year? In fact, it didn't hit its target every day, and many days it generated less. 10 11 Because it generated less pulp. Α. 12 And isn't--in effect, aren't you then Q. advocating setting the GBL not at the levels it 13 actually achieved, but at some different level above 14 what it normally achieved, its average? 15

16 A. It would be the demonstrated practice over 17 the year, which, again, the normal operations 18 reflected.

19 Q. But the demonstrated practice over the year, 20 wasn't it--the amount of generation that the Mill 21 actually used for self-supply was not 349. It was 22 326.7; isn't that correct?

| 04:38:42 1 | A. No. Again, the generation that was occurring |
|------------|--|
| 2 | there, running the way it did, it would have been used |
| 3 | for self-supply. But at times, you purport that at |
| 4 | some days they're running higher, so they're running |
| 5 | more pulp than they should be, by your same situation. |
| 6 | So, if they weren't running as fast, they would |
| 7 | actually be averaging out to the same generation |
| 8 | level. |
| 9 | Q. But doesn't that theory propose operating the |
| 10 | Mill in some way other than the way it was operating? |
| 11 | The way it was operating only produced 326 for |
| 12 | self-supply. Your supposition that under some other |
| 13 | set of conditions, it might meet 349 on a regular |
| 14 | basis, that wasn't, in fact, how it operated in 2007, |
| 15 | was it? |
| 16 | A. It operated in terms of generating |
| 17 | 350 gigawatt hoursI'm sorry, a little over |
| 18 | 350 gigawatt hours, and 349 gigawatt hours was what it |
| 19 | needed to actuallywas its Mill Load, as stated in |
| 20 | Mr. Merwin's Annex A. |
| 21 | Q. Right. And how many of the 350 megawatts |

22 that it generated did it actually use for self-supply

04:39:47 1 in that year?

2 A. From the way that the situation was 3 occurring, from the -- financially what it looked like, it was going towards the self-supply. So, all of it 4 5 except what was needed for Mill Load. 6 Then why did they have to buy power from Q. 7 FortisBC? What was that used for? 8 Why did they buy power from FortisBC? Α. 9 Yeah. Was that not used for self-supply? Q. 10 That was attributed to Mill Load, but at the Α. same time, the load was not--the Mill was not running 11 12 at times. That was Mr. Merwin's, I believe, reason 13 for using 8,400 hours. 14 Q. Okay. So, when you said 349 was used for load, you didn't mean 349 of the 350 that they 15 16 actually generated; right? That was some hypothetical how it might have operated if it smoothed out its 17 peaks and smoothed out its valleys and operated 18 19 better? 20 That would be the same kind of smoothing out, Α.

21 the peaks and valleys, as you put it, on the 2007 Line 22 Diagram that said this is how it typically operated,

04:40:49 1 which it did not generate--if you want to take the 2 megawatts and do that over the course of 3 hours and do the same thing on consumption, again, it does not come out to the numbers that were 4 5 demonstrated. 6 Q. So, the GBL was based not on Tembec's actual 7 daily generation or actual annual generation. It required some smoothing out to get to that number. Is 8 9 that your testimony? 10 A. Not Tembec. 11 Q. I'm sorry. Celgar. 12 Because that would be reflective of the Α. 13 variability from the procurement process, in terms of that variability, again, being attributed to the 14 manufacturing process where this facility is the only 15 16 one that would be subject to that extreme variability 17 going towards its generation. 18 MR. SHOR: I have no further questions. 19 PRESIDENT VEEDER: Thank you very much. We're going to take a break now. But some estimate of 20 how long the redirect might take? 21 22 MR. OWEN: 20 minutes maybe.

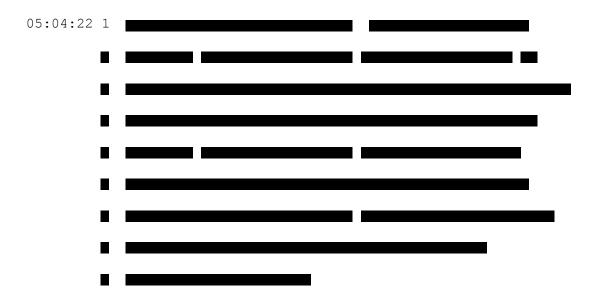
| 04:41:49 1 | PRESIDENT VEEDER: Let's take a 10-minute | | |
|------------|---|--|--|
| 2 | break. You've heard this before, but don't discuss | | |
| 3 | your testimony or the case until you come back before | | |
| 4 | the Tribunal. | | |
| 5 | (Brief recess.) | | |
| 6 | PRESIDENT VEEDER: Let's resume. | | |
| 7 | REDIRECT EXAMINATION | | |
| 8 | BY MR. OWEN: | | |
| 9 | Q. Hi, Mr. Stockard. | | |
| 10 | A. Hello. | | |
| 11 | Q. I don't have too many questions for you, | | |
| 12 | you'll be happy to know. | | |
| 13 | Can we get R-196, please. | | |
| 14 | Do you recognize this, Mr. Stockard? | | |
| 15 | A. Yes. | | |
| 16 | Q. Okay. And could you just explain briefly for | | |
| 17 | the Tribunal how this differs from what we have in | | |
| 18 | Paragraph 29 of Mr. Merwin's Witness Statement? | | |
| 19 | MR. SHOR: Again, was this something I | | |
| 20 | covered in cross? I don't recall ever referring to | | |
| 21 | this diagram. | | |
| 22 | THE WITNESS: Yes. Yes, you did. | | |

05:01:38 1 PRESIDENT VEEDER: I think you're going to 2 find that you did, but let's wait another few 3 questions. THE WITNESS: I don't have Mr. Merwin's 4 5 statement in front of me. MR. OWEN: We can pull that up. How about 6 7 pulling up Paragraph 29 of Mr. Merwin's Witness Statement, please? 8 This is restricted access, so it should be 9 10 closed. And it will be the next page, I'm sorry. 11 Yep. 12 PRESIDENT VEEDER: This is his First Witness 13 Statement. 14 BY MR. OWEN: Q. So, does this refresh your memory, 15 16 Mr. Stockard? 17 A. Yes, it does. Q. Can you tell me what this table is? 18 19 A. What it lists is from Mr. Merwin--from 20 Annex A would be the actual energy generation would be 21 the center column. And then in the first--I'm 22 sorry--the second and fourth column would be his

| 1 | 9 | \cap | 5 |
|---|---|--------|--------|
| - | ~ | U | \sim |

| 05:03:12 1 | assessment in terms of what would be energy produced |
|------------|--|
| 2 | in excess of the steam balance and what the Celgar |
| 3 | annual electrical generation restricted to thermal |
| 4 | balance would be. |
| 5 | Q. Did you have enough data here to assess this? |
| 6 | A. No, I did not. |
| 7 | Q. Could we go to R-196, please. |
| 8 | Could you just maybe speak to this document |
| 9 | and what information it has and maybe what other |
| 10 | information you had on Tembec Skookumchuck, please. |
| 11 | A. This document actually hasis a two-page |
| 12 | document. This document was prepared from Mr. Lague |
| 13 | |
| | |
| | |
| - | |
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10 Now, on the far right is actually the 11 consumers, and this is where the steam is going. Now, you can see this in the broad context of some of the 12 13 other testimony. This is what would be going to the 14 pulping or the digester area, what would be going to 15 the pulp drier. The hog boiling utilities, as there 16 is some parasitic load there, the evaporation plant, 17 the--essentially the area that is used to prepare the 18 fuel for the recovery boiler, and again for the 19 low-pressure header it's duplicated for the consumers 20 on that header. 21 There is actually more, if I recall, down at

22 the bottom?

| 05:05:22 1 | Q. I'm just going to caution you, we're very |
|------------|--|
| 2 | short on time, and I know you can talk about this |
| 3 | stuff for hours. I've talked to you. |
| 4 | A. But can we go to the next page then? |
| 5 | Q. No, no, weI'm going to restrain you, |
| 6 | please. I did want to bring it up just to highlight |
| 7 | one thing, though, just to clarify for the Tribunal. |
| 8 | At the top there is the hog boiler. Maybe we |
| 9 | can just pull this up, because Mr. Shor was asking you |
| 10 | about this. There is the hog boiler, there's the |
| 11 | recovery boiler, and then we have the power boiler. |
| 12 | Can you just explain that? |
| 13 | A. This was my point I was trying to make to |
| 14 | Mr. Shor to where the operation at Celgar is not the |
| 15 | same for Skookumchuck when we're talking hog |
| 16 | boiler-to-hog boiler. In brevity, I will try this: |
| 17 | The power boiler is a small natural gas unit |
| 18 | there that the operation had beforehand. Celgar |
| 19 | doesn't have access to this type of equipment. The |
| 20 | hog boiler at Skookumchuck is roughly << the |
| 21 | size of what is at Celgar. And also the key |
| 22 | difference here being the hog boiler at Skookumchuck |

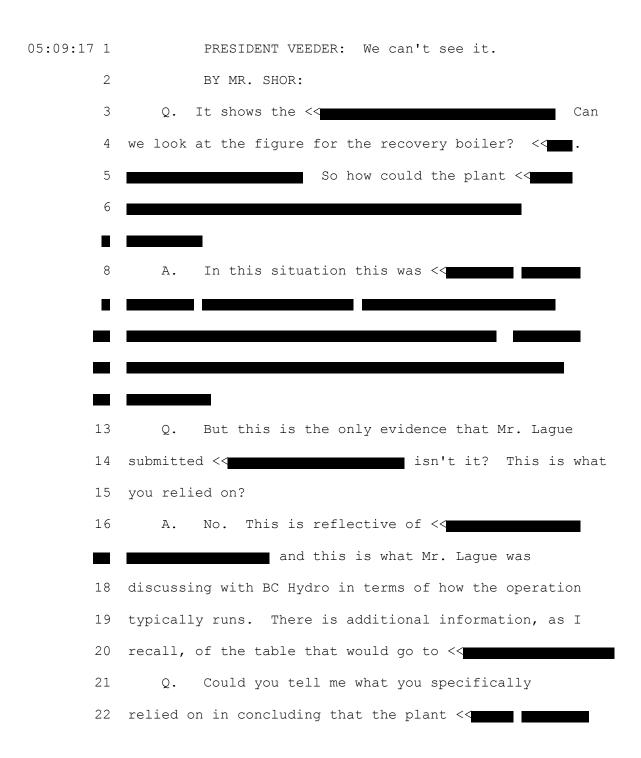
| 05:06:23 1 | << | | | |
|------------|--|--|--|--|
| 2 | unlike Celgar, which you can see in the 2007 line | | | |
| 3 | diagram in what Mr. Merwin provided BC Hydro. | | | |
| 4 | The contribution to steam generation at | | | |
| 5 | Celgar comes from its small hog boiler, but the actual | | | |
| 6 | power generation is only attributable to the recovery | | | |
| 7 | boiler. | | | |
| 8 | Q. Okay. Thank you. One last, final question. | | | |
| 9 | Can you go to Paragraph 9 of your Second Expert | | | |
| 10 | Report, please. | | | |
| 11 | A. I'm there. | | | |
| 12 | Q. Could you just give me the percentage there, | | | |
| 13 | your conclusion about how often Celgar was above its | | | |
| 14 | load? | | | |
| 15 | A. Above the GBL BC Hydro assessed was | | | |
| 16 | 79 percent of the time in 2007. | | | |
| 17 | Q. Now, you looked at the hourly data for this; | | | |
| 18 | right? | | | |
| 19 | A. Right. | | | |
| 20 | Q. Did Mr. Switlishoff present any of the hourly | | | |
| 21 | data to back up his figures? | | | |
| 22 | A. No. There was nothing that I saw. | | | |

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05:07:33 1
                 MR. OWEN: Thank you. No further questions.
        2
                  MR. SHOR: Can I have just one follow-up
        3 questions on the chart? Just one.
                  PRESIDENT VEEDER: I knew this would be a
        4
        5 precedent.
                   MR. SHOR: Just one question. I was looking
        6
        7 for this before and I couldn't find it, so I just want
        8 to ask one question.
                  PRESIDENT VEEDER: There is no objection to
        9
       10 this?
       11
          MR. OWEN: No.
       12
                  PRESIDENT VEEDER: I like it when you say it
       13 with enthusiasm.
       14
                  (Laughter.)
       15
          PRESIDENT VEEDER: Please proceed.
       16
                         RECROSS-EXAMINATION
       17
                  BY MR. SHOR:
       18
          Q. I just love flowcharts so I was fascinated by
       19 this.
       20
                   I may be missing something, but on the
       21 right-hand side it shows the <<
```

1910

05:08:15 1 correct? A. On a << basis. 2 3 Q. And the recovery boiler << 4 is that correct? 5 A. I can't see it. Q. So my question to you is: How could the 6 7 plant << 9 A. This is << Q. So this doesn't tell me--10 11 A. So that would be the other page I was 12 referring to as part of this exhibit. 13 PRESIDENT VEEDER: Let's look at the other 14 page if it helps. BY MR. SHOR: 15 Q. Okay. So here the _____ is? 16 17 A. It is difficult to read from here. 18 Q. Okay. Well, look on the right. << 19 I think. 20 MR. DOUGLAS: Can we make it bigger for the 21 Witness? 22 MR. SHOR: Make it bigger for me.

| 1911 |
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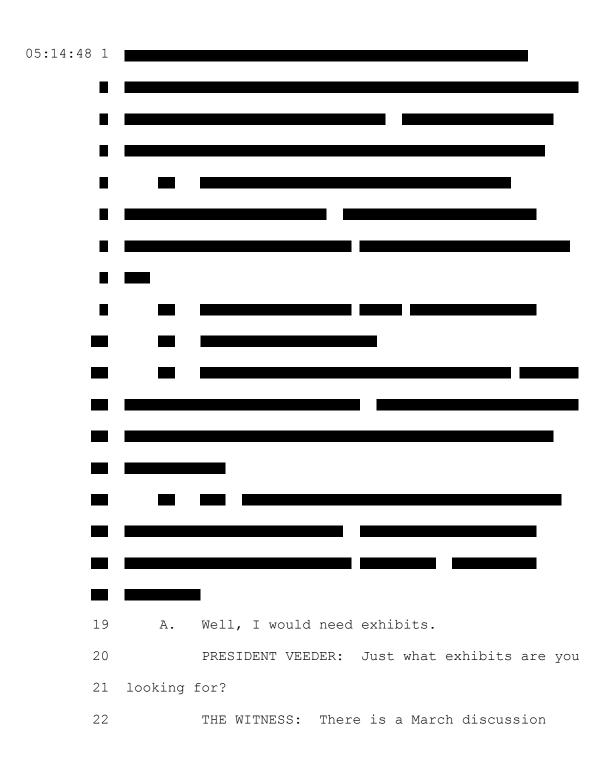


1912

05:10:22 1 3 That would be in my Second Witness Statement. Α. Could you point us to that, please. 4 Q. 5 Α. I believe it would be my Second Witness Statement from Paragraph 99-102. 6 7 MR. DOUGLAS: Expert Report. 8 THE WITNESS: Thank you. BY MR. SHOR: 9 10 Because on Paragraph 100--okay, Q. 11 Paragraph 101, I think you're reviewing some data. Is that where--is that the basis for your conclusion that 12 13 <<14 This would be how the facility << Α. 16 Q. And is this based on some document other than 17 the flowchart we just looked at? 18 It was additional material, I believe, with Α. 19 communications between Tembec and BC Hydro in March of 20 2009. 21 Q. But this wasn't one of the diagrams that 22 Tembec relied on?

| 05:12:08 1 | A. I don't remember all of the diagrams that |
|------------|--|
| 2 | were there. |
| 3 | Q. So as you sit here today, can you point us to |
| 4 | any diagram or data that Tembec provided that |
| 5 | contradicts the assertion << |
| | |
| 7 | MR. OWEN: Perhaps I can jog the Witness' |
| 8 | memory and bring up R-193? |
| 9 | PRESIDENT VEEDER: So you're going to refer |
| 10 | us to R-193? |
| 11 | MR. OWEN: R-193. |
| 12 | MR. SHOR: Sure. |
| 13 | PRESIDENT VEEDER: Let's dig that out. |
| 14 | THE WITNESS: In context, this was the |
| 15 | discussion describing << |
| | |
| | |
| 18 | MR. OWEN: Okay. Could we get Bates |
| 19 | Numberwhat is it? Okay. There is a lot of |
| 20 | different pages. Sorry, Bates Number 021001. |
| 21 | MR. SHOR: I'm confused on who is asking the |
| 22 | questions here. |

PRESIDENT VEEDER: It is to jog the Expert 05:13:37 1 2 Witness's memory, but this doesn't look as though this 3 is what we need. 4 THE WITNESS: That would be the diagram for 5 TG-1. MR. SHOR: What does this show? << 6 7 THE WITNESS: No, this would not be. 8 MR. DOUGLAS: Page 9. THE WITNESS: You need to keep going. There 9 10 was two tables that were referencing it, and I believe 11 the latter half of March. So, that would be the diagrams I was referencing for TG-2, and that is one 12 13 of the tables. And it's--what was the date of this 14 exhibit? It would be on the front page. 15 MR. SHOR: I think this is all 2009. 16 PRESIDENT VEEDER: Yeah. 17 THE WITNESS: So, it's a later exhibit in the latter half--at the end of March. 18 19 BY MR. SHOR: 20 Q. But why doesn't the earlier exhibit show us 21 <<



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1916
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05:15:59 1 document that has additional information, and it's
        2 where I was pulling out these numbers that I discuss
        3 in Paragraphs 99-102.
        4
                   BY MR. SHOR:
        5
               Q. Is it cited in Paragraphs 99-102? Maybe we
        6 can find the number there.
        7
                   PRESIDENT VEEDER: Can the Respondent's help
          on this? Obviously, R-139 is not it.
        8
        9
                   MR. DOUGLAS: R-197.
       10
                  PRESIDENT VEEDER: R-197. Let's dig that
       11 out.
                   BY MR. SHOR:
       12
       13
           Q. I'm sorry. Where is R-197 cited in your
          Report?
       14
       15
                   PRESIDENT VEEDER: Let's not worry about
       16 that. Let's just dig out R-197 to see if it works or
       17 not.
       18
                    THE WITNESS: Right. So, this is the--this
       19 is what I was going towards.
       20
                   PRESIDENT VEEDER: Stop there. This is
       21 R-197. And is that in your Report? Can you just
       22 check whether it's a footnoted reference.
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| 1 | 9 | 1 | 7 |
|---|---|---|---|
| | | | |

| 05:16:50 1 | | THE WITNESS: This would be going to | |
|------------|---------------------|--|--|
| 2 | Pöyry 129. | | |
| 3 | | BY MR. SHOR: | |
| 4 | Q. | And the paragraphs you refer to don't cite | |
| 5 | Pöyry 129, do they? | | |
| 6 | A. | Yes, Footnote 122 is in Paragraph 101 | |
| 7 | Q. | Okay. I see that. | |
| 8 | Α. | where I describe what was happening. | |
| 9 | Q. | So, is it fair to say that under certain | |
| 10 | conditio | ons << | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| 13 | Α. | That wouldwell, again, they << | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| 16 | Q. | Okay. But they would have tothey would | |
| 17 | have | | |
| 18 | << | | |
| - | | | |
| | | | |
| - | | | |
| 22 | Q. | I mean all we've heard over the last | |

| 05:17:55 1 | several days is how expensive it is to burn natural |
|------------|---|
| 2 | gas, and nobody ever wants to do it. |
| 3 | A. It is expensive to burn natural gas in a |
| 4 | liquor boiler and the hog boiler. This other boiler |
| 5 | is a littlewould be relatively more efficient. |
| 6 | Q. So in order to keep the plant << |
| | |
| | |
| | correct? |
| 10 | A. I would have to look at the numbers again |
| 11 | closer. |
| 12 | Q. At times? |
| 13 | A. Again, I would need to look at numbers again |
| 14 | closer. |
| 15 | Q. And do you know if those << |
| | |
| | |
| 18 | A. Are you referring toI'm allowed toI don't |
| 19 | know where we are on this. You mean the cost |
| 20 | statements? |
| 21 | Q. No. Mr. Lague testified that << |
| - | |

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05:18:51 1 And in that analysis, 2 do you know whether he included << A. I do not know. 6 7 MR. SHOR: I have no further questions. 8 PRESIDENT VEEDER: That was more extensive than we intended. Do the Respondent's--9 10 MR. OWEN: No further questions. 11 MR. DOUGLAS: I have no further questions. PRESIDENT VEEDER: And the Tribunal has no 12 13 questions. 14 Thank you very much. We've come to the end of your testimony. 15 16 (Witness steps down.) 17 PRESIDENT VEEDER: Now, is there time for one 18 more Witness? 19 MR. SHOR: Let's go for it. 20 MR. OWEN: Why don't we just do him first 21 thing in the morning. That would be my preference. 22 You know, I'm sorry, did I--I mean, we've got 10

05:19:51 1 minutes left and...

2 PRESIDENT VEEDER: We can do the direct
3 examination.

4 MR. DOUGLAS: Well, Mr. President, Mike 5 MacDougall was originally scheduled to go, I think, 6 late tomorrow, given the speed through. I think our 7 preference would be to start in the morning if that 8 worked for everybody's schedule.

9 PRESIDENT VEEDER: It just that I recall you10 both wanted a whole day for damages.

11 MR. SHOR: Yeah. And we told you first thing 12 this morning at around 9:30 that we thought we would 13 get to him today, and you said he would be available. 14 He was walking around in his shorts, but you'd call 15 him, I think was your exact response.

MR. DOUGLAS: And kudos to you. I actually thought you were kidding when you thought we would get to Mike today because he was wondering the streets around. Mr. MacDougall's testimony is related to damages, so he doesn't really fall outside of that category, but if the Tribunal's preference is to have him go today, that's fine.

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05:20:40 1 PRESIDENT VEEDER: Well, we can certainly
        2 start him today. How long will his cross-examination
        3 last, do we know?
                    MS. GEHRING FLORES: Not very long,
        4
        5 Mr. President.
        6
                   PRESIDENT VEEDER: It makes me very
        7 suspicious.
        8
                   MS. GEHRING FLORES: 15 minutes.
                    Just for the record, my cross-examinations
        9
       10 have been short.
       11
                   (Laughter.)
                    MS. GEHRING FLORES: So, I think--and just
       12
       13 judging from the time that we actually have left, it
       14 has to be. I have to take a very short time.
       15
                   PRESIDENT VEEDER: We'll start him. Let's at
       16 least have the direct examination. So, let's start.
       17
                   MR. DOUGLAS: Very well.
       18
                   (Pause.)
       19 MICHAEL MACDOUGALL, RESPONDENT'S WITNESS, CALLED
       20
                   PRESIDENT VEEDER: Let's resume.
       21
                   We have the next Witness before us.
       22
               So, if you'd like to give your full name and
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05:23:40 1 then, if you will, to read the wording on the 2 declaration before you. 3 THE WITNESS: My full name is Michael William 4 MacDougall, and I solemnly declare upon my honor and 5 conscience that I shall speak the truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth. 6 7 PRESIDENT VEEDER: Thank you. 8 There will be questions first from the 9 Respondent. 10 MR. COULOMBE: Thank you, Mr. President. And 11 just confirm we have 15 minutes of direct with 12 Mr. MacDougall; correct? 13 PRESIDENT VEEDER: Yes. 14 DIRECT EXAMINATION 15 BY MR. COULOMBE: 16 Q. Mr. MacDougall, good afternoon. 17 Could you please state your current occupation for the record. 18 19 Α. I'm the Director of Trade Policy and 20 Information Technology with Powerex Corporation. 21 Q. Thank you. And you submitted a Witness 22 Statement in this arbitration?

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05:24:20 1 A. I did. 2 Q. Do you have any corrections you would like to 3 make to your Witness Statement? 4 Α. Yes. I have four different topics that I'd like to address. The first is in Paragraphs 37--now, 5 for the recorder, do you want me to go through each 6 7 one individually, or can I lump them together? 8 There's three paragraphs where I want to make a 9 similar change? What's your preference? 10 PRESIDENT VEEDER: Take your own course, 11 whichever you want. THE WITNESS: Very well. 12 13 In Paragraphs 37, 38, and Paragraph 47, where I refer to "firm transmission service," it should say 14 "long-term firm." The next correction is in 15 16 Footnote 49. 17 MS. GEHRING FLORES: Could the Witness just slow down just a moment so we can start noting this. 18 19 Thanks. 20 THE WITNESS: Absolutely. So, do you have the three paragraphs? 21 22 MS. GEHRING FLORES: Thank you.

| 05:25:49 1 | THE WITNESS: So, Footnote 49, the date |
|------------|--|
| 2 | there, June 13, 2008, should read "December 30, 2008." |
| 3 | And then I turn to Paragraph 72, and in the list of |
| 4 | states, "Nevada" should be included in that list of |
| 5 | states that have either an REPS or RES. And then the |
| 6 | last correction is in Footnote 72. Where it reads |
| 7 | "Section 2," it should be "Section 2 and 3." And |
| 8 | that's all the corrections I have. |
| 9 | BY MR. COULOMBE: |
| 10 | Q. Thank you, Mr. MacDougall. |
| 11 | Now, in terms of the questions that I have |
| 12 | for you today, if you could please explain to the |
| 13 | Tribunal whether there are any challenges associated |
| 14 | with trying to secure a long-term electricity sales |
| 15 | Contractand by long-term," I mean in the range of 2 |
| 16 | to 20 yearsif the seller does not have long-term |
| 17 | firm transmission rights? |
| 18 | A. Yes. So, when making long-term sales, |
| 19 | particularly if what the buyer is looking for is |
| 20 | what's called "firm energy," there's an inherent |
| 21 | component of the capability of being able to deliver |
| 22 | that to the buyer so that they get the benefit of |
| | |

05:27:33 1 their purchase. And if a party doesn't have long-term 2 firm, based on their relative priority order of 3 transmission underneath the Open Access Tariff, you run the risk of not being able to deliver. And what 4 happens in that case is, the buyer is faced with 5 needing replacement power to make up for that 6 7 inability to deliver. 8 So, when you're looking at these long-term 9 firm energy sales, and the buyer is looking for the capacity benefit of that, they often request long-term 10 11 firm transmission or a plan to acquire long-term firm 12 transmission in order to backstop that sale. 13 Can you explain whether the lack of long-term Q. firm transmission would have an impact on the price 14 that would be obtained in such long-term contracts? 15 16 Yes. Because, as I mentioned in the first Α. question, if there's a risk that there will be 17 nondelivery, there's basically--within these contracts 18 19 there tends to be financial consequences, so liquidated damages for that non-delivery. So you've 20 got one of two effects. Either for the seller, if 21

22 they don't have that capability to fulfill their

05:28:53 1 obligations and they need to pay liquidated damages, 2 that obviously affects the economics of their sale. 3 So, the net back is less because they are going to be 4 paying for the replacement power. And so, the 5 frequency of which they don't deliver has a negative 6 consequence.

> 7 There's a key issue where the tendency is 8 that the unavailability of transmission obviously 9 tends to be correlated with periods of high demand and 10 hence higher prices. So, therefore, there tends to be 11 higher damages when you're dealing with the fact that 12 you didn't have the long-term transmission and you 13 were trying to pick it up on an as-available basis.

> 14 Beyond that, if the buyer knows they're going to be faced with having to be curtailed, they either 15 need to have backstop capacity, or they have the 16 trouble of getting that replacement power. Because 17 even if you keep someone whole financially, they still 18 19 needed power in order to keep the lights on. So, there's a consequence to the buyer of that inability 20 to deliver beyond the immediate financial damages that 21 22 would be faced, which the seller can keep whole, or if

05:30:03 1 the buyer accepts that risk, that will factor into 2 their economic decision on the price they're willing 3 to pay for that Contract. 4 Could you also indicate whether there are any Ο. challenges associated with trying to secure, let's 5 say, for example, a two-year Contract? So for a 6 7 British Columbia generator to secure a two-year Contract with a delivery at the border with the United 8 9 States? 10 A. So, to actually have the sale point, the transactional sale point at the border, the challenge 11 12 with that is really trying to find the customer that's going to accept that because, as I stated in my 13 Witness Statement, there was basically two Parties, 14 Powerex and Snohomish that had long-term firm 15 transmission rights away from the border. All the 16 other Parties that were coming there were coming with 17 non-firm access basically, short-term access. 18 19 And so, if you're--again, in that situation where what you're doing is trying to get a long-term 20

22 now is actually the one on the hook. Not only do

purchase, a multiyear purchase of energy, the buyer

21

05:31:13 1 they--the seller in Canada could actually deliver to
2 the border, but the liquidated damages cut both ways.
3 So, not only does the buyer have to pay the Party that
4 they couldn't take the energy from, they still have to
5 buy the replacement power themselves.

6 So, when you look at that, the likelihood of 7 a buyer putting themselves in that position and not 8 asking for a severely discounted price is a very 9 unlikely situation. The Canadian border does not have 10 sort of a liquid market. Mid-C is liquid market for 11 sort of term, longer term energy in the Pacific 12 Northwest.

13 Q. That was my next question. So, there is no 14 liquid market.

15 So, Chris, would you mind pulling Mr. Friesen's Witness Statement. We'll go to 16 Paragraph 11 of Mr. Friesen's Witness Statement. 17 Mr. Friesen indicates that -- in this paragraph that 18 19 there has always been firm transmission access available out of British Columbia for periods of up to 20 12 months. And you brought nuances to this 21 22 characterization. If you could please explain what

05:32:21 1 your criticism of this is.

2 Certainly. And I did address this in my Α. 3 statement. So, the first issue is by using the phrase "up to 12 months," one year and longer is the sort of 4 baseline for long-term firm transmission. So by 5 looking at the "up to," it could be any period short 6 7 of that full year. It could be 11 months. It could be 10. And so we don't dispute that there's times 8 where, especially on the B.C. side, there is 9 10 capability. The issue is it's actually constrained on 11 the U.S. side of the border. That's where the--not 12 congestion but basically the oversubscription the 13 long-term service is. And so, therefore, what we're talking about is short-term service. The phrase "up 14 to" is indicative of short-term service. And it could 15 16 be read to say "this is from the B.C. side of the 17 border," but the fact is you need to get the electricity to the point of use within the U.S., and 18 19 that U.S. side was constrained.

20 Q. You indicate in your Witness Statement that 21 Mr. Kaczmarek has misinterpreted Exhibit NAV 124, and 22 that should be Tab 2 of the binder that we've provided

05:33:45 1 you with. And we've--if you'll allow me just for the 2 context so we don't spend too much time on this. 3 We've already seen this; so we don't need an explanation, I think, unless there is any objection as 4 to what this is. I think we understand that above the 5 zero is going into Canada, and below is going into the 6 7 U.S., that the yellow line is actual usage or utilization of the lines, and that the purple line is 8 actual capacity on Bonneville system. Now, for the 9 Tribunal's sake, could you please explain what exactly 10 is Mr. Kaczmarek's mistake? 11 12 So my understanding of what Mr. Kaczmarek Α. took is he took the rated capacity which is in this 13 particular graph, the label at minus 3,150 megawatts. 14 It doesn't actually show as a line. 15 16 The rated capacity is sort of the maximum limit, and it's calculated through a process 17 undertaken by the Western Electric Coordinating 18 19 Council for the transmission path, and it takes into the account the impact of operation of that line on 20 the neighboring transmission providers as well as the 21 22 path operator. So, that becomes the maximum reliable

05:34:59 1 limit for the path operation.

2 But then the second line, the purple line, which is labeled the "B.C. capacity," that's the 3 actual operating capacity of the line. So, can you 4 see in the footnote, it reads, "Capacities are those 5 recorded by and used for scheduling and are based on 6 7 electrical limits." That's the actual scheduling or commercial capability of the line. That is determined 8 9 by--the Bonneville engineers takes into account, you know, ambient temperature, loads, lines out of 10 11 service, in service, et cetera.

12 But basically my understanding is he took the rated capacity, labeled that as the red dashed line in 13 Figure 4 as "Capacity." Took the purple line, called 14 that "Utilization" and then looked at the gap between 15 the utilization and the capacity and said that was 16 17 space. What that really is is the amount of derated capability from the maximum, and it actually says 18 19 nothing at all about how much space was available for commercial use. 20

Q. Thank you. And, finally, could you indicatewhether BC Hydro has an Open Access Transmission

05:36:05 1 Tariff that is in accordance with the Federal Energy 2 Regulatory Commission's rules, and whether under this 3 tariff BC Hydro can just simply block transmission at 4 its wish?

> 5 No. So, as I noted again in my Witness Α. Statement, BC Hydro does have an Open Access Tariff. 6 7 It has had recognition from the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission since 1998, that it met the 8 9 reciprocity standards of FERC, and that was a 10 condition of Powerex getting market-based rate 11 authority, that the BC Hydro tariff met those same 12 standards as what FERC has proposed for all the 13 jurisdictional utilities. And that gets reaffirmed. Every time BC Hydro makes a tariff change, Powerex 14 makes a filing with FERC regarding that change and 15 16 gets a ruling that it still continues to be consistent 17 with or superior to.

> 18 The framework of the Open Access Tariff is to 19 provide nondiscriminatory access process in order to 20 try and acquire transmission and tries to put 21 individual market participants on the same footing as 22 any affiliate of the transmission provider as well as

05:37:22 1 other market participants. So, for BC Hydro to take 2 an action against an individual entity, they would be 3 subject to a claim of discrimination inconsistent with 4 their tariff and, therefore, would be subject to 5 complaint at the regulatory body, in this case the 6 BCUC. 7 MR. COULOMBE: I have no further questions at this point. 8 9 PRESIDENT VEEDER: Thank you. Is your estimate still the same? 10 11 MS. GEHRING FLORES: Yes, Mr. President. 12 PRESIDENT VEEDER: Let's proceed. 13 CROSS-EXAMINATION 14 BY MS. GEHRING FLORES: Q. I'm losing all my manners. 15 16 Hello, Mr. MacDougall, and good afternoon. My name is Gaela Gehring Flores, and I represent 17 Mercer International in this arbitration. 18 19 I think I'd like to call up--you already have it in your binder. It is NAV-124. If I could call it 20 21 up on the screen as well. As was mentioned, we all 22 have seen this before, and you're familiar with this

05:38:40 1 exhibit?

2 A. Yes, I am.

Q. Okay. So, I understand your criticism of Navigant's interpretation of this data, but I'd like to see if there's a particular difference or if there's--if this is a distinction without a difference or if there's no "there" there.

8 So, right now we're looking at, I believe, 9 January, and I heard something about an accelerated capacity. I'm not sure what. But could you--do you 10 agree, Mr. MacDougall, that basically the space 11 12 between the purple line and the yellow line is the 13 transmission that was available after the fact, meaning after it was reserved and used? 14 15 That--the yellow line represents the net Α. flows on the facility after the fact, after all 16 scheduling activity and operations has occurred. 17 Q. And what about the space between the yellow 18 19 line and the purple line? Does that represent the transmission that went unused? 20 21 So you need to distinguish--and as I Α. 22 addressed in my Witness Statement, there's the

05:40:15 1 difference between the transmission space that was 2 unused on the operational basis after the fact and 3 what was available for commercial use. So, transmission schedules have to be put in ahead and no 4 later than 20 minutes prior to the operating hour. 5 The release of non-firm happens at a time frame before 6 7 that. So, the fact is what you see here, as I said, is an after-the-fact view. What you don't see here 8 9 and you cannot tell is whether there is any commercial 10 ATC available to--11 Ο. What is "ATC"? 12 Available transmission capacity. So non-firm Α. available transmission capacity that someone could 13 have actually acquired and scheduled on. 14 15 Q. Right. 16 You can't tell that from this graph. Α. 17 And I believe you say that in Paragraph 46 of Q. your Statement where you say "this chart," and you're 18 19 referring to one of the charts of NAV-124 does not reflect what transmission capacity was available on a 20 day-ahead or hour-ahead basis to be purchased from 21 22 BPA?

A. That's correct. 05:41:28 1 2 Q. Right. So, I think we're on the same page. 3 And Mr. Friesen explained during his testimony that these charts are after the fact. This is after the 4 5 transmission has been reserved and used. And the space between the yellow and purple 6 line is the transmission that was not used, which it 7 8 was just highlighted green? 9 Α. Yes. 10 Q. Agreed? 11 Α. Yes. Okay. So--and before the fact, before the 12 Q. 13 transmission is actually reserved and used, I 14 understand that power traders with access to the 15 reservation system, which is called OASIS--That's correct. 16 Α. 17 --they can see what's available for Q. reservation ahead of time; is that correct? 18 19 Α. That's right. The transmission providers 20 will post any available transmission capability. 21 Q. Right. 22 And I believe you've discussed how non-firm

05:42:39 1 transmission becomes available or how you might see it 2 in the reservation system, and that transmission might 3 come available just an hour before it's available; 4 correct? 5 Α. That's correct. 6 Can you also see non-firm transmission Q. 7 availability in the reservation system a day before 8 it's available? I recall that BPA would release non-firm. 9 Α. I'm not 100 percent sure of the exact time when that 10 was released, but it was--after the daily scheduling 11 was done, there is a potential release of non-firms 12 13 for the next day. Have you used the OASIS system before, 14 Q. Mr. MacDougall? 15 16 Personally, I have not. Α. 17 So, are you familiar with the details of when Q. certain non-firm or even short-term firm transmission 18 19 becomes available on the reservation system? 20 I'm generally familiar with the rules. Α. They've changed from time to time, from Bonneville, in 21 22 particular, in terms of when they release and the

05:44:01 1 manner in which it's released, as well as sort of the 2 tiebreaker mechanisms as well. 3 Ο. Okay. And just so everybody is clear, again, NAV-124 actually shows what happened after the fact, 4 after everything was reserved, after everything was 5 used. If you could see this graph before the fact on 6 7 the OASIS system, would the yellow line be higher--let me rephrase that. 8 Would the green space be larger? 9 Not necessarily. 10 Α. Not necessarily. 11 Q. 12 So, what you're not seeing here is the fact Α. that power flows in both directions, and their 13 schedule is on a commercial basis, crossing each 14 other. So, it's what's known as "counterflow." And 15 16 the challenge that you might have is, at one point in 17 the hour there, there may show zero scheduling capability because it's all booked in one direction, 18 19 and then at, say, the last minute, at T minus 20, a counterflow schedule comes in. When Bonneville then 20 goes to operate the system, it will actually show net 21 22 less energy flowing on that line, but at the time

05:45:29 1 someone was looking to go purchase that, it would show 2 that there was none available. So, this includes all 3 the operational back and forth that goes on, not just the commercial availability. 4 5 Ο. And this is on the basis of your experience of actually using the OASIS system? 6 7 Α. It is my experience with the rules surrounding firm/non-firm transmission capacity and 8 9 the release of that capacity. 10 Q. Are you aware that there is a Witness who has 11 been presented to the Tribunal in this proceeding who 12 is intimately familiar with the OASIS reservation 13 system? A. I'm not familiar with who that Witness is. 14 Q. Have you read the statement of Mr. Robert 15 16 Friesen? 17 Α. I read Mr. Friesen's statement. So, I think--I think you're trying to say 18 Ο. 19 that NAV-124 doesn't necessarily show what the 20 reservation system shows; correct? 21 Α. That is correct. 22 Q. Are you aware which Witness in this

05:46:37 1 proceeding was actually looking at the reservation 2 system in mid-2008 to see what short-term firm 3 transmission was available for reservation? 4 So, I'm presuming it's Mr. Friesen, by the Α. 5 nature of your question. 6 You might be right. Q. 7 But the point that I've made in my statement Α. is, we acknowledge that there were periods of time 8 9 during the course of the year when there is available transmission, whether it be short-term firm, 10 11 short-term--or non-firm. The fact is B.C. was a major 12 buyer, and when the predominant flows are into British 13 Columbia, the fact is, all that space is available on a non-firm basis, going in the opposite direction. 14 15 The key point that we've pointed out is, there are then times when it is highly constrained in 16 the other direction. And part of the reason that it 17 has this ebb and flow is the business of Powerex. 18 We 19 buy from the states when the power prices are lower. We use that to meet BC Hydro's load, and then that 20 excess energy that we then have we can sell back at 21

22 other periods of time, when the prices are higher,

05:47:51 1 using the firm rights that we have.

2 And, hence, this isn't about whether there is 3 a period here or a period there, but if you look through NAV-124, you can see that there are multiple 4 periods of time where, for substantive amounts of 5 time, that system is apparently constrained even after 6 7 the fact. And I think you would also find, if the data was available, which unfortunately, it's not, 8 9 that there was also multiple periods where there was 10 no ATC available to be scheduled. 11 Ο. Let's look at it. Okay. 12 So, here we have January, and this is what 13 was available after the fact. This is what was not reserved and not used; correct? That's January 2008? 14 No. Again, I disagree with the term 15 Α. 16 "reserved" because this isn't telling us that. This is telling us actual flows. 17 Right. 18 Q.

19 A. Not reservations.

Q. It had to be reserved to be used; correct?
A. But like I pointed out to you earlier, if
you're trying to flow north to south, you could

| 05:48:56 1 | potentially be full on reservations until such time as |
|------------|--|
| 2 | the south-to-north schedule comes in to offset that. |
| 3 | So, the fact is, this doesn't tell you the total |
| 4 | number of north-to-south reservations that were on the |
| 5 | system. This just shows you the net flows. |
| 6 | So, that's |
| 7 | Q. It shows you what was used? |
| 8 | A. After netting the power. |
| 9 | Q. Okay. So, let's go to the next month, |
| 10 | January, February, 2008. Just the next page in |
| 11 | NAV-124. It seems like a lot of space between the |
| 12 | yellow and purple lines there. |
| 13 | A. Yep. |
| 14 | Q. Okay. And next page. March 2008. |
| 15 | Definitely a lot of space there; correct? |
| 16 | A. There's space, yes. |
| 17 | Q. April. Let's keep going. A lot of space |
| 18 | there too; right? |
| 19 | A. Sure. |
| 20 | Q. May. Okay. In May, we've gotI can see |
| 21 | that there is a point where the yellow and purple |
| 22 | lines start to come together there. But the lines |
| | |

05:50:12 1 actually have to touch in a particular day or

2 particular hour, so, I'm not--

A. No. That's--that's your error. When you try and say that the only time there's no space available is when the lines touch--because, again, as I pointed out, this is the-after-the-fact flow. If those lines are touching or the yellow is exceeding the purple, Bonneville is in jeopardy of violating a reliability limit.

10 So, they don't go there, and they take steps, 11 such as curtailing schedules and other operator 12 actions to make sure that doesn't happen. So, the 13 piece that you're missing to try to say what was 14 available is the actual commercial ATC.

15 Q. Okay.

A. You can't tell from this graph what the commercial ATC is. You can infer from the times where there's a lot of space that there might have been commercial ATC on a non-firm basis.

20 Q. Well, let's just--

A. But the minute you get into these periodswhere you've got the lines coming closer together, you

05:51:12 1 can't tell. And you can't go to the point where you 2 say, well, the only time it zeros is when they touch. Q. You can't tell unless you are sitting in 3 front of the reservation system, trying to reserve 4 transmission; correct? At that time or before that 5 time; correct? 6 7 A. Well, I mean, there's a lot of people that 8 are doing that, including folks at Powerex. 9 Q. Right. 10 Next, let's go to the next month. A lot of 11 spaces there; right? 12 Next month--I can't quite see what month 13 we're on. 14 A. July. 15 So, now we're in July. And then August. Ο. 16 August is the one that you included in your Report, I 17 believe? 18 A. That's correct. 19 Q. July and August show a slightly more 20 complicated picture; right? A. That's correct. 21 22 Q. Not a lot of space there. July and August.

05:52:04 1 And then--I just want to go through the rest of the 2 month so people can appreciate how much space is 3 available on which months, and then we're going to go 4 back to July.

> 5 So, lots of space, lots of space, lots of 6 space. And then so now we're into '09. Let's go 7 back. Let's go back to July 2008.

8 Α. If you do actually look through all of them, 9 you'll notice that December '09, and I think there were a couple of other periods of time where those 10 11 lines got very close. So, the other challenge with 12 this is trying to establish a pattern from a brief piece of experience. But let's go back to July. 13 Q. Yeah. So, July 2008 and August 2008, we've 14 seen--and the Tribunal has the exhibit there, they can 15 see that there's not a lot of space there. Again, 16 we've talked about how this is an after-the-fact 17 scenario. This shows actual use; correct? 18

19 A. Actual flows, yes.

20 Q. And is there a witness who has been presented 21 before this Tribunal in this proceeding who says that 22 short-term firm transmission was available in

05:53:22 1 mid-2008?

2 A. Can you be more specific? 3 Does Mr. Friesen testify that when he was Ο. sitting at NorthPoint and he was assessing what 4 transmission was available before the fact, not after 5 the fact--because I realize that July and August look 6 7 a little scary--but Mr. Friesen testifies that he had 8 looked into the situation and that it was available 9 before the fact? 10 A. For what time period on what days? 11 Q. For mid-2008. And we're talking about June, 12 July, August. 13 Α. And it was actually a short-term firm you're talking about? 14 Yes. 15 Ο. 16 A. And that there was a positive quantity in 17 those three months? O. Mr. Friesen has testified that it was 18 19 available, that he was assessing the reservation 20 system and it was available. 21 A. So, my understanding is that is an unlikely 22 scenario, based on the fact that I know Powerex also

05:54:41 1 looked at short-term firm, not me personally, but 2 staff at Powerex, and some of the reservations that I 3 saw had a range that went from zero to some number, 4 and it wasn't for a three-month period. It was based 5 on certain small blocks of time. So, I'm not aware of 6 a three-month block of short-term firm that went 7 through this time period. 8 Q. But this isn't based on your firsthand knowledge, is it? 9 10 A. It's not based on my firsthand knowledge. 11 MS. GEHRING FLORES: Thank you. No further 12 questions. 13 PRESIDENT VEEDER: Thank you. 14 Any questions from the Respondent by way of 15 reexamination? 16 MR. COULOMBE: Can we get a short break 17 before the reexamination? 18 PRESIDENT VEEDER: It would have to be short, 19 yes. 20 MR. COULOMBE: About 10 minutes, would that 21 be all right? 22 PRESIDENT VEEDER: Can you do it in fewer?

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| 05:55:28 1 | MR. OWEN: Seven? |
|--|---|
| 2 | MR. COULOMBE: We'll try. Seven. |
| 3 | PRESIDENT VEEDER: Do try, because it's |
| 4 | getting late. |
| 5 | MR. COULOMBE: Thank you, Mr. President. |
| 6 | (Brief recess.) |
| 7 | PRESIDENT VEEDER: Let's resume. |
| 8 | Before we start, can you tell us roughly how |
| 9 | long you might be in reexamination? |
| 10 | MR. COULOMBE: Not more than five minutes. |
| 11 | PRESIDENT VEEDER: Please proceed. |
| | |
| 12 | REDIRECT EXAMINATION |
| 12
13 | REDIRECT EXAMINATION
BY MR. COULOMBE: |
| | |
| 13 | BY MR. COULOMBE:
Q. Mr. MacDougall, this is a bit of a |
| 13
14 | BY MR. COULOMBE:
Q. Mr. MacDougall, this is a bit of a |
| 13
14
15 | BY MR. COULOMBE:
Q. Mr. MacDougall, this is a bit of a
two-pronged question. Can you explain whether you |
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16 | BY MR. COULOMBE:
Q. Mr. MacDougall, this is a bit of a
two-pronged question. Can you explain whether you
think the Claimant is suggesting that you could |
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17 | BY MR. COULOMBE:
Q. Mr. MacDougall, this is a bit of a
two-pronged question. Can you explain whether you
think the Claimant is suggesting that you could
havethat there would have been a number of these |
| 13
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06:06:36 1 product, short-term transmission product? 2 A. So, with respect to the first question, if 3 there was a persistent set of firm rights available, then one would conclude that it would have been 4 available on a long-term basis, so then you would have 5 seen it in some of the other offerings of Bonneville 6 7 Power. So, of course, the first issue is our own experience in trying to acquire the long-term firm 8 9 rights showed that basically the one piece that was available we managed to acquire and we're still 10 waiting for service to commence under that. And then 11 12 the various other open seasons that happened in the balance of the '08 request plus the '09 and '10 13 ultimately were not met, and those open seasons were 14 closed without any facility upgrades being done. So, 15 I think it's unlikely that there was a persistent set 16 17 of short-term firm transmission that was posted on OASIS during that period of time. 18

And then with respect to the second prong, again, as I explained earlier, the fact is the curtailments that you're going to face when you get into this commitment, the Parties are going to be

06:07:55 1 looking for your capability to deliver, and there's
2 either going to be a financial consequence to you as a
3 seller or to the buyer, depending on that allocation
4 of risk in these types of transactions. And like I
5 said, it goes beyond the financial, and it goes to the
6 actual operational risks that the buyers face when
7 they have to make--find replacement power when these
8 curtailments occur.

9 And, you know, again from these graphs, it's not surprising that there's lots of space in June. 10 The Northwest is awash in power with all the hydros 11 12 running. A lot of times the gas plants are shut off, 13 but where you see the compression and the tightness in that market is in times like August when you're 14 dealing with high temperatures, heat waves and such 15 and times in December when you're dealing with the 16 opposite, the heating load, the cold snaps, and those 17 lines get compressed and get congested. So it becomes 18 19 not only a financial risk, but it becomes potentially a liability risk to lean on that type of short-term 20 product for what would be classed as a long-term-firm 21 22 type of transaction.

06:09:12 1 MR. COULOMBE: Thank you, Mr. MacDougall. 2 PRESIDENT VEEDER: Are you done? 3 MR. COULOMBE: These were all my questions. 4 Thank you. 5 PRESIDENT VEEDER: And the Tribunal has no 6 questions. 7 Thank you. We've come to the end of your testimony. 8 9 THE WITNESS: Thank you. 10 (Witness steps down.) 11 PRESIDENT VEEDER: We've also come to the end 12 of the day, and so we start tomorrow at 9:00 with the 13 Quantum Expert Witnesses. 14 MR. DOUGLAS: Pardon me, Mr. President. I do want to clarify just one point. Mr. Rosenzweig is 15 16 Canada's Expert when it comes to quantum, but he is 17 also Canada's Expert when it comes to Dr. Fox-Penner and when it comes to Mr. Switlishoff. And in some of 18 19 the procedural discussions there was always talk of splitting the Experts into different ways because 20 Dr. Rosenzweig was responding to three. 21 22 So, I only bring this up just so you're

06:10:05 1 aware, I guess, if there is some discussion tomorrow 2 relating to Mr. Switlishoff or relating to 3 Dr. Fox-Penner because the scope of Mr. Rosenzweig's 4 expertise is beyond just quantum. 5 PRESIDENT VEEDER: You're telling us it is more than arithmetic? 6 7 MR. DOUGLAS: He is much more than just an expert mathematician. 8 PRESIDENT VEEDER: I'm sure Mr. Kaczmarek is 9 10 too. 11 That causes no difficulty to the Claimants, 12 does it? 13 MR. SHOR: No. I think what Mr. Douglas said is exactly correct. We will have questions for 14 15 Mr. Rosenzweig that address both quantum and some of 16 the other issues he discussed in his testimony. 17 PRESIDENT VEEDER: Fine. Well, unless there is more housekeeping, we'll start at 9:00 tomorrow. 18 19 Thank you. 20 (Whereupon, at 6:11 p.m., the Hearing was adjourned until 9:00 a.m. the following day.) 21 22

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CERTIFICATE OF REPORTER

I, Dawn K. Larson, RDR-CRR, Court Reporter, do hereby certify that the foregoing proceedings were stenographically recorded by me and thereafter reduced to typewritten form by computer-assisted transcription under my direction and supervision; and that the foregoing transcript is a true and accurate record of the proceedings.

I further certify that I am neither counsel for, related to, nor employed by any of the parties to this action in this proceeding, nor financially or otherwise interested in the outcome of this litigation.

DAWN K. LARSON