V.V. Veeder, QC Essex Court Chambers 24 Lincoln's Inn Fields London WC2A 3ED England

J. William Rowley, QC McMillan Binch Royal Bank Plaza Suite 3800, South Tower Toronto, Ontario M5J 2J7 Canada

Professor W. Michael Reisman Yale Law School P.O. Box 208215 New Haven, CT 06520-8215

Re: <u>Methanex Corporation v. United States of America</u>

Dear Members of the Tribunal:

On behalf of respondent United States of America, and in accordance with the Tribunal's instructions, we respectfully submit the following comments on Methanex's July 19, 2004 letter regarding the quantification of its costs.¹

First, the United States observes that Methanex's two-paragraph letter regarding its costs is wholly inadequate. The Tribunal requested that the parties provide it with the "full material[s]" necessary for it "to decide the question of costs." Methanex, however, has failed to itemize its costs or even provide a reasonably accurate quantification of those costs. Instead, it simply states that it seeks an "order of magnitude" from the United States of "US\$11 to US\$12 million." The Tribunal thus lacks any basis on which it could apportion Methanex's costs in the manner directed by Articles 38 and 40 of the UNCITRAL Arbitration Rules or make a cost award in favor of Methanex.

¹ See Hrg. Tr. Vol. 9 (June 17, 2004) at 2188 (requiring initial submissions by July 17 with "the right to comment on the other's written submissions within . . . two weeks thereafter").

² See id. at 2187-88. In its July 19 letter, Methanex quotes selectively from the Tribunal's instructions, contending that the Tribunal requested only "some idea of what the quantum is." In context, however, the Tribunal's request plainly seeks all the information necessary to *quantify* the parties' costs. See, e.g., Hrg. Tr. Vol. 9 (June 17, 2004) at 2187; see generally id. at 2186-89.

Second, Methanex's request for \$11-12 million highlights the reasonableness of the United States' request for under \$3 million. Article 38(e) of the UNCITRAL Arbitration Rules creates a standard of reasonableness with regard to the amount that should be awarded for the costs of legal representation. The contrast between the amounts requested by Methanex and the United States demonstrates the reasonableness of the United States' request for costs and evidences the lack of any basis for Methanex to attack the reasonableness of the United States' quantification of its costs. The Tribunal should, therefore, award the United States the full amount of its costs.

Respectfully submitted,

Copies: Christopher Dugan, Esq. Ms. Margrete Stevens Andrea J. Menaker Chief, NAFTA Arbitration Division Office of International Claims and Investment Disputes