# INTERNATIONAL CENTRE FOR THE SETTLEMENT OF INVESTMENT DISPUTES

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In the Matter of Arbitration
Between:
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GABRIEL RESOURCES LTD. and GABRIEL

RESOURCES (JERSEY) LTD.,

: Case No.

Claimants, : ARB/15/31

:

and :

:

ROMANIA,

:

Respondent.

-x Volume 2

#### VIDEOCONFERENCE:

HEARING ON THE MERITS AND JURISDICTION

Tuesday, September 29, 2020

The World Bank Group

The hearing in the above-entitled matter came on at 8:00 a.m. before:

PROF. PIERRE TERCIER, President of the Tribunal DR. HORACIO A. GRIGERA NAÓN, Co-Arbitrator PROF. ZACHARY DOUGLAS, Co-Arbitrator

### Also Present:

MS. SARA MARZAL YETANO
Secretary to the Tribunal

MS. MARIA ATHANASIOU Tribunal Assistant

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MR. BRODY GREENWALD

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MR. HANSEL PHAM

MS. GABRIELA LOPEZ STAHL

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MS. RUTH TEITELBAUM

Representing Roșia Montană Gold Corporation:

MS. CECILIA JAKAB

MS. ELENA LORINCZ

MR. MIHAI BOTEA

# APPEARANCES: (Continued)

# Attending on behalf of the Respondent:

DR. VEIJO HEISKANEN

MR. MATTHIAS SCHERER

MS. NORADÈLE RADJAI

MS. LORRAINE de GERMINY

MR. CHRISTOPHE GUIBERT de BRUET

MR. DAVID BONIFACIO

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## PROCEEDINGS

2.1

PRESIDENT TERCIER: Good morning, good afternoon, ladies and gentlemen. I have the honor to open the second hearing day in the ICSID Arbitration Case 15/31 between Gabriel Resources, Limited, and Gabriel Resources (Jersey), Limited, versus Romania.

I hope that you had a good rest and that we'll have again an interesting hearing today.

A few points before starting. First, we have received yesterday evening--or evening, depends where you are, Transcript of Day 1 submitted to us by David, with an important message. I assume that you have all seen his message for the correction. Thank you very much, David, for that.

Secondly, you have also received from our Secretary the times that each Party has spent for the Opening. You told us yesterday that you had no problem with this.

Third point concerning the List of

Participants, if we have a look at our Paras 26 and 30

of PO 13, normally, we should identify and announce

all participants at each hearing day and confirm any

- new participants after each break. I assume there are no new participants, if I'm not mistaken. Can you
- 3 confirm it on your side, Mrs. Cohen?
- MS. COHEN SMUTNY: Claimants confirm no new participants.
- PRESIDENT TERCIER: Fine. And on the Respondent's side?
- DR. HEISKANEN: We similarly confirm.
- 9 PRESIDENT TERCIER: Okay. Fourth point, we
- 10 have received just a few minutes ago a letter
- 11 transmitted by our Secretary and a letter from
- Respondent concerning an amendment of Paragraph 66.
- Paragraph 66 would read as follows: "A link for the
- 14 live transcription shall be passworded, protected and
- restricted to the approved list of hearing
- 16 participants, including those witnesses who have not
- 17 yet testified. " That's not new.
- 18 "When testifying, both experts and witnesses
- 19 shall have access to the live transcription." That's
- 20 the modification.
- Do you have a comment on your side?
- Respondent first.

- DR. HEISKANEN: No comment. This is agreed between the Parties.
- PRESIDENT TERCIER: Okay. Mrs. Cohen, can you confirm it?
- MR. POLASEK: Mr. President, for Claimants,
  we confirm. We have no comments, and this was agreed.
  Thank you.
- PRESIDENT TERCIER: Thank you very much.
- Is it already applied to the two experts?
- 10 Dr. Armitage or Mr. Fox? Do you have a live
- 11 transcript in front of you?
- 12 THE WITNESS: (Dr. Armitage) No.
- THE WITNESS: (Mr. Fox) No. We have
- 14 received e-mail just before we dialed in, but we
- 15 | haven't logged in.
- PRESIDENT TERCIER: Okay. Is this is a
- 17 problem, Respondent?
- DR. HEISKANEN: Not an issue on our side.
- 19 PRESIDENT TERCIER: So, the Rule 66 is still
- 20 not--is not applicable right now?
- SECRETARY MARZAL YETANO: We only found out
- this morning, so I need to send David the e-mails of

- 1 the Experts and then David needs to send the Live
- 2 Litigation invitation. We haven't had time to do
- 3 this. I've just--yeah? Oh, you did? Oh, okay.
- 4 | That's superfast. Okay, perfect.
- 5 PRESIDENT TERCIER: Can you confirm it,
- 6 Dr. Armitage? Can you confirm?
- 7 THE WITNESS: (Dr. Armitage) I can confirm I
- 8 have the e-mail. Neither of us have logged in. I'm
- 9 just clicking on it now.
- MR. POLASEK: Mr. President, if I may make a
- 11 suggestion, I think if there is no problem on the
- 12 Claimants' side, if we proceed for the time being
- 13 without the Transcript, and at the break we can try
- 14 and see whether we can get it running, but I think, if
- 15 not, I don't foresee an issue--
- 16 (Overlapping speakers.)
- 17 PRESIDENT TERCIER: Okay, so if Respondent
- 18 has no objection, we will proceed like that.
- 19 The next point on the general issues concern
- 20 the objection that has been raised yesterday. The
- 21 Tribunal discussed this shortly before the Hearing and
- 22 decided the following:

We invite Claimants to prepare a short submission—short, really, a few pages—explaining and elaborating on the question of valuation. And this should be submitted to the Arbitral Tribunal tomorrow, one hour before start of the Hearing. Respondent will have an opportunity to answer, to comment also within 24 hours after receipt of Claimants' position, also, in a few days. And depending on the outcome, the Arbitral Tribunal will see what you will do, whether we will ask for further explanation or whether we can be already in the position to take the Decision.

Is it clear, Claimant?

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MS. COHEN SMUTNY: Mr. President, the objection is Respondent's objection, and so the Respondent should elaborate what is the basis for its objection, and then the Claimant should respond to this objection, and so that's--of course, Claimant is prepared to respond to this objection, but Claimant is responding to the Respondent's objection.

PRESIDENT TERCIER: Yes, but the point is that we would be also interested to have now the clear position between the dates that have been mentioned

1 | and the impact of the valuation. I think this seems

2 to me, or seemed to me, to us important in order to

3 | have a clear, more clarified, if need be, clarified

position concerning the valuation of the damages.

Your request--

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(Overlapping speakers.)

MS. COHEN SMUTNY: Claimants are entirely prepared to elaborate and explain why this is not a claim and why this is an argument based on evidence in the record.

The point is simply that Claimants reserve the right to respond to the Respondent's objection. The Respondent is the moving party on this objection, and Claimants reserve the right to respond. That's all. Of course, Claimants are perfectly prepared to elaborate today or tomorrow, whatever the Tribunal prefers.

PRESIDENT TERCIER: Okay. I take note of your position. I assume, depending on my co-Arbitrators' position, that we maintain the Decision as we have. You have 24 hours to make a short explanation also on the question of the

- 1 | valuation and the impact it could have on the
- 2 | valuation, then 24 hours for Respondent to comment,
- 3 and we would open the possibility for you to comment
- 4 on Respondent's comment and have a short second round.
- 5 Could you agree with this, Mrs. Cohen?
- MS. COHEN SMUTNY: Yes, thank you very much.
- 7 PRESIDENT TERCIER: Mr. Heiskanen,
- 8 Dr. Heiskanen?
- DR. HEISKANEN: Yes, we do agree on the
- 10 understanding that, if required, there will be a
- 11 second round.
- PRESIDENT TERCIER: Yeah, I mentioned it.
- Okay. If my co-Arbitrators do not
- 14 protest--it doesn't seem to be the case--I come now to
- 15 the examination of our experts.
- DR. MIKE ARMITAGE and NICK FOX, CLAIMANTS' WITNESS,
- 17 CALLED
- 18 PRESIDENT TERCIER: Good afternoon,
- 19 Dr. Armitage, Mr. Fox. Welcome in this Hearing. You
- 20 know--as you know, a very special system with a
- virtual hearing, so you see the Members of the
- 22 Arbitral Tribunal and, of course, you guess who are

- the other persons that are appearing on screen or that would appear.
- You will be heard in this proceeding as an expert. I think you have received the Declaration that you are invited to read.
- 6 You have the Declaration of the Experts?
- 7 THE WITNESS: (Dr. Armitage) No.
- THE WITNESS: (Mr. Fox) We have not received
- 9 that.

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- PRESIDENT TERCIER: Sara, could you

  please--here it is. You have it.
- 12 First, Dr. Armitage.
- THE WITNESS: (Dr. Armitage) I solemnly

  declare upon my honor and conscience that my statement

  will be in accordance with my sincere belief. I will

  not receive or provide communications of any sort

  during the course of my examination.
- PRESIDENT TERCIER: Okay. Mr. Fox?
  - THE WITNESS: (Mr. Fox) I solemnly declare upon my honor and conscience that my statement will be in accordance with my sincere belief. I will not receive or provide any communications of any sort

1 during the course of my examination.

2 PRESIDENT TERCIER: Okay, good. I don't 3 know if you have received PO 33 concerning the examination of witnesses. I just would like to recall 4 5 one or two important points that, first, you will not receive or provide communication of any sort during 6 7 the course of your examination, that you will remain visible at all times during the examination; that also 8 you will have a clean, hard copy of your Expert 9 Report; and that the next point is the question of how 10 we will proceed with who will answer the question, and 11 I will come to it just in a moment. 12

Can you confirm the point, the point that I have just read, that you can agree with it and confirm that it is clear?

THE WITNESS: (Dr. Armitage) Yes.

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THE WITNESS: (Mr. Fox) Confirmed.

PRESIDENT TERCIER: Okay. You spoke both together at the same time. That is fine. It is a perfect stereo.

In the interest of time, I would just not give you an opportunity to introduce yourself. In

- 1 | fact, we have, of course, read and analyzed your
- 2 Reports, and, in the first pages we have the summary
- 3 and then your CV. I do not think with that we need
- 4 for the interest of time further introduction. I hope
- 5 you don't take it as a lack of politeness.
- You have prepared for this arbitration two
- 7 Experts Reports. The First Expert Report is dated
- 8 the 10th of February--no, sorry, is dated the 30th of
- 9 June 2017. It's called "Expert Report of Dr. Mike
- 10 Armitage and Nick Fox, and the second dated 2nd of
- 11 November 2018, "Second Expert Report of Dr. Mike
- 12 Armitage and Nick Fox."
- Now, you have these two documents in front
- 14 of you. My question to you is: Can you confirm the
- contents of these two reports, or do you wish to make
- 16 amendments or corrections?
- Dr. Armitage.
- 18 THE WITNESS: (Dr. Armitage) No, we've no
- 19 wish to make any amendments.
- 20 PRESIDENT TERCIER: Okay. And, Mr. Fox, you
- 21 can for the--
- (Overlapping speakers.)

THE WITNESS: (Mr. Fox) Agreed.

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PRESIDENT TERCIER: Okay. Good.

My next question to you is the way you have prepared it. You did it together. Is one of you or was one of you more specialized in one part or can you confirm or can you tell us how you came to this Report and who is—that you are co—authors—that you are the co—authors and there is not a special part that only one of you has dealt with?

Dr. Armitage.

THE WITNESS: (Dr. Armitage) Well, yes, the Report was produced jointly by Nick and myself. I would say that, while we're both familiar with all of the reports, there is sort of the source and reserve reporting and 43-101 requirements and a lot of the technical issues I'm closer to because I was managing the Project when we produced the document, when we produced the Report; whereas Nick is much closer to the economic model that we've tabled, so the capital costs and the operating costs assumptions, and the assumptions in the model, the timeframes and that sort of thing, so that is a general split, I would say.

PRESIDENT TERCIER: Okay. Now, this has an importance of the way you will answer the questions that will be asked you because, according to Paragraph 57, the Tribunal has decided that, once a question is posed by the cross-examiner, and unless such question relates to the expertise of a particular expert or to a specific party in the Report prepared only by one author—that's not the case—either expert will be able to answer but only one of them will be allowed to answer to each question. And to the extent that there are clear and justifiable grounds to do so, this rule will be applied with flexibility.

So, the principle will be you tell us who will answer the question. Normally, it is only the one who starts answering the question that has the right to answer. And if need be and just based on some justifiable grounds, we could accept that the other also add something.

Is it clear? It is important to have a clear Transcript and a clear position.

Dr. Armitage?

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THE WITNESS: (Dr. Armitage) Yes, we

- 1 understand that.
- 2 PRESIDENT TERCIER: Mr. Fox?
- THE WITNESS: (Mr. Fox) Understood. That is
- 4 clear.
- 5 PRESIDENT TERCIER: Okay. Now, my last
- 6 point before giving you the floor, is to see how it
- 7 | will go. First you will start with a presentation; am
- 8 | I right?
- 9 THE WITNESS: (Dr. Armitage) Correct, yeah.
- 10 PRESIDENT TERCIER: Okay. And for that, you
- 11 have prepared a PowerPoint presentation. I have
- 12 received by courtesy just a document a few minutes
- 13 ago. I would like to thank you.
- I assume, I don't know if my co-Arbitrators
- 15 have also received it; yes? Yes? Both of them have
- 16 received. Thank you very much for this.
- 17 And I assume it will be also on the screen
- 18 when you start.
- 19 Have you an idea how long it could be?
- THE WITNESS: (Dr. Armitage) We're
- 21 envisaging about an hour.
- PRESIDENT TERCIER: Okay. It was, indeed,

1 what was envisaged.

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direct.

Then Claimant will have the opportunity to ask questions, and these questions are for the rebuttal for Claimant's Witnesses and Experts. We have received the list of rebuttal exhibits that could be used. I think we have this list, so I will give counsel for Claimant an opportunity to complete the

Then we will have the cross-examination and the redirect. I recall that the Tribunal had the right to ask questions whenever it feels necessary to do that, without limitation.

Is it clear, Dr. Armitage?

THE WITNESS: (Dr. Armitage) Yes, it's clear, thank you.

16 PRESIDENT TERCIER: Mr. Fox?

THE WITNESS: (Mr. Fox) That's clear. Thank

18 you.

PRESIDENT TERCIER: Okay. Do you have a point you would like to add, Mrs. Cohen?

MR. POLASEK: Mr. President, we do not--

PRESIDENT TERCIER: Mr. Polašek? Yeah,

- 1 okay. Yeah?
- MR. POLASEK: Yes, yes. We do not. Just a
- 3 point maybe on organization. There are limited
- 4 rebuttal documents addressed in the presentation, so
- 5 | we were not anticipating doing this by way of
- 6 questions at the end of the examination. The Experts
- 7 | already incorporated that into their presentation, and
- 8 also there is a section about their qualifications.
- 9 So, I think in light of your remarks at the beginning,
- 10 | we can skip that and start a little further into the
- 11 presentation.
- 12 Thank you.
- PRESIDENT TERCIER: Thank you very much,
- 14 Mr. Polašek. It is a good information, and thank the
- 15 Experts already for that.
- So, on your side, Dr. Heiskanen, and you
- 17 have a point?
- DR. HEISKANEN: Nothing to add. Thank you.
- 19 PRESIDENT TERCIER: Thank you very much.
- So, please, Dr. Armitage, Mr. Fox, you have
- 21 the floor.

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#### DIRECT PRESENTATION

(Dr. Armitage) Yes. THE WITNESS: So, I'm 1 2 hoping someone's going to pull the slides up. Okay. If you could advance to the next slide. 3 Well, good morning or good afternoon, 4 5 This is going to be a joint presentation from Nick Fox and myself. We are going to dismiss the 6 initial slides that we had summarizing our 7 qualifications and experience, but the aim of the 8 presentation, then, is to give some background on the 9 reporting of Mineral Resources and Mineral Reserves, 10 11 to give you a brief summary of our experience with the Rosia Montană Project, to present the key conclusions 12 of the NI 43-101 Technical Report we produced in 2012, 13 to give a brief comment on the exploration potential 14 15 on the projects that the Company were exploring at the same time that it was advancing the Rosia Montană 16 Project, and then to address some of the issues that 17 had been raised by Behre Dolbear in its experts' 18 19 reports. 20 If you have any questions as we go along,

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we're very happy to stop and answer the questions, or

if there are questions at the end, then that's great;

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1 | we're happy to answer anything you would like us to.

Could I have the next slide, please.

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So, Mineral Resources and Mineral Reserves, and these terms come up a lot in the experts' reports, witness reports, that have been produced and tabled in this Arbitration. Now, over the years, particularly over the last ten years, these definitions or these terms have become pretty well internationally defined. We go back 10, 20 years, each country almost had its own system for reporting. Now most of the key jurisdictions where mining carries on use these common So, when I'm presenting and summarizing these terms. terms, essentially while these are applicable in Canada, according to the CIM definitions, they are similarly applicable in Europe and similarly applicable in South Africa and in Australia for that matter.

But the key distinction here is that Mineral Resources -- that is material, mineralization in the ground -- that has potential to be mined economically. And Mineral Reserves is that portion of that Mineral Resource, if you've determined to be economic to mine,

- 1 | based on either a Pre-Feasibility Study or a
- 2 | Feasibility Study. The resource is what's got
- 3 potential to be mined, and the Mineral Reserve is what
- 4 you've demonstrated can be mined economically.
- And resources are reported using three
- 6 terms. They can be either inferred, indicated or
- 7 measured, as you have increasing confidence. So,
- 8 | measured resources are those that you have most
- 9 confidence in, and Inferred resources are those you
- 10 | have least confidence in.
- Similarly, reserves are split into probable
- and proven, proven being those reserves that you're
- most comfortable with, probable being those reserves
- 14 that you feel more technical work is needed.
- You may move on to the next slide.
- This kind of shows how it works a bit more
- 17 graphically, and this is a direct extract from the CIM
- 18 definitions, which is the reporting code that was used
- 19 | for Roșia Montană.
- So, if you look at the left-hand side of
- 21 this slide, you'll see an arrow there saying:
- 22 "increasing geological confidence." So, as we are

drilling more holes, collecting more data, getting more comfortable with our mineral resource estimate, we move that resource from inferred into indicated and measured, the key issue there being getting it from inferred into indicated or measured because once you have—sufficiently geologically confident to classify something as indicated, that means that you can also, assuming that you've addressed all the issues that will be required to be addressed to determine it's mineable, you can then report that as a Mineral Reserve.

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So, if you look at the bottom of the figure, you'll see a list there of what are called "modifying factors." So these--this is a list of all the things that should be looked at when you're considering whether you can report your Mineral Resource as a Mineral Reserve. That way, as you can see, this covers mining, mineral processing, the economics, environmental issues, social issues, all the issues that you would look at when you were completing a Feasibility Study on a mining project.

The important thing to note here is that the

minimum level of technical work to support a Mineral Reserve statement is a Pre-Feasibility Study, and at Pre-Feasibility Study stage we are still looking at many of these factors as, indeed, we are at the Feasibility Study stage. So, the requirement is not that all of these issues must be thoroughly researched and all work has been completed. It's the view of the person doing the reporting to determine if sufficient work has been done in these areas and to give comfort that we've delineated mineralization as economic to be mined--is economic to be mined. So, we don't need all of the permits. We don't need all of the surface holdings. We simply need to have done enough work to be--to have a reasonable expectation that the mineralization is mineable, economically.

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Could I have the next slide.

And, in Canada, there's an additional requirement in that all companies listed on the Canadian Stock Exchanges, when they're reporting technical information—and that includes Mineral Resources and Mineral Reserves—that needs to be included in a Report which follows the format set out

in National Instrument 43-101, and this is a format that sets out exactly what must be covered in the Technical Report, the aim being that Technical Reports written for different companies, different projects all follow the same structure, and all cover the same issues and, therefore, can be compared with each other.

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A specific requirement in the case of a project that has not yet been put into production, So, Roşia Montană, as we know, is at Feasibility Study stage, projects at that stage, those documents, the NI 43-101 must be produced by somebody independent of the Company. That's not the case once the mine is operating. Those reports can be produced by people who work for the Company. But at this stage of development, they must be produced by somebody independent.

And they must also be what's called a "Qualified Person." And again, that is a defined term. It's a requirement that the person must have the appropriate professional qualifications, educational qualifications, and also the experience in

1 the specific start of mineralization that is planned

2 to be mined. And that Qualified Person takes

3 responsibility for that Report and is subject to legal

4 and professional sanctions if there are

5 misrepresentations in that Report, so it's a very

6 significant position to hold.

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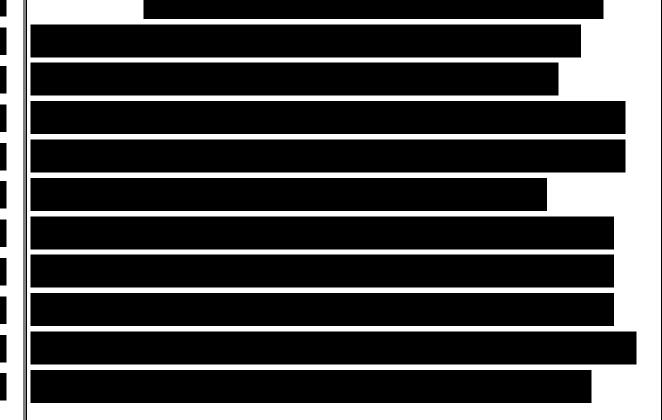
Next slide, please.

So, that's just some background on Mineral

9 Resources and Reserves and technical reporting. This

slide summarizes the work that SRK has done in

11 | relation to the Rosia Montană Project.



Subsequent to that, and perhaps the main report we have produced, the public report that's been produced is the NI 43-101 Technical Report we produced in 2012, that was produced—whereas I was the lead of that Report and I'm the Qualified Person and Nick was the Technical Reviewer and also prepared the economic model—that Report was produced by a team of nine specialists.

2.1

So, as you can imagine, in a mining project, there are a lot of different aspects to be looked at. It's not possible for one person to be sufficiently expertised in all of those areas, so we had a resource geologist looking at the resource, mining engineer, mineral processor, infrastructure specialists, environmental scientists; and so, we had a full team looking at all the different technical aspects of the Project. This Report we produced reflects their views and the feedback that they gave to Nick and I. So, we compiled the Report, but it was actually input from a significant number of people.

I last visited the site in 2011. I'd also

visited the site earlier in 2007, I think, and Mr. Fox visited it in 2010.

In addition to the NI 43-101, I also testified before the Parliamentary Special Commission in October 2013.

Next slide, please.

2.1

This slide presents the main conclusions of NI 43-101 Technical Report. Summarily, we concluded that the Project was both technically feasible and economically viable. We reported a significant gold resource of over 17 million-ounces, a Mineral Reserve of over 10 million ounces. The Report presented a 16-year mine life, producing between 400 and 600,000 ounces of gold per year.

The Report covered all of the technical aspects of the Project, described mining as a conventional open-pit operation, processing, so that is a method by which we're extracting the mineral from the rock. An area had been extensively investigated. The design was conventional. We reported on the tailings dam design, which we considered to be robust. And we reported on all of the infrastructure aspects

as well. And I think perhaps the point to note is that there was nothing being planned for this Project that hadn't been used successfully on many projects elsewhere. There was no novel technology involved in any material way.

The next slide, please.

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Oh, in addition to that, the Report also included the review of environmental and social aspects. We heard a lady that spent time on-site, who's an expert in this area, and her view was that we had--that the Company had undertaken a thorough and comprehensive Environmental and Social Impact Assessment study. We felt that the current proposal is the most beneficial to the Roşia Montană area and has the least negative social and environmental impacts.

In addition, the Report was entered--the economics of the Project was entered, capital cost estimates and operating cost estimates, which we had reviewed during 2012, and concluded there's a brief site, so earlier that the Project was economically viable. We also presented sensitivities which showed

1 how the economic viability varied with a range of 2 inputs, in particular gold prices, for example.

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We also presented in the Report a discounted-cash-flow analysis. This is a requirement of NI 43-101 documents for projects at this stage. It is not, though, presented as a valuation opinion.

So, in summary, the Project was designed to use standards and established conventional technologies, and had been produced—the work had been produced by well-established consultants.

Next slide, please.

This is a list of the main consultants that have been involved in producing the Feasibility Study and undertaking work subsequent to that. I won't read through all these, but RGS Global, who managed the exploration program; SGS, who did the independent assaying; GRD Minproc, who properly produced the first Feasibility Study; Washington Group, who produced the final Feasibility Study--

(Pause.)

THE WITNESS: (Dr. Armitage) Sure, yeah, yeah. So, well, as I say, I don't think I'll go

through all of these, but I think you get the impression from the slide, or hopefully you do, that there are a significant number of consultancies that have been involved in the Project to date, and these are all well-known, very established companies, all of whom have specialized in the areas that they covered.

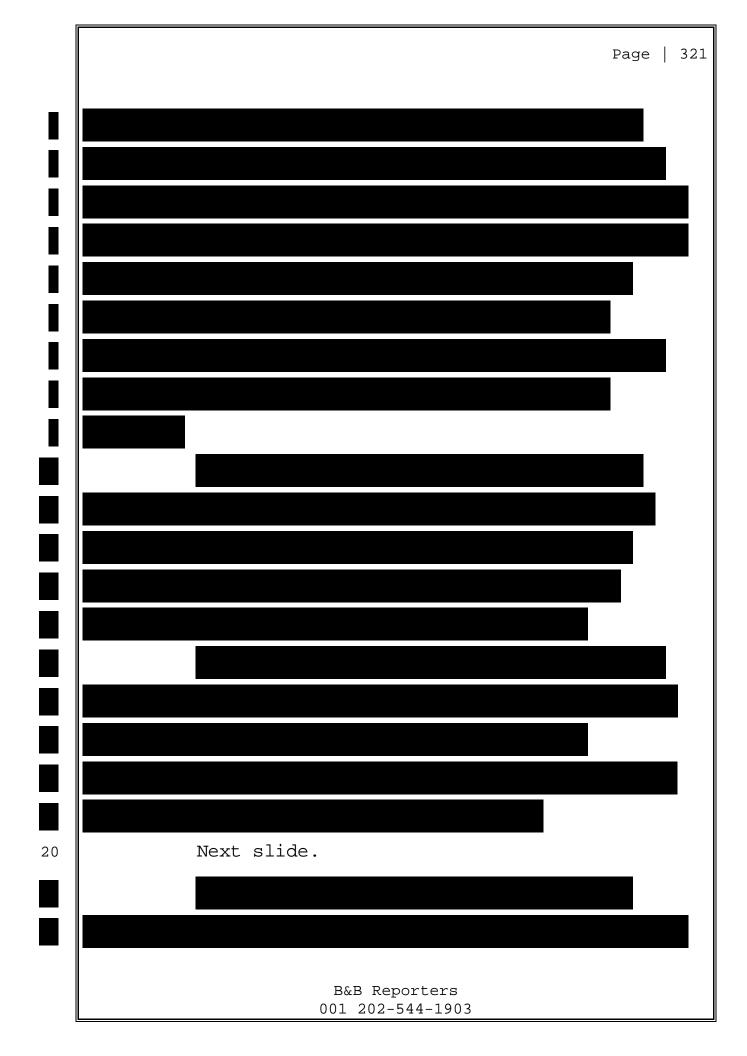
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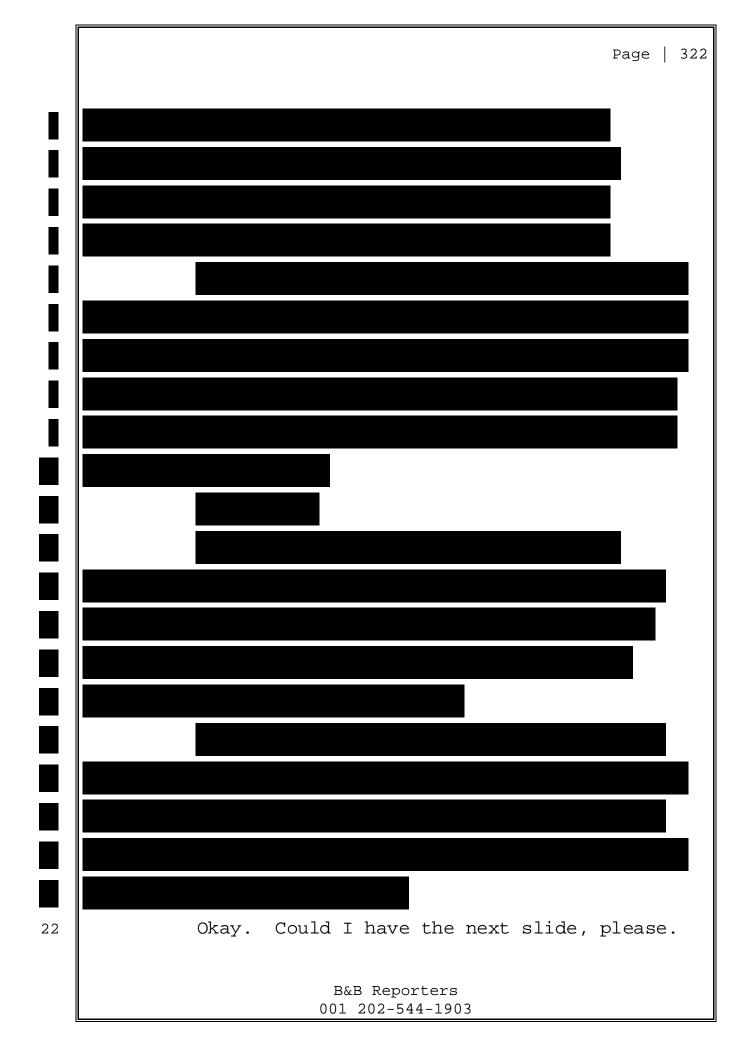
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In addition to there being many well-known companies, established companies, who had produced the Feasibility Study and undertaken the technical work, the Project has also been reviewed by a number of other consultancies. So, obviously I've already talked about the Technical Report that we produced in 2012. Micon had produced a very similar-style report, again an NI 43-101 compliant report in 2009, and there had been two other reviews that we're aware of, one had been produced by the Canadian consultancy AECOM on behalf of the Romanian Government, that was in 2013;

And, as you can see from the extracts that we've given there, both of those subsequent reviews supported the observations that

were presented in our Report in 2012. 1 And the next slide. 2 PRESIDENT TERCIER: Dr. Armitage, if you can 3 slow down a bit, because I think it's going extremely 4 quickly for our Court Reporter. Please. 5 THE WITNESS: (Dr. Armitage) No problem. 6 Could we have the next slide. 18 And, in addition to that, the Company was 19 20 also exploring the Bucium Properties, the two projects Rodu-Frasin and Tarniţa.





So, an overall conclusion in terms of Roşia Montană and Bucium. In our view, the Roşia Montană Project was at a very advanced stage of development, it had been the subject for several feasibility studies, who were essentially just awaiting permitting. The work had been done by many highly respected consultants, which had also been independently reviewed several times. And the exploration projects had potential to add to the value of Roşia Montană, with significant upside potential both at Roşia Montană itself and at the Bucium Project.



We don't agree with this. We believe that a lot of the alleged issues are based on generalizations about mining industry, and they're not based on a specific detailed technical analysis of this particular project, which was the case with the Feasibility Study and the independent reviews that had been completed.

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Could I have the next slide, please.

So, the next few slides talked through some of the issues that were raised by Behre Dolbear in their witness reports, present their opinion or our understanding of their opinion, give our thoughts on those observations, and then also present some examples where Behre Dolbear themselves have had to deal with similar issues on other projects so that we could see how they similarly dealt with them.

So, one of the comments that was raised by Behre Dolbear was the reliability of the Feasibility Study, the point being that it had been produced in 2006, and we produced our Report in 2012. Well, we don't believe that just because the Feasibility Study was produced in 2006, that makes it out of date in any

way. The technical work that had been done was still being done to a high standard. The mineralization in the ground hadn't changed. The intent was still to mine to the same pits that had been submitted as part of the EIA. And the mineral processing was the same as had been envisaged at the time. So, just because the work had been done previously doesn't mean to say, in our opinion, that that is in any way out of date.

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In addition to that, quite a bit of additional work had been done since the Feasibility Study, notably the Company had ordered some long-lead items of equipment, had undertaken additional work to optimize the processing, there's been work done to submit and respond to queries on the EIA. There's a pilot plant that's treating water.

And, on top of that, they had also commissioned the companies that had done the original Feasibility Study to update their capital and operating costs assessment to 2012 terms. So, we don't believe that just because the study was produced six years ago, that means it's in any way out of date. And while we accept that it would be handy if we were

looking for project finance for the Project to assimilate a lot of this additional work into a single document, we don't believe that would be a material task.

Could I have the next slide.

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So, this relates to, in the box there, is an extract from a report that Behre Dolbear produced, again a 43-101 Report, that being the same sort of report that we produced. This report was produced on the Rio Tinto Copper Project, and it's dated February 2013, so it's about the time, same time that we produced our Report. And if you can see from looking at the slide here, that the Mineral Resource and reserve that Behre Dolbear audited and presented in its Report, was produced in 2008, and the study was based on a resource report, not a Feasibility Study, a resource report produced in 2010. This Report, as I said, is dated 2013, so they have a situation there where there is a resource that's five years--had been produced five years earlier, but they're still very happy to report Mineral Resources despite the fact that it was five-years old.

Go to the next slide.

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And this is just an extract from the mining public domain information that just really shows that this is about the same project, an extract in the box there: And, as you can see, this project went on to be built. It was built ahead of schedule and on budget. It just shows that even though the Feasibility Study was—a resource estimate was five years out of date, that didn't impede the Project's ability to proceed.

If we could go to the next slide, please.

This is another example. In this case, the extracts are from a report produced by Behre Dolbear in April 2012, again about the same time we produced our Report. This one relates to the Toromocho Project. And, as you can see if you read it, this is actually based on a mine design and economic parameters that were produced in 2012—in 2007, so the mine designs and the economic parameters all date from 2007, and Behre Dolbear still reported this in 2012, and reported a Mineral Resource estimate and a Mineral Reserve estimate.

Go on to the next slide.

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Now, one of the other comments that Behre Dolbear raised in their Report was the existence of mined-out areas and voids where we are going to be mining or the Company is going to be mining pits, open pits. So there were two issues here. These are voids that are left from historical mining, so where the pits are going to be mining, there has been previously mining underneath. And there are two issues here. One of them is (a) that means that in the area that you're reporting a resource, some material has been mined, so that needs to be taken into account; and, in addition, when you're mining, you're going to come across holes as you mine, which are going to potentially cause challenges. And their opinion was that these issues had not been taken into account.

And, similarly, the mining through voids, well, that's established mining practice. There are many projects around the world. I've been involved in some where we have mined through voids.

Next slide, please.

And again, this is another extract from
Behre Dolbear's Rio Tinto 43-101 Technical Report;
and, as you can see, there was the same issue in this
case, that underground voids were known to exist.

Some of the locations were known and some weren't, and
yet again, this didn't impede, as we've already seen,
the ability for Behre Dolbear to report Mineral
Reserves for this Project.

And look at the next slide.

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So, this slide concerns the issues of dilution and mining loss.

And just perhaps as a brief bit of background to dilution losses, when you mine an orebody in an open pit, it is not typically the case that the ore is sitting neatly in one place and the waste is sitting neatly somewhere else and that you can simply mine all of the ore and not mine any of the waste. Normally when you mine, you are forced to bring a certain amount of waste material with you to send to the plant.

Similarly, if it's almost always the case that you won't be able to mine all of the ore because it's the geometry that is such that you can't get the mining equipment in there. So, some of the ore material which you reported is going to go to the waste dump, so that will be what's called "mining losses" whereas the involvement of waste along with the ore you send to your process plant, that's dilution. And this is important because if you have too much dilution, this means you're sending an

increasing amount of material to the process plant, you're having to pay for all that to be processed, and the quality or the grade of your mineralization is less because you've incorporated a lot of waste material.

Behre Dolbear's speculation was that the loss in dilution assumptions that were included in the model were understated; and, for the purpose of their own review, they suggested this should be increased and just about double. Well, we don't agree with this, and we reviewed this extensively when we produced our 43-101 Report. We took the block model, took the base data, and we re-interpolated the grades into the block model. We looked at the contiguity of the mineralization. We then looked at how we could mine it and where we mined it, what waste we will get. We did a significant amount of work on this, and we felt that the assumptions that had been made by the Company were reasonable.

And it's not possible to just look at a project and judgmentally decide what the dilution should be. It's got to be the subject of a significant amount of work.

The next slide, please.

So, if you recall this slide early on, which talked about how the Mineral Resource reporting system worked, you see there were many modifying factors along the bottom of that graph; and, as I said at the time, it's not the case that all of those modifying factors need to be thoroughly, completely addressed to their endpoint. There is almost always more work that is required to be done.

And if you look at the bullet points towards

the bottom there, again these are extracts from the Behre Dolbear Report on the Rio Tinto Project, you will see this was very much the case there, as well. Permits were still in the process of being reviewed, there were many legacy issues facing the project, approvals were needed still to be done. And there were several towns there. And, if you look at the last bullet point, it says there are several areas where more work was required, including additional geological modeling and additional metallurgical testwork.

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So, again, there were still a lot of issues still to be resolved, and that didn't inhibit Behre Dolbear's ability to report Mineral Reserve.

Over the next slide, please.

And another issue Behre Dolbear raised was a concern, the sheer number of experts that had been involved in the Project, and the ability, I guess, for something to be missed when you have lots of different people working on it. I don't understand this point. I think that the more good companies that you have working on a project the better. But again, if you

- 1 look at that extract again from the Rio Tinto of a
- 2 project, from the Behre Dolbear Report, you can see
- 3 that, in that case, again there were many companies
- 4 involved, AMC, GVM, Golders, Merit International
- 5 | Consultants. So again, many consultants involved, but
- 6 again not something that would make Behre Dolbear feel
- 7 they couldn't report Mineral Reserves or Mineral
- 8 Resources.
- 9 Could we have the next slide, please.
- 10 At this point, I'm going to hand over to
- 11 Mr. Fox to complete.
- 12 THE WITNESS: (Mr. Fox) Okay. Thank you,
- 13 Mike.
- Yeah, so we now have a number of slides
- carrying on for the issues raised by Behre Dolbear in
- 16 their Reports and our comments on these issues.
- So, first of all, this slide deals with the
- 18 | geotechnical aspects of the Project. Behre Dolbear
- 19 made a comment that the geotechnical aspects had not
- 20 been adequately investigated, which could cause an
- 21 issue for the slope stability of the open pits. So,
- 22 just for a background and the understanding,

geotechnical drilling is undertaken to obtain data on the rock stone parameters, which is used to inform slope stability analysis, which then informs the pit designs, which then informs the mine schedule.

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The work undertaken at the time of the Feasibility Study undertaken by IMC and others was considered sufficient for the Declaration of a Mineral Reserve. Indeed, on our review of the Project in 2012, we came to the same conclusions, that there was adequate information to inform the pit designs, to therefore inform the mine schedule.

Leading up to the work that culminated in the production of the 2012 43-101 Report, SRK's geotechnical specialists conducted a detailed analysis of the geotechnical data that had been collected with a specific focus on the Cetate and Cârnic pits which are noted to be the two pits that are mined at the beginning of the Mine Plan for the first seven or eight years. The outcome of that review included from the analysis while the study assumed an overall uniform pit slope angle, there were some areas where the slopes may need to be shallower; while,

conversely, this will be balanced where the pits could in places be steeper. And, indeed, there will be places where the slopes would remain unchanged.

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So, the conclusions of our review were that the pit designs and the geotechnical work were acceptable for the purposes of the Feasibility Study and, therefore, informing the mine design and the mine production schedule. IMC did review the outcomes of SRK's work and agreed with the conclusions drawn, and the recommendation that further drilling could be undertaken subsequently in the next phases of the Project, such as progressing to the detailed engineering.

And, in fact, this is standard industry practice and geotechnical drilling would continue through the next phases of the Project and indeed can continue through the operational phases of the Project. And Gabriel did, in fact, carry out additional drilling in 2013 after the production of our 2012 43-101 Report.

With regards to the Orlea and Jig pits, these are due to be mined in the schedule later in the

mine life. They are due to start in Years 7 and 8 of the Mine Plan, which would be including the Project development construction period, some 11 or 12 years from the start of the Project, of the implementation of the Project. This would allow sufficient time for additional geotechnical drilling to be undertaken for these two particular pits.

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If any additional drilling lenders may require, if bank financing was being pursued, would easily be implemented during the detailed design phase and concurrently while negotiating the terms of financing or, indeed, could be a condition precedent for a loan drawdown. Our view is this would not pose a problem or be a source of delay to implementing the Project as envisaged in the Feasibility Study.

Could we move to the next slide, please.

So, this slide covers a number of aspects raised in the Behre Dolbear Report which are mainly focused around the mining, the processing and infrastructure and implementation of the Project. I will deal with each one in turn.

The first two relating to the sulphur

estimates and the ore hardness are noted by Behre
Dolbear and may not have been adequately analyzed for
the purposes of the study. So, our comments on these
would be as follows:

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The sulphur estimates are important for establishing the relationship to the recovery in the processing plant, and algorithms are developed that take into account the gold grade and the sulphur grade, and then you derive a recovery for the plant performance.

And, in fact, the database included an extensive amount of samples, over 8,600 samples, and these were analyzed, and they were estimated into the block model in the same manner as the gold grade. These showed low overall sulphur variability. In our view, based on the review of the information, we considered that the information on the sulphur was adequate for the Feasibility Study. And, indeed, based on our technical specialists' review on it and from myself and Dr. Armitage, the level of information on the sulphur exceeded many projects we have looked at at a similar stage of development.

Similarly, for ore hardness, this is a parameter that was taken into account to inform the mine planning on the processing schedules to determine whether the ore was hard or soft or in between, as that would dictate the processing throughput that could be achieved.

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The consultants involved in the work at the time on the Company, extensively logged the data—the information of ore hardness into the database based on the log-in information of the rock type and the alteration type. And then this was again estimated into the block model which, in turn, informed the Mine Plan and the Processing Plan.

As with the sulphur, this was considered to be adequately analyzed and, indeed, is in excess of what we would typically see during a feasibility study assessment. There will, indeed, be local variability in the ore hardness as mining progresses, but this would not be unusual or would easily be able to be addressed during mining operations.

The next point covers Behre Dolbear's comment of the need for an additional mining shovel, a

fourth mining shovels. Three were assumed. Behre
Dolbear considered that a fourth would be needed in
Year 7 of the Mine Plan and possibly additional
haulage trucks.

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The mining equipment fleet requirements were extensively analyzed by IMC as part of their work for the Feasibility Study, and this work undertook detailed analysis of the equipment hours, the utilizations, et cetera, and did not determine that an additional shovel was required.

Our mining technical specialists also reviewed this aspect as part of our review of the 43-101 Report, and we had the same conclusion. This had been analyzed in detail. There was no indication of an additional mining shovel needed based on the locations of where the mine would be and the utilizations. We see no basis for the addition of the fourth mining shovel.

The next point deals with the ramp-up of the processing plant. Behre Dolbear include a general speculation that the processing plant would not start up as efficiently and as quickly as planned. Again,

our comments to this would be our process engineer at the time reviewed in detail the construction of the plant, the initiating schedule, the ramp-up of the plant, which it is noted assumed a six-month ramp-up to achieving the design capacity of the plant.

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Behre Dolbear provides two examples in their Report of plants that did not, in their opinion, perform well. A couple of comments on those aspects are the two examples chosen are not comparable to the Roşia Montană Project because these two plants selected were polymetallic plants and not gold plants. They were bigger than the Roşia Montană plant, with higher throughputs. And, indeed, they were both located in remote locations. All of those aspects will come with different challenges than a gold project located in Europe.

And, in fact, the examples provided by Behre Dolbear, one of the examples achieved design capacity four months after start-up, and we don't consider that that particularly supports the argument that plants typically ramp-up slower than planned.

The next point on the start-up date, Behre

Dolbear are the delay to the start-up date of the Project, which we understand is largely the product of counsel's instructions. However, in addition to that, they incorporate additions for the longer ramp-up, as I've just mentioned, and also additional delays for updating feasibility studies and obtaining financing. In our opinion, these additional delays are not necessary. The natural progression of a project beyond the Feasibility Study will be to go into the detailed design phase; and then, concurrently with that, you can then undertake exercises to obtain financing, and this would all be done at the same time and would not cause a source of delay, in our opinion.

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The final point is generally Behre Dolbear make general comments around the infrastructure requirements for the Project in terms of the roads, the power, ore supply, communications. The Roşia Montană is located in an area well-established infrastructure. Notwithstanding this, we had an infrastructure specialist reviewing all of these aspects of the Project for the purposes of the 43-101 in 2012. All of these were considered to be

adequately analyzed and adequately addressed and adequately cost estimated for the costs, and we did not see any issue with the infrastructure requirements for the Project.

Next slide, please.

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So, this slide covers some comments on the cost estimates for the Project. Behre Dolbear indicate in their Report that connected through the passage of time, as Mike noted, that the cost estimates would not be as accurate, and were also the product of factoring, as Behre Dolbear incorrectly speculates.

In fact, for the purposes of the 2012 43-101 Report, an extensive exercise was undertaken by the consultants involved with the various aspects of the Project and the Company to update all of the costs to the 2012 terms, and this was done through an extensive exercise of obtaining quotes and repricing from manufacturers and suppliers. For example, including updated quotes and prices on mining equipment, processing equipment, updated rates from Contractors undertaking activities such as earthworks, updated

diesel price, power price, and all major consumables and reagents.

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There was an element of factoring in the updates to the cost, but this was a very minor component to the update, and the majority of the costs were updated in a detailed first principles manner.

The capital costs were developed specifically for each technical area of the Project, and these estimates were reviewed by all of our technical specialists, the mining processing infrastructure and so on. The view of the work undertaken was to be developed in a thorough manner.

And an important point that we noted in the 2012 43-101 Report, in our view, at the time was these costs were, indeed, conservative, cost savings could well be achieved. I think this is a point to highlight as in both mine and Mike's experience, which expands over 30 years of reviewing projects, we actually can't recall another instance of where we have made such a comment on the estimation of the costs on a project.

The operating costs were all estimated in

accordance with industry standard practices; and, as I've noted, were updated in detail and were valid as of Q3 2012.

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Similarly, the closure costs were thoroughly estimated and included a 15 percent specific contingency. Behre Dolbear made a general comment that the industry has a history of underestimating closure costs. We don't see a specific Project reason for why the costs should be increased, and they did not identify such.

It has been noted already that there is an increase in the cost estimates between the 2009 43-101 Report that was presented, and those presented in the 2012 SRK Report. This was due to a combination of industry-wide cost inflation as which I have just discussed, and was undertaken in a detailed manner and there were scope changes notably on the capital costs. So there were additional allowance for additional elements on the processing plants, the infrastructure, the resettlement, and patrimony project.

As Mike has already mentioned, the Project that was reviewed independently by the Canadian

1 | consultancy AECOM in 2013, for the Romanian

2 Government, and they concluded that the estimated

3 capital costs may be overstated, which would cause the

Project to be more profitable and the operational

5 costs seemed reasonable. And this independent review

6 | is in line and supports the view that we also had on

7 our review of the Project.

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Next slide, please.

So, this slide has some discussion around the capital cost contingency. The Behre Dolbear comment, again, linked through to the passage of time on their view on the status of the study which we disagree with, the estimate would have become less accurate, therefore, a higher contingency would be required, so our comments on this are included in this slide.

The estimators of the capital costs and the contributors to the Project consider that the accuracy of the costs were plus-minus 15 percent, that is both at the 2006 Feasibility Study stage and indeed the update that was done in a detailed manner as I have just discussed for the purposes of the 2012 43-101

1 Report.

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Our review agreed with that assessment that the costs were within the accuracy of plus-minus

15 percent and that this level of accuracy is suitable for a feasibility study level of assessment.

The 1.4 billion capital costs presented in the 2012 Report included a \$140 million contingency which is some 11 percent on top of capital cost estimates.

To derived the contingency that it included, the estimators undertook detailed specific assessments across their respective technical areas on a case-by-case basis on a line-by-line basis, not in a generalized manner, to derive the contingency that was deemed appropriate based on the underlying estimates. We reviewed the information on the capital cost estimates on the duration of the contingency, and we considered that this was reasonable and appropriate with the level of the study at the time.

Behre Dolbear, on the other hand, has suggested the capital costs contingency should be increased to 30 percent, which would add 210 million

to the cost. This appears to be a generalization to 1 2 apply a higher contingency because of the view they had of the lower contingency. As I've already noted, 3 our view was the estimate was accurate to a plus-minus 5 15 percent accuracy, and the contingency was appropriate. But we disagree with the need for the 6 additional contingency, but it appears that Behre 7 8 Dolbear inaccurately assumed that the accuracy would equate to contingency, and this would be incorrect, in 9 our opinion, and would not--and is contrary to 10

If one assumed the capital cost contingency by Behre Dolbear, which we don't agree with, this would increase the contingency to a total of \$350 million. In our view, this would be excessive given the amount of detailed work that had been carried out on the estimate and, in fact, and indeed because the conservative approach was taken to derive (drop in audio) the costs.

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industry practice.

And this is the final slide of the presentation, just to note other issues and criticisms

- 1 | in the Behre Dolbear Report, which we do not believe
- 2 | are correct. We address these points within our SRK
- Reports briefly. And these covers the archaeological
- 4 surveys, Chance Finds Protocols, Tailings Management
- 5 Facility Permits, and also allegations of market
- 6 | information which is, in fact, in Dr. Burrows's
- 7 Report. We won't go into any details on those because
- 8 these are also addressed at length by other expert
- 9 reports that are all available on the record.
- 10 And that concludes the presentation, and so
- 11 thank you. And if you have any questions, we would be
- 12 happy to answer them.
- PRESIDENT TERCIER: Thank you very much.
- 14 I'm sure that you will have some questions.
- But I would first like to have confirmation
- 16 by Mr. Polašek that you have no further questions in
- 17 direct?
- MR. POLASEK: That's correct, Mr. President.
- 19 Confirmed.
- 20 PRESIDENT TERCIER: Good. Thank you very
- 21 much.
- In that case, Respondents, you have the

- 1 | floor for cross-examination.
- MR. GUIBERT de BRUET: Thank you, Mr.
- 3 President.

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## CROSS-EXAMINATION

MR. GUIBERT de BRUET:

- Q. Good afternoon, Dr. Armitage and Mr. Fox.

  (Pause.)
- Q. Just so I understand what you have in front of you, do you have a hard copy of your Expert

  Reports?
- 11 A. (Dr. Armitage) We do.
- Q. You should have a password protected USB drive containing an electronic version of the record; correct?
  - A. (Dr. Armitage) Correct.
- Q. And if you haven't already done so, would you please unlock the USB drive with the password provided to you.
- A. (Mr. Fox) We have done so already.
  - Q. I would ask you to open the hyperlinked index located in the root folder of the drive so you can bring up any documents that you wish to refer to.

- A. (Mr. Fox) Yes, we have that in front of us.
- Q. Okay. Thank you. You will see on the
- 3 screen Paragraph 24 of Page 8 of your First Report.
- 4 It states that: In preparing your 2012 NI 43-101
- 5 Technical Report, "SRK conducted a comprehensive
- 6 review and analysis of all aspects of the Project and
- 7 numerous technical studies, data and design work
- 8 prepared for the course of the Project's development
- 9 over the many years." Correct?
- 10 A. (Dr. Armitage) That's correct, yeah.
- 11 Q. SRK also states in its First Report that it
- 12 | "analyzed and endorsed the mine production schedule";
- 13 | correct?

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- A. (Dr. Armitage) That's correct, yeah.
- Q. And, in SRK's Report, it "reaffirms the
- 16 conclusions of the 2012 NI 43-101 Technical Report
- 17 that the Rosia Montană Project was 'technically
- 18 feasible and economically viable.'" Right?
- 19 A. (Dr. Armitage) That's correct.
- Q. So, SRK's Report in this Arbitration
- 21 | incorporated by reference its 2012 Technical Report;
- 22 | correct?

A. (Dr. Armitage) I'm sorry, I'm not sure I understand the question.

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- Q. You refer 94 times to your Technical Report in your--just your First Expert Report, so your Report is incorporated by reference effectively into your Reports. You relied extensively on it; right?
  - A. (Dr. Armitage) That's correct, yeah.
- Q. Modifying factors are considerations used to convert Mineral Resources to Mineral Reserves; correct?
  - A. (Dr. Armitage) That's correct.
- Q. And the modifying factors include, but are not restricted to, mining, processing, metallurgical infrastructure, economic, marketing, legal, environmental, social, and Government factors; right?
  - A. (Dr. Armitage) That's correct.
  - Q. If a project is unlikely to secure a Building Permit, it cannot be described as having Mineral Reserves; correct?
- A. (Dr. Armitage) I think the strict interpretation of the guidelines is that there should be a reasonable expectation in the view of the person

who reports the Mineral Resources and Reserves. 1

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- 2 So, if it's unlikely to secure a Building Permit, it cannot be described as having a Mineral 3 Reserve; right?
  - (Dr. Armitage) If that was the case, but in this case, we don't believe that was the case.
    - I'm just asking you as a general matter. Q.
    - (Dr. Armitage) Well, hypothetically, in that Α. situation, if the person felt that there was a little chance of getting the permits that were required or licenses required, yes, that would be true.
    - Ο. Okay. In its two Expert Reports, SRK does not provide a list of the documents that you reviewed when drafting those Reports; right?
      - Α. (Dr. Armitage) Which report?
      - Ο. In your two Expert Reports. Excuse me.
    - (Dr. Armitage) I'm not sure if it's Α. completely exhaustive, but we've tried to include the references that we've used.
  - No, excuse me, I'm--perhaps there's some Ο. confusion. I mean, a list of the documents that you've actually reviewed besides the footnotes that

1 you've added.

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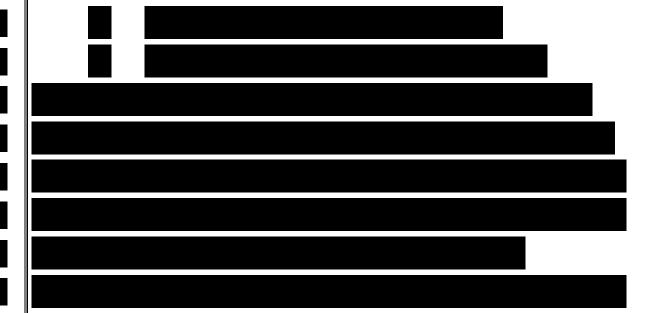
- A. (Dr. Armitage) At the time in 2012?
- Q. No, no, for the drafting of your two

  Technical Reports--excuse me, the two reports that you

  submitted in this Arbitration.
  - A. (Dr. Armitage) As I say, I think we've tried to list all the Reports that we've referenced.
  - Q. Okay. But you had reviewed the documents that you referred to in your Reports; correct?
    - A. (Dr. Armitage) Yes, that's correct.
  - Q. And you reviewed at some point the documents that are referred to in SRK's 2012 NI 43-101; correct?
  - A. (Dr. Armitage) Well, Mr. Fox and I might not personally have reviewed them, but our team will have done, yeah.
    - Q. And you were responsible for that Report.
  - A. (Dr. Armitage) They were reporting to myself as the Qualified Person, yeah. I was there reliant on their technical opinion, so I would not have seen all of the documents that they would have seen.
  - Q. Presumably they would have raised to your attention any relevant issues.

A. (Dr. Armitage) If they were concerned about any issue, they would have raised it, yes, sure.

- Q. Dr. Armitage, at Paragraph 15 of your First Report in this Arbitration, you say that you "have extensive experience with the Roşia Montană Project" and that you "led SRK teams whose work included several independent technical audits of the Project for financial institutions investigating the opportunity to provide debt and other financing for the Project." Right?
  - A. (Dr. Armitage) That's correct.
- Q. When exactly did these several technical audits take place?
  - A. Between 2006 and 2009.





- Q. So, SRK's involvement with the Roşia Montană Project goes back to 2006; right?
  - A. (Dr. Armitage) That's correct, yeah.
- Q. So, SRK was advising RMGC with respect to the Rosia Montană Project in 2006?
- A. (Dr. Armitage) No, that's not correct. We were engaged to provide an independent review of the Project for potential lenders.
- Q. So you were engaged in providing support and advice to RMGC?
- A. (Dr. Armitage) No, only to the extent that we may have included some recommendations in the Reports, but no, we were working directly for potential lenders.
- Q. Okay. In March 2009, RMGC commissioned a technical report on the Project from several experts, Brett Gossage, Coffey Mining; Patrick Corser, MWH

America, I believe. For that Technical Report, SRK audited the resource estimation; right?

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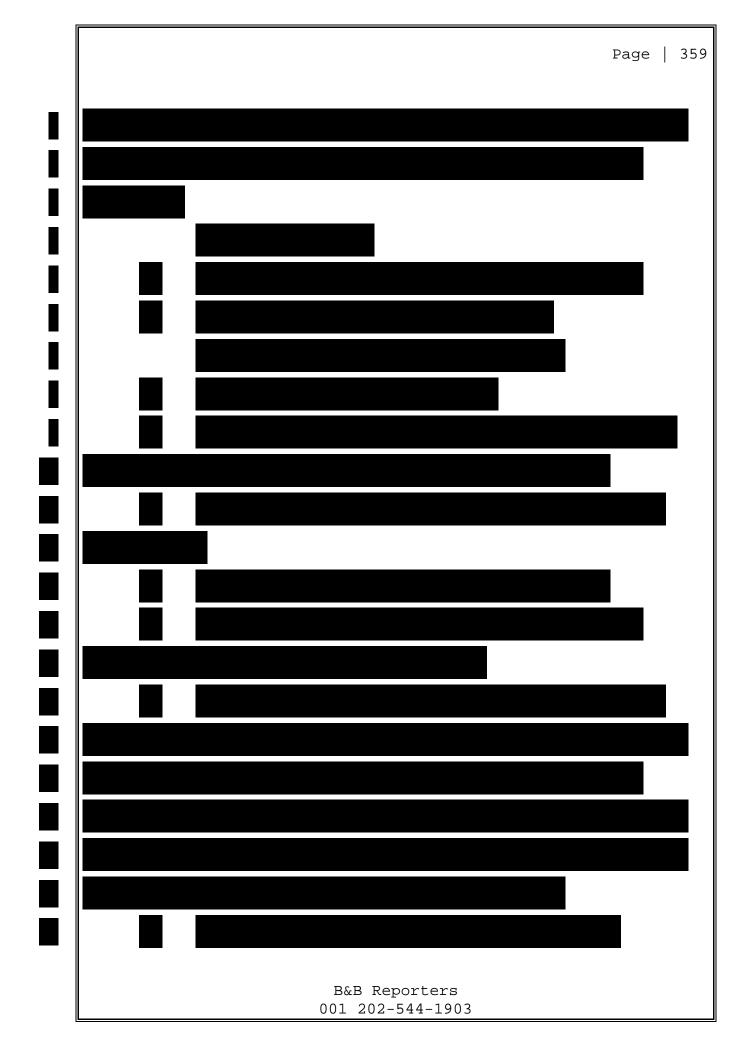
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- A. (Dr. Armitage) No, that's not correct.
- Q. Okay. You will see on your screen Exhibit C-127, Page 161.
  - So, the second table, ninth row from the top, it says "Audits or Reviews: The current resource estimation has been audited by independent consulting firm SRK."
  - A. (Dr. Armitage) No, I assume--I didn't write this Report obviously, but I assume that they're referring to the fact that we would have reviewed that resource estimate as part of the audits that we had previously done.
    - Q. Okay. Do you know who at SRK was involved in providing that support or advice?
    - A. (Dr. Armitage) I'm a resource geologist, and I oversaw the resource review, with those 15 aspects of the Project, from a technical perspective.
- Q. Right. SRK continued to advise RMGC in 21 2010?
  - A. (Dr. Armitage) Well, as I say, we weren't,

at any point were we directly advising the Company.

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- Q. Okay. Dr. Armitage, in August 2011, you concluded a contract on behalf of SRK with Jonathan Henry of Gabriel Resources to prepare a technical report; correct?
  - A. (Dr. Armitage) That is correct, yes.
- Q. When was your first contact with Mr. Henry or someone else from Gabriel or RMGC?
  - A. (Dr. Armitage) In relation to that work?
  - Q. Just in general.
    - A. (Dr. Armitage) I think you're right that we submitted our proposal in August 2011, so I would assume that we were either contacted that month or in July. I couldn't say for sure.
  - Q. Okay. You visited the Roșia Montană site in December 2011; correct?
    - A. (Dr. Armitage) Yes, that is correct, I

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- Q. Have you visited the site on other occasions?
- A. (Dr. Armitage) I think personally, it's a long time ago. I think personally the only other time I visited the site was for one of the original audits between 2006 and 2009, so I think that's the case. I may be wrong, but I think that's the case.
- Q. How many times have you met or spoken with Mr. Jonathan Henry?
- A. (Dr. Armitage) Prior to that time or since then?
  - Q. Overall, in general.
- A. (Dr. Armitage) I have spoken with Jonathan many times since this, but this actual Project was the first time that I had dealt with him or even met him.
- Q. And at the time, how many times had you spoken with or met with Mr. Dragos Tanase?
- A. (Dr. Armitage) If we have met, it has been once or twice.
- Q. Okay. Mr. Fox, you prepared the economic model underlying SRK's 2012 Report; correct?

- A. (Mr. Fox) There was a model prepared by RMGC. We reviewed that model, and we, as part of our audit process, compiled our own version of the economic model as a check.
  - Q. Okay.

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- A. (Mr. Fox) So, I reviewed the model prepared by RMGC for purposes of the 43-101 Report.
  - Q. And you visited the site in May 2010?
  - A. (Mr. Fox) That's correct.
- Q. For what purpose did you visit the site in 2010?
  - A. (Mr. Fox) I attended the site in 2010 with a colleague who is looking at the geotechnical aspects of the Project. At the time we were looking at some of the resource aspects of the work but also looking at the general layout of the site for the purposes of an economic assessment and getting a handle for, you know, the locality.
  - Q. Okay. And when did you first become involved in providing advice to RMGC or Gabriel Resources?
    - A. (Mr. Fox) Well, again, as Mike said, we

weren't providing advice, but we were undertaking an independent review of the Project for the purposes of a 43-101 Report, and my involvement with the Project, reviewing the Project, probably began towards the end of the stages of the first stage of work of the potential financing, so probably 2008-'9.

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- Q. Okay. At the time of the conclusion of the August 2011 agreement with Gabriel, SRK was already doing work for Gabriel; right?
- A. (Dr. Armitage) I'm not sure we were doing any work at the time. As Nick said, we did do a geotechnical review at some point, but at the time we were engaged by--I'm not sure we were doing anything else, no.
- Q. And that geotechnical review was for Gabriel or RMGC?
- A. (Dr. Armitage) No, again--no, you're correct. That Report was a direct review for Gabriel, yeah.
  - Q. Okay. So, SRK was also involved in the process of reviewing geotechnical information?
    - A. (Dr. Armitage) We undertook a review of the

slope assumptions that had been used toward the--in the Feasibility Study, yeah.

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- Q. And SRK had already by this point in time produced audited Mineral Resource and Reserve statements?
  - A. (Dr. Armitage) That's correct, yes.
  - Q. And SRK finalized its Technical Report in October 2012; right?
    - A. (Dr. Armitage) That's correct, yes.
- Q. And your Qualified Person certificate, which was disclosed to the public along with the 2012 SRK Report, does not refer to your prior involvement with RMGC or Gabriel, or the Project; right?
- A. (Dr. Armitage) If you say so. I will assume that's the case.
- Q. Okay. And if we bring up SRK's Technical Report. Excuse me. Just need the reference. Bear with me one second. A technical issue.
  - On Page 10, fourth paragraph from the top, it says: "SRK is not an insider, associate or affiliate of Gabriel and neither SRK nor any affiliate of SRK has acted as advisor to Gabriel or its

- 1 | affiliates in connection with the Project."
- 2 Do you see that?

Montană Project; correct?

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- A. (Dr. Armitage) Yes, I do.
- Q. Okay. Dr. Armitage, on 3 October 2013, you appeared before the Joint Special Committee of the Romanian Parliament that was examining the Rosia
- 8 A. (Dr. Armitage) That's correct, yes.
  - Q. You were asked by Gabriel to attend that session along with other experts engaged by Gabriel; correct?
  - A. (Dr. Armitage) Yes, that's correct.
  - Q. And you testified before the Committee that you were "also involved for seven, eight years in projects related to Roşia Montană"; correct?
    - A. (Dr. Armitage) I can't recall that.
- Q. If we can bring up Exhibit C-558, Page 39.

  Do you see the quote on the screen?
  - A. (Dr. Armitage) Yes, I do.
  - Q. So, do you confirm the statement?
  - A. (Dr. Armitage) Well, it's true in the sense that as I think I said earlier the first work that we

did was in 2006, and this was in 2013, I believe.

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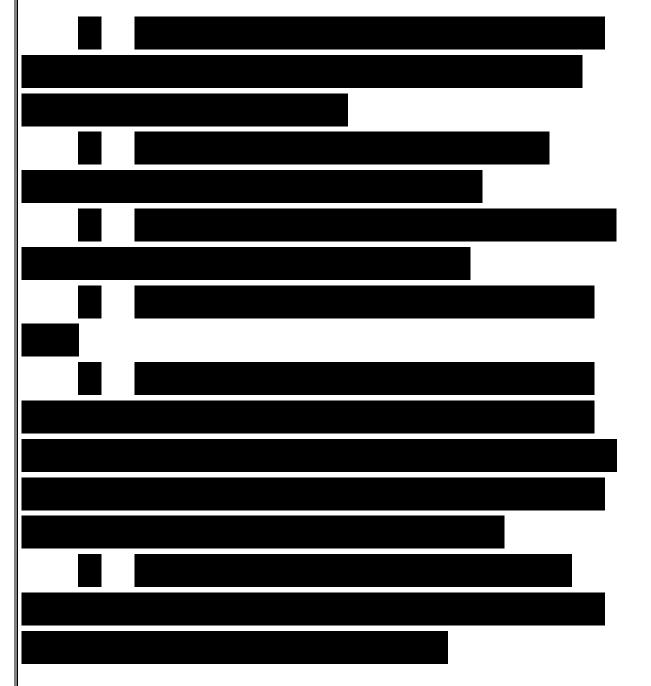
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- Q. Okay. So, as far as 2006 you had some prior involvement in the Rosia Montană Project; correct?
- A. (Dr. Armitage) No, I think 2006 was the first time we had done any work on it.



- Q. Well, you and Mr. Fox were part of the team set to do that work; correct?
  - A. (Mr. Fox) That would have been the case, and I assume, yes, given our prior involvement.
  - Q. And you have not provided a copy of that report in this Arbitration?
    - A. (Dr. Armitage) I don't think I sent--because
      I don't think we ever produced a report.
      - Q. Okay.

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- A. (Dr. Armitage) As I recall, we submitted a proposal to do some work. We may have started it, but we certainty didn't finish.
  - Q. Okay. On Page 6, Footnote 9 of your First Report in this Arbitration, you refer to a desktop study. You refer in the second sentence to your conclusions. The Claimants have not provided your 2014 desktop study or its conclusions; correct?
    - A. (Dr. Armitage) I think that's correct, yes.
- Q. SRK authored Expert Reports dated

  30 June 2017 and 2nd November 2018 for the purposes of this Arbitration; right?
  - A. (Dr. Armitage) That's correct, yes.

- Q. And those Reports do not contain statements of independence; right?
  - A. (Dr. Armitage) I'm sorry?
  - Q. They do not contain a statement of independence.
    - A. (Dr. Armitage) The Witness reports?
- 7 Q. Correct.

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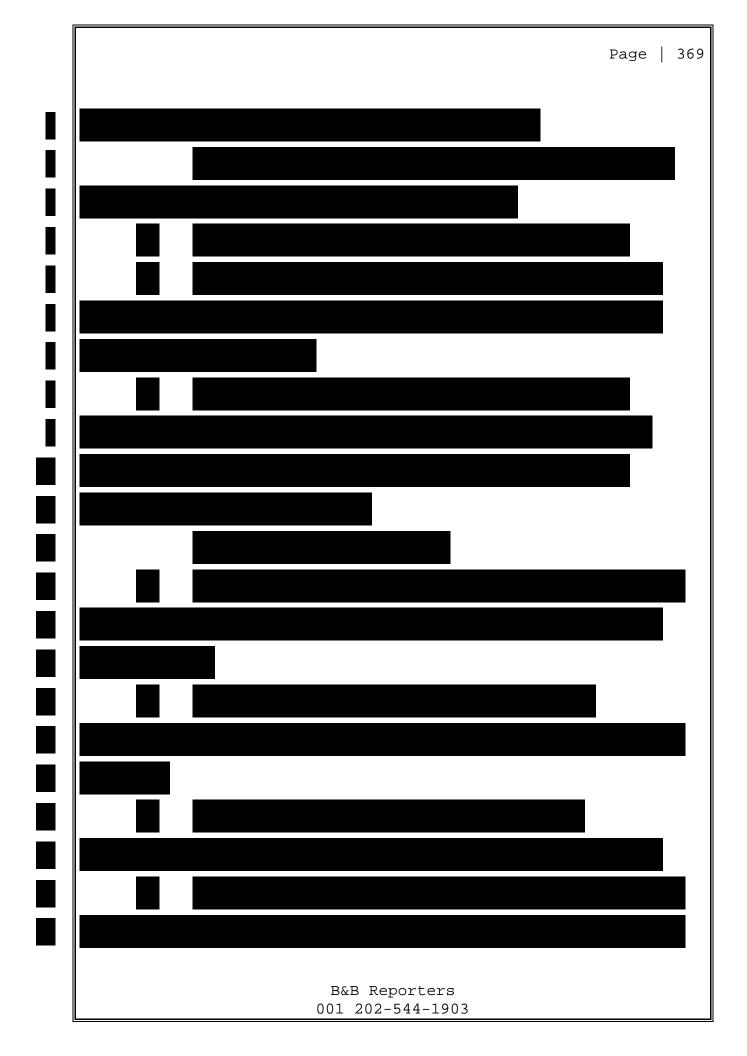
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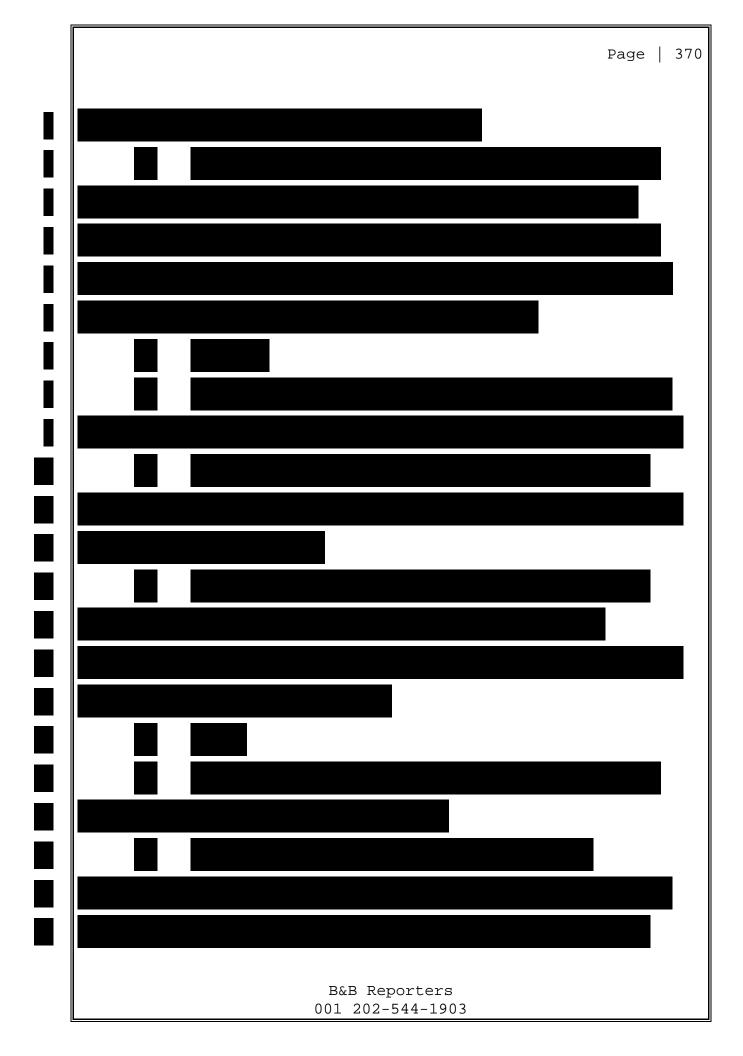
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- A. (Dr. Armitage) I'm not entirely sure, but we certainly still regard ourselves as independence of the Company.
- Q. But the Reports do not contain statement regarding your independence from the Parties, their legal advisors, or the Arbitral Tribunal; right?
- A. (Dr. Armitage) I'm not quite sure I understand the question.
  - The Report--we have produced these Reports ourselves independently. They are independent reports. We regard ourselves as independent.
    - Q. Okay.
    - A. (Dr. Armitage) I'm not quite sure what the--





Q. In producing its 2012 Technical Report, SRK relied heavily on information and data provided by Gabriel and/or RMGC; correct?

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A. (Dr. Armitage) Well, we rely on the Company to provide the information that we request, and then

1 | we would then review that.

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There is a certain amount of data that you ultimately have to rely on in terms of the drilling information. You can't go in and drill another hundred holes, so you're ultimately reliant on a certain level of data, that your reliance on your experience to be able to review that information and determine its reliability, so yes, we would have been provided with a lot of information by RMGC, certainly.

- Q. And you relied on that information?
- A. (Dr. Armitage) Sorry?
  - Q. And you relied on the information?
  - A. (Dr. Armitage) We relied on it to the extent of them, of the areas that we can't verify ourselves, but we are, as I said in that last sentence, at the end of the day, we have spent a lot of time looking at mining projects. We know what to ask questions of, we know the areas where things can go wrong.
    - Q. Okay.
  - A. (Dr. Armitage) We rely on that ability in undertaking our work to review projects that we're given, but we know ultimately we aren't going to go

- and redo all the detail underlying our professional opinion.
- MR. GUIBERT de BRUET: Mr. President, I'm
- 4 conscious of the time, and we have been going for a
- 5 | while, and we're scheduled for a break. We're in the
- 6 Tribunal's hands, but if you'd like, this would be a
- 7 good time for a break.
- PRESIDENT TERCIER: Okay. I was about to interrupt you, but you have chosen this part.
- Indeed, we will now introduce a 15 minutes'
- 11 break. We will start again at Swiss time five to
- 12 4:00.
- MR. GUIBERT de BRUET: Mr. President, do you
- 14 think it's necessary to admonish the Experts--
- PRESIDENT TERCIER: Yes, yes, yes. Sorry.
- It is absolutely necessary.
- Dr. Armitage and Mr. Fox, it is a rule that
- 18 under the time that you are under examination, you
- 19 have not the right to have any contact with counsel or
- 20 the Party on your side. Is it clear?
- THE WITNESS: (Dr. Armitage) Yes, sir.
- THE WITNESS: (Mr. Fox) Understood and

- 1 clear. Thank you.
- PRESIDENT TERCIER: Thank you very much, Mr.
- 3 Guibert de Bruet.
- So, we have now a 15 minutes' break. I do
- 5 | not think that it is necessary for the Members of the
- 6 Tribunal to have a special discussion. So, if not
- 7 specially required, we'll use our 15 minutes' time for
- 8 the break.
- 9 Thank you very much.
- 10 (Brief recess.)
- PRESIDENT TERCIER: Okay. My co-Arbitrators
- 12 | are present. David?
- REALTIME STENOGRAPHER: Yes, present and
- 14 accounted for.
- PRESIDENT TERCIER: Good. Our experts are
- 16 here.
- 17 Mr. Polašek--
- 18 MR. POLASEK: Yes.
- 19 PRESIDENT TERCIER: Mr. Polašek, you are
- 20 ready?
- MR. POLASEK: Mr. President, I think we are
- 22 starting maybe two minutes early, but yes, on our end,

- 1 we are ready, thank you.
- 2 PRESIDENT TERCIER: Okay. I take the time
- 3 this referred to very seriously as a Swiss citizen,
- 4 | but indeed I had the impression that everybody was
- 5 already connected, but you're right, we are a bit
- 6 early. If you are ready and on Respondent's side you
- 7 said everybody is present. Mr. Guibert de Bruet, you
- 8 | are ready?
- 9 MR. GUIBERT de BRUET: I am ready,
- 10 Mr. President.
- PRESIDENT TERCIER: Okay. So, with one
- minute advance, we start for the second part.
- And for you, Mr. Guibert de Bruet, you
- 14 decide when you find it would be appropriate to have
- 15 the lunch or dinner break.
- MR. GUIBERT de BRUET: I will,
- 17 Mr. President. Thank you.
- 18 PRESIDENT TERCIER: Okay. You have the
- 19 | floor.
- BY MR. GUIBERT de BRUET:
- Q. So, you will see on the screen Page 78 of
- 22 SRK's Technical Report, and if we look at Figure 22-1,

- 1 | this is the mine production schedule; correct?
- 2 A. (Dr. Armitage) That's correct.
- Q. Yes. And we see that the yearly mining production is approximately 35 million tons of ore and waste after Project ramp-up; right?
  - A. (Dr. Armitage) That's correct.
  - Q. And the Project would operate 360 days a year; right?
  - A. (Mr. Fox) I can't recall the number of days that were assumed for the operational days.
  - Q. Well, let's take a look at it. If we go to Page 47 of your Technical Report. It says: "The mine is scheduled to work 360 days per year utilizing four crews."

Do you see that?

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- A. (Mr. Fox) Absolutely, that is what it says, correct.
- Q. Yes. So, based on 360 workdays per year, in the production assumptions that works out to about a daily average of 97,200 tons per day, if we use 35 million tons; right?
  - A. (Mr. Fox) I can't do that math in my head

that quickly, but I'll take your word for it.

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Q. That's what my calculator says. Lawyers are not known for math.

So, I'd like to look at the daily production process at a fairly high level. So essentially, the process is to blast, you produce blast material, you take the waste to the waste dump, you take the ore to the crusher, and then you process the ore by subjecting it to a cyanide leaching process that would extract the gold, and then you send what's left to the tailings dam after some further processing. At a high level, is that right?

A. (Mr. Fox) Broadly speaking, there are a few steps you missed out, but broadly speaking, you drill, blast, load, haul, load being ore and waste, ore and waste holding to different places or to the processing plant. Once at the processing plant, the ore would be stockpiled and then so they can be fed to the plant at the required rate.

The circuit for the process plant includes crushing and grinding initially, and then it goes through to the leaching process of the plant where the

- gold is extracted on the ground ore, and then as you say, the tailings that come out of the back end of the process plant, as it were, would be sent to the tailings dam.
  - Q. Okay. So, let's focus on the blasting. The mine operator drills blast holes, fills them with explosives, covers up the holes and then triggers the blast; correct?
  - A. (Mr. Fox) In general, that is how it works, yes.
  - Q. Yes. So, the mine operator drills those blast holes according to a pre-determined blast pattern; correct?
  - A. (Mr. Fox) Which will be determined by a mining engineer and blasting expert.
    - O. Yes.

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And the diameter and depth of the holes affect how much explosives can be put in, which, in turn, affects how much ore and waste material is generated by the blast; right?

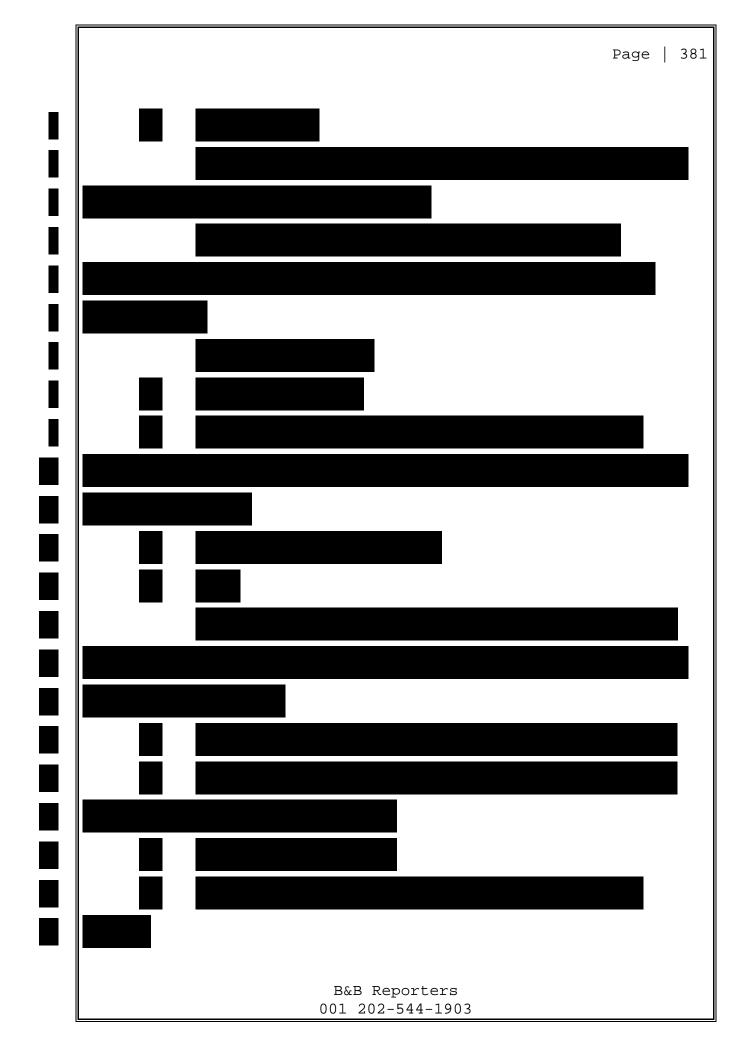
A. (Mr. Fox) I'm not a blasting expert myself, but, in principle, yes, the amount of material will be

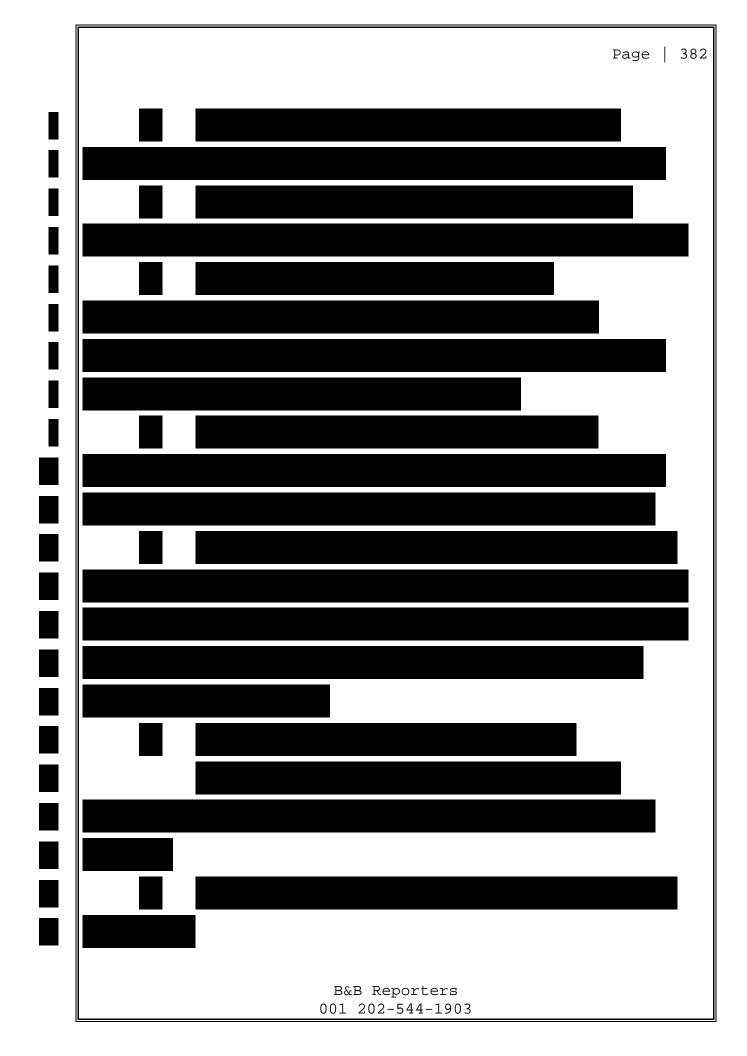
1 determined by the diameter of the hole.

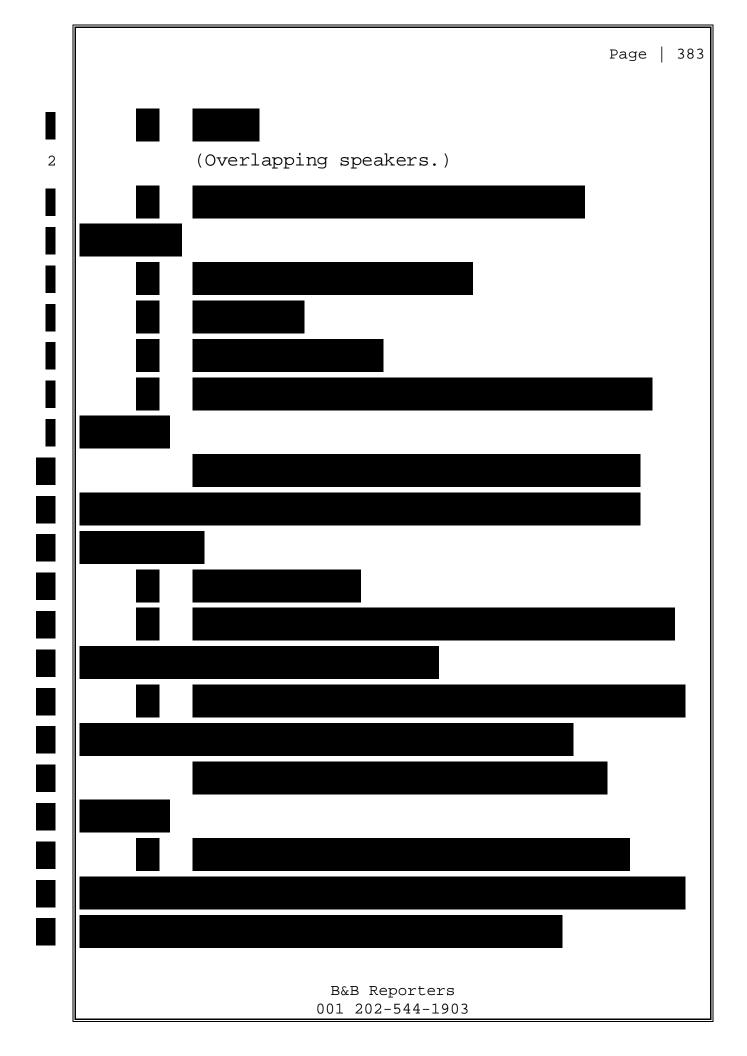
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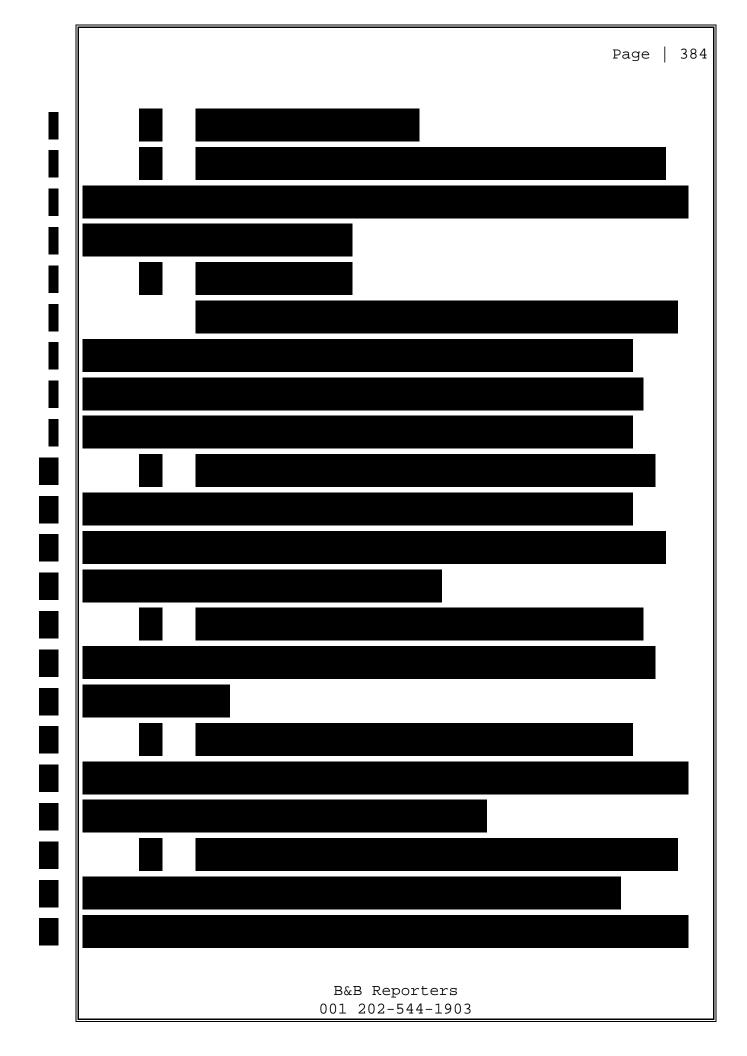
- Q. So, the blasting pattern used by a mining project is a critical component of the production schedule; right?
- A. (Mr. Fox) It is one component to the production schedule. There are many components to the production schedule which are of equal importance to delivering the Schedule--
- Q. But it's a critical-(Overlapping speakers.)
- A. (Mr. Fox) Blasting is one component of it.
  - Q. And it's a critical one; correct?
- A. (Mr. Fox) In the sense that if you don't blast the ore, it is not broken up and then can't be loaded and hauled into the trucks.
- Q. Okay. And that blast pattern also has implication on material, labor costs; right?
- A. (Mr. Fox) It would influence the number of drill rigs required and the number of drill rigs would have a rate that they could achieve in terms of their drilling rate which would then influence on the required labor and consume what was required for such,

- 1 yes.
- Q. So, yes. The blast pattern determines how
- 3 | much drilling is needed; right?
- 4 A. (Mr. Fox) The blast pattern will be
- 5 developed on a grid which would determine the spacing
- 6 of those, the length of those, and, therefore, the
- 7 number of meters required, yes.
- Q. And it also affects the quantity of
- 9 explosives for blasts; right?
- 10 A. (Mr. Fox) It would.
- 11 Q. Yes.
- The mining plan and the mine production
- 13 schedule for the Project was developed by IMC in 2005;
- 14 right?
- A. (Mr. Fox) It was developed--well, it was
- developed and reported in the Feasibility Study in
- 17 2006.
- 18 Q. Yes?
- A. (Mr. Fox) In the Washington Group's overall
- 20 study, yes.
- 21 O. And cites to IMC?
- 22 A. (Mr. Fox) It does.









- Q. Well, I didn't find any.
- As part of SRK's review of the Project in
- 4 2012, you reviewed the Environmental Impact Assessment
- 5 that RMGC submitted; correct?
  - A. (Dr. Armitage) Yes, that's correct.
- 7 Q. So, let's go to the technological processes
- 8 chapter of the EIA, which is Chapter II. It's C-196
- 9 for the record.

- So, if we go to Page 55 of the Report, so
- 11 | you'll see that we're in the chapter discussing mining
- 12 works; right?
- A. (Dr. Armitage) Yeah, I'm not familiar with
- 14 this document, but yeah.
- Q. Okay. But you were--SRK reviewed the EIA
- 16 Report for purposes of its technical--
- 17 (Overlapping speakers.)
- 18 A. (Dr. Armitage) Our team members would have
- 19 done, yes.
- Q. And you were responsible for that report;
- 21 | correct?
- A. (Dr. Armitage) Yes, I'm reliant on my

- 1 | individual team members, but yes.
- Q. Okay. So, on the following page, 56, you
- 3 see Table 2-13. Do you see that?
- 4 A. (Dr. Armitage) I do.

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- Q. So, these are broadly the same blast parameters; right? 251-millimeter blast hole, a bench of about 10 meters, spacing 7 meters. They're not exactly the same but--
  - (Overlapping speakers.)
- 10 A. (Mr. Fox) I think broadly this time I think
  11 there are some differences, but broadly that is
  12 similar.
  - Q. Okay. Broadly the same.
  - So, based on these blasting parameters, in your 2012 NI 43-101 Report, how many blasts per day did you assume would occur during the operations phase of the Project, on average, after ramp-up?
  - A. (Mr. Fox) I can't recall that—how many that would be. That would have been reviewed by the mining engineer, and it would involve a calculation based on the pit design at the time, the blasting tons at the time, and so forth, and that's not something I could

estimate off the top of my head.

- Q. Do you have an idea per day or per week-(Overlapping speakers.)
- A. (Mr. Fox) I would be speculating, but I would say several blasts per day.
- Q. Okay. Several blasts per day, and that's several blasts per day 360 days a year; correct?
- A. (Mr. Fox) The mine was assumed to be operating for 360 days, so yes, but you wouldn't necessarily be blasting every day because there would be time between undertaking the blasting and that then obviously prepares an amount of ground, that then that material needs to be loaded and hauled, so you might blast on one day, and then the following day you will be loading and hauling and so on and so forth. So, it might not be a daily activity.
- Q. Well, let's take a look. So, if we go to Exhibit C-213.
- So, this the chapter of the EIA dealing with noise and vibration.
- Have you read this document before?
- A. (Mr. Fox) Not me personally, no.

1 Have you?

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- 2 A. (Dr. Armitage) No.
  - Q. Presumably SRK reviewed this document when drafting its Technical Report.
- A. (Dr. Armitage) Yes, we had an environmental specialist who reviewed this Report.
  - Q. And you were responsible for that Report; correct?
    - A. (Dr. Armitage) I'm responsible as the QP, yeah.
  - Q. Yes. So, here, if we go to Page 104, here we see the chapter dealing with mitigation measures put forth by RMGC for the operation phase of the Project; right?
- A. (Mr. Fox) That is the title of that section, yes.
  - Q. If we look at the paragraph right after heading 7.4, you'll see: "RMGC will employ an ANFO-based millisecond delay blast, a design that minimizes air blast and fly rock and maximizes rock breakage with minimal ground motion. The blasting schedule will specifically prohibit

- 1 | overlapping/simultaneous blasts and multiple pits and
- 2 | quarries, more than one blast per pit or quarry per
- 3 | workday, or blasting at night, all of which will have
- 4 the effect of reducing nuisance impacts to the
- 5 external communities."

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- Do you see that?
- 7 A. (Dr. Armitage) I do.
  - Q. When you were drafting your Technical Report, did you know that RMGC was limited to blasting once per day per pit?
- 11 A. (Mr. Fox) That would have been reviewed by
  12 our mining engineer.
  - Q. So, you personally didn't know, but presumably somebody at SRK knew?
  - A. (Dr. Armitage) Yeah. As we said at the beginning, you know, there's a whole team involved in producing the 43-101, was a mining engineer (drop in audio) involved who would have reviewed those aspects.
  - Q. All right. Were you aware that during public consultations, RMGC further limited this restriction to one blast per business day per pit?
    - A. (Dr. Armitage) That's not something I would

- 1 have been aware of.
- Q. Okay. So, why don't we take a look at that.
- 3 | It's R-174. This is RMGC's answers during the public
- 4 | consultation process, and if you go to Page 6, which I
- 5 | believe is Page 9 of the PDF, you'll see on the third
- 6 | line they were asked the questions: "How many
- 7 blasting operations per week?" Right?
- 8 Do you see that?
  - A. (Mr. Fox) That appears to relate to comments around the tailings dam and the pit.
- 11 Q. Correct.

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- 12 (Overlapping speakers.)
- Q. Yes. They're asking how many blasting operations per week would occur.
- 15 A. (Mr. Fox) Okay.
- Q. If we look up at Page 7, fourth paragraph,
- 17 you'll find RMGC's answer. They say--and this will
- 18 look very familiar: "RMGC will use a blasting method
- 19 based on ANFO-type explosives, "et cetera, and then if
- we go to the second sentence: "The blasting program
- will ban overlapping/simultaneous blasting to happen
- in more than one pit, will restrain blasting to one

- 1 per business day, per pit, and will ban blasting
- 2 | taking place during nighttime."
- 3 Do you see that?
- 4 A. (Mr. Fox) I do.
- Q. Okay. And this is not mentioned in SRK's Technical Report; correct?
- A. (Mr. Fox) Not that I can recall.

  Can you?
- 9 A. (Dr. Armitage) No.

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- Q. And do you know whether the assessment of the financial feasibility of the Project took this limitation into account?
- A. (Dr. Armitage) Well, I mean, I would assume that our mining engineer took this into account, yes.
- Q. Okay. So, you assume but you don't know.
- A. (Dr. Armitage) I don't think it's a specific question I remember asking him, no.
  - Q. Okay. So, you didn't ask the question.
- A. (Dr. Armitage) I may have done a long time ago.
- Q. Did you ask the question or not?
  - A. (Dr. Armitage) I can't recall.

0. Can't recall.

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So, let's go back to the technological processes chapter. It's Exhibit C-196. You will see on the screen Page 22 of the PDF--excuse me, Page 22.

Table 2-1, we see the mine schedule by pit area; right?

- A. (Mr. Fox) That's correct.
- O. Yeah.

And the only Project years in which more than two pits would be simultaneously mined are Years 9, 10, and 11; correct?

- A. (Mr. Fox) That table shows that there may be more than two pits mined in any given year, but that is on the granularity of an annual level. It does not necessarily mean that you would have, say, in Year 9 having four pits being mined simultaneously.
- Q. Okay. But that doesn't, at least in the remaining 11 years of the Project only two pits or less are being simultaneously mined; right?
- A. (Mr. Fox) Not necessarily simultaneously.

  As I say, we're looking at annual granularity, which
  you can't say from that whether there would be one or

- 1 two being mined simultaneously.
- Q. Well, how many--
- A. (Mr. Fox) How many mined concurrently?
- Q. Okay. Out of the 14 years of the Project,
- 5 during how many years was the Project scheduled to
- 6 mine more than two pits simultaneously, in your
- 7 | recollection?
- 8 A. (Mr. Fox) From my recollection, there would
- 9 only be two pits mined simultaneously at any one time,
- 10 that is from my recollection.
- Q. Okay. So, only two pits in the entire 14
- 12 years of the Project?
- 13 A. (Mr. Fox) I believe so.
- Q. Okay. So, for the entire 14 years of the
- 15 Project, RMGC would be limited to a maximum of two
- 16 | blasts per day; correct?
- 17 A. (Mr. Fox) If they were--if they were limited
- 18 to one blast per day per pit, that would be the case,
- 19 yes.
- Q. Okay. And were you aware of that when you
- 21 wrote your NI 43-101 Report?
- A. (Mr. Fox) This would have been us, but it

would be reviewed by our mining engineer as part of their review of the mining schedule.

Q. Okay. Let's go back to your 2012 Technical Report.

You state on Page 61 that there is: "Ample evidence that environmental and social issues arising from the EIA had been incorporated into the project design, with significant changes to the proposed pit excavations, redefining the Industrial Areas and increase in the number and size of Protected Areas within the Concession. There also has been a constant refining of the Resettlement and Relocation options, procedures and processes based on results of the ongoing community/public consultations."

Do you see that?

A. (Mr. Fox) Yes.

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- A. (Dr. Armitage) Yes.
- Q. So, you're generally aware of the TAC process and the public consultation process; correct?
- A. (Dr. Armitage) Yes, but again, the details of this would have been reviewed by our environmental scientists.

1 Q. Just broadly?

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- A. (Dr. Armitage) Yes.
- Q. So, you're then aware, that as part of the public consultation process, RMGC submitted a number of reports to address concerns expressed by the public during that process; right?
- A. (Dr. Armitage) That doesn't surprise me, but again I'm not familiar with the detail.
- Q. Okay. I'd like to look at one of those

  Reports; it's a study conducted by Ipromin in 2007,

  entitled "Geo-mechanic Study for the Determination of

  the Blasting Effects on the Protected Zone

  Structures."

For the record, this is Exhibit C-341.

Have you seen this document before?

- A. (Mr. Fox) Not personally, but this would have formed an underlying document in support of the Feasibility Study.
- Q. Somebody from your team would have reviewed this as part of The NI 43-101 Report; correct?
- A. (Mr. Fox) I would assume this was reviewed by the mining engineer.

- Q. Yes. And you're responsible for the 43-101 Report; correct?
  - A. (Dr. Armitage) Well, I'm the QP for it, yes.
  - O. Yes.

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- 5 Let's go to Page 25 of C-341.
  - MR. POLASEK: Mr. President, I apologize for the interruption. We seem to be having a technical issue with the Transcript. It stopped on our end, and it is not updating for anyone in our room. Again I apologize. I wonder whether the Court Reporter could please take a look whether the issue might be on their end.
- 13 REALTIME STENOGRAPHER: Testing.
- MR. POLASEK: Okay. So, the important thing
  for us is that we are able to follow in the realtime,
  so is it correct that it is restored? And I see it
  is. Thank you very much. Apologies again.
- 18 PRESIDENT TERCIER: Okay.
- So, please, Mr. Guibert de Bruet.
- MR. GUIBERT de BRUET: Thank you,
- 21 Mr. President.
- BY MR. GUIBERT de BRUET:

Q. You will see on Page 25 of C-341 the fifth paragraph from the top states: "The volume of ore to be broken daily will be about 98,600 tons, an average explosive consumption of .21 kilograms per ton, which means a daily quantity of explosive of 20,600-kilograms in TNT equivalent to be used within at least three panels, i.e., 6,860 kilograms per working face."

Do you see that?

A. (Mr. Fox) Yes.

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- Q. Okay. So, according to the Ipromin study, in order to meet daily production rates, RMGC needed to use at least 20,000 kilograms of TNT spread over a minimum of three blasts with a maximum explosive charge of 6,860 kilograms per blast; right?
- A. (Mr. Fox) That does not specifically say there will be three blasts. It said there would be three panels.
- Q. Okay. We'll see if you're correct in a minute. But assuming that there is a limit of 6,860 kilograms per blast, RMGC would need a minimum of three blasts per day, 360 days a year to meet its

1 | yearly Production Target of 36 million tons; correct?

- A. (Mr. Fox) That's what that passage says, but it doesn't specifically say three blast per day.
  - Q. We will come back to that issue.

Page 2 of the 2007 Ipromin study states:

"Without the implementation of certain special

measures, the use of blasting technologies in areas

adjacent to the Roşia Montană protected zone or to the

heritage structure may cause damage or degradation of

the existing structures especially given that many of

the heritage structures are very old and in an

advanced state of wear, which increases their

Do you see that?

A. (Mr. Fox) I do.

sensitivity."

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Q. You will see on the screen Page 40 of Exhibit C-341, the same report. In Section 6.3 of the report, you will see that, in order to ensure the protection of the heritage structure, Ipromin delineated certain blasting zones, under the assumption of a maximum load per blasting operation of 7,000 kilograms.

1 Do you see that?

- A. (Mr. Fox) I see that.
- Q. Okay. So, there is clearly a maximum of about 6,860 kilograms per blast; correct?
  - A. (Mr. Fox) That appears to be the case.
  - Q. Yes.

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So, you will see, let's go to Page 41 of Exhibit C-341.

So, you will see on the screen the proposed implementation of certain blasting zones; right? And I will focus on Zone II, which itself is broken down into three subzones; right? Subzone II-A, which is for distances less than 100 meters within the existing structure, and it will use a 125-millimeter diameter blasthole with a depth of 5 meters and limits the maximum explosive load to 352 kilograms.

Do you see that?

- A. (Mr. Fox) Yes, I do.
- Q. And then in Subzone II-B, it's for distances between 100 and 200 meters from a protected structure, and it would use either 125 or 210-millimeter blastholes, and it limits the maximum explosive load

1 per blasting to 2,820 kilograms.

2 Do you see that?

- A. (Mr. Fox) The upper end of the range, yes.
- Q. Yes.

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And Subzone II-C is for distances between 200 and 300 meters from a protected structure and it would use either a 125-millimeter diameter blasthole or a 210-millimeter blasthole and it limits the maximum explosive load per blasting to either 2,130 kilograms, for the 125-millimeter blastholes, or 6,860 kilograms for the 210-millimeter blastholes; right?

- A. (Mr. Fox) Yeah.
- O. Yeah.

And since these subzones limit the maximum explosive load per blast, they correspondingly reduce the amount of ore generated per blast as well; right?

- A. (Mr. Fox) If you have the same number of holes for each of the diameters but the number of holes would be increased, if you were using a smaller diameter hole.
  - Q. Okay, but you're still limited to a maximum

- 1 load per blast--right?--so, if your maximum load per
- 2 | blast decreases, then the corresponding amount of ore
- 3 generated by that one blast decreases as well; right?
- 4 That 2,130-kilogram blast will not generate as much
- 5 | material as a 6,086-kilogram blast; right?
- A. (Mr. Fox) You would drill more holes with the smaller diameter hole.
- 8 Q. Correct.
- 9 A. (Mr. Fox) To get the required tonnage 10 blasted.
- Q. Yes. But if you're limited in
- 12 2,820 kilograms, it doesn't matter if you drill more
- holes because you can't fill them with more
- 14 explosives, can you?
- 15 A. (Mr. Fox) I don't know the answer to that 16 question.
- Q. Okay, so you don't know the answer?
- A. (Mr. Fox) As I say, I'm not a blasting engineer.
- Q. Okay. There is no mention in your 2012
  Technical Report of the zones devised by Ipromin to
  safeguard Rosia Montană's protected structures;

correct?

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- A. (Mr. Fox) I don't believe there is any mention of that in our report. Do you recall?
  - A. (Dr. Armitage) No, I don't think so.
  - Q. Okay. Let's take a look at Exhibit C-382.

This is an Explanatory Note on Chapter 4.3 that was written in October 2010.

Have you seen this document before?

- A. (Mr. Fox) Not me personally.
- Q. Okay. You attended the Hearing yesterday;
  11 correct?
  - A. (Mr. Fox) Yes, we were present.
  - Q. Okay. So, Claimants' counsel referred to this exhibit with the proposition that RMGC did not need to acquire the surface rights in the protected Historical Area; do you recall that? For the record, that's Day 1, Page 140, Line 11 to Page 141 Line 7.
    - A. (Mr. Fox) I don't recall that specific statement, do you?
  - A. (Dr. Armitage) I don't recall it, no.
  - Q. Okay. So you will see on the screen Page 3 of Exhibit C-382, so you will see that it describes

- 1 the Ipromin study geo-mechanic study aiming to
- 2 determine the effects of the blasting operations on
- 3 the structures in the protected zone, which we just
- 4 looked at; right? It also mentions an updated 2010
- 5 study from Ipromin, Technical Report on the blasting
- 6 technology to be employed in proximity of the
- 7 protected zones within the Rosia Montană Project, Alba
- 8 County.
- 9 Do you see that?
- 10 A. (Mr. Fox) Yes.
- Q. Have you ever reviewed Ipromin's 2010
- 12 report?
- A. (Mr. Fox) Not me personally. As I say, I'm
- 14 not a mining engineer or a blasting engineer but it
- would have been reviewed by our mining engineer as
- 16 part of the review team.
- Q. Okay. Well, why don't we go to Page 52 of
- 18 | Exhibit C-382.
- So, we see here again the mention of a blast
- zoning for the mine site; right? And in the third
- 21 paragraph from the bottom, it states: "Starting with
- 22 this zoning, it is estimated the fact that the volume

- 1 dislocated mining mass by applying the base technology
- 2 | shall represent approximately 85 percent of the total
- 3 volume and for the remaining 15 percent blasting
- 4 | technology with explosives placed in 125-millimeter in
- 5 diameter boreholes or in mine adits shall be used."
- Do you see that?
- 7 A. (Mr. Fox) Yes.
- Q. So, according to Ipromin, the protection of
- 9 the zone to be put in place to protect the protected
- 10 buildings and historical monuments would affect
- 11 | 15 percent of the mine site; correct?
- A. (Mr. Fox) I don't think--I wouldn't
- 13 | interpret that to mean that.
- 14 | O. What would affect--
- 15 (Overlapping speakers.)
- A. (Mr. Fox) My interpretation of that
- 17 statement, in isolation, would be that 100 percent of
- 18 the material required can be blasted, 85 percent
- 19 through the so-called "base technology," the remaining
- 20 | 15 percent would require the narrower hole diameter.
- 21 (Overlapping speakers.)
- A. (Mr. Fox) That's my understanding of that

- 1 statement in that particular context in isolation.
- 2 | But as I say, I'm not a blasting engineer.

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- Q. Sorry. For the use of mine adits; correct?
- A. (Mr. Fox) It does state that mine adits could be used, yes.
  - Q. Why don't we go to Page 260 of this document.
  - So, if we zoom in a bit on the pits. You will see here a map of the zones that were just discussed. So, if you zoom in to, for example, just the North of the Cetate pit. Wrong pit. That's Jig, but that's fine. That's okay. Go back there. It works as well.
    - So, you'll see it says Zona I, which is the orange part. Then the pink portion is Zona II-C, and then purple one is Zona II-B, and if we zoom back out and go over to Orlea, which is on the northwest side, the red zone is Zona II-A, which is logical; right?

      Because we saw Zona II-A is from between zero and 100 meters; Zona II-B is for 100 to 200; and II-C is for 200 to 300; and Zona I is for beyond 300 meters; right?

- 1 A. (Mr. Fox) Yes.
- Q. So, a significant portion of the Projects is under Zone II; right?
  - A. (Mr. Fox) Of the varying degrees of Zone II.
- 5 Q. Yes.

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- A. (Mr. Fox) In this image we can see that a proportion of the Orlea pit is designated Zone II.
- Q. Yes.

And a significant portion of the overall project is under Zone II; right?

- 11 A. (Mr. Fox) Could you zoom out so we can see 12 the whole lot?
- It will depend how you would
  describe--define a significant proportion.
- 15 Q. And--
- 16 A. (Mr. Fox) And the--you would have to add up
  17 the tonnages within each of those pits covered by each
  18 of those zones, and then you would be able to
  19 determine what proportion was covered by each zone.
  - Q. But--
- (Overlapping speakers.)
  - A. (Mr. Fox) -you can't estimate that from that

1 visual.

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- Q. It's not a negligible proportion, at least from respect to the map; right?
- A. (Mr. Fox) The number of the--a number of the areas around the pit room, which might mean that they're not covered by a significant tonnage as would be the case were they in the more centrally located areas of the pit.
- Q. Ipromin had estimated about 15 percent, so does that number seem more likely now that you've looked at the map?
- A. (Mr. Fox) If that's the number that they estimated and that would have been based on detailed analysis, then I would have more confidence in that number than any number I could give you.
- Q. Okay. Now, I don't know if you can see if we zoom in on the little red points up on the Historical Center. But you can see the "Greco Catolică," "Casa" -- and I'm not going to pronounce this correctly--but "parohială", but these zones are drawn by reference to protected historical monuments; right?

- A. (Mr. Fox) Is that what the legend states on the map?
  - Q. Go back out. Zoom in to the legend.

    I think it's in Romanian.

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- A. (Mr. Fox) Hmm, and it's not particularly clear, but yeah, it's a bit close.
- Q. I'm sure Claimants' counsel can put this to you if it's not the case.

The map is not, however, drawn by reference to private habitations in the protected zone. If we could shift to the protected zone, which is a little bit further east. Protected zone, right there.

- That's not drawn by reference to private habitations as far as you can tell; right?
  - A. (Mr. Fox) I can't tell from that figure what would be a private habitation or not. Can you?
    - A. (Dr. Armitage) no.
- Q. Why don't we just do this, let's go to Page 6, of Exhibit 382.

And you see here a little bit further down, it says--towards the middle of the screen: "The protected areas and buildings considered for this

- 1 study are set forth below."
- 2 Do you see that?

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- A. (Mr. Fox) If you could move it up slightly from the bottom of the screen because there is interference--that's better, thank you.
  - Q. Do you see that?
- A. (Mr. Fox) Yes.
- Q. It doesn't mention "private habitations"; right?
- A. (Mr. Fox) Well, it doesn't explicitly mention private habitations, but there could be private habitations in some of those Protected Areas, but I don't know specifically the answer to that, and that would have been reviewed by our mining engineer and environmental scientist.
- Q. Why don't we take a look at the map in your 2012 Technical Report. Go to C-128, Page 14, and why don't we zoom into the very southern portion of the Jig pit, which is the pit--the top right pit. And zoom in further.
- This is from your Report, and it's a little--comes a little bit blurry on my screen. I

- 1 hope it's clear on yours.
- 2 A. (Mr. Fox) It's a bit blurry--
- Q. The little gray houses are structures;
- 4 | right? The little gray blocks.
- 5 Do you see that?
- A. (Mr. Fox) If that's what the legend says they are, then that will be what they are.
- Q. Okay. Those structures are very close to the Jig pit; right?
- 10 A. (Mr. Fox) I can't see the scale.
- Q. Perhaps if you could bring up the map on
- 12 your--
- (Overlapping speakers.)
- Q. --on the computer, you have it. Go to
- 15 C-128.
- A. (Mr. Fox) Sorry, what page is it?
- Q. Excuse me. It is Page 14.
- 18 A. (Mr. Fox) Yep.
- Okay.
- Q. And if you zoom in--
- A. (Mr. Fox) Okay, that's better. Now I can
- 22 see that more clearly now. Thank you.

- 1 0. Yes.
- 2 Those little gray boxes are structures;
- 3 right?

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- 4 A. (Mr. Fox) Yes.
- 5 (Overlapping speakers.)
- A. (Mr. Fox) If that's what the legend says, be they private habitations or public buildings or churches or so forth.
  - Q. Presumably private habitations would be included among them; right? It doesn't distinguish?
- 11 A. (Mr. Fox) I'm just having a look at the legend.
  - The legend just indicates those are existing structures.
- Q. Okay. Right.
- So, if blasting restrictions devised by

  Ipromin were extended to all those structures in the

  protected zone, the size of those blasting zones could

  only increase; right?
- A. (Mr. Fox) Sorry, could you repeat the question?
  - Q. So, we saw before that Ipromin's zone,

- 1 especially Zone II specifically, is drawn by reference
- 2 to the protected historical monuments; right? We
- 3 accepted that?
- 4 A. (Mr. Fox) Um-hmm.
- Q. So, if those protected zones--excuse me,
- 6 that Zone II were drawn by reference to the existing
- 7 structures in the Protected Area, the size of those
- 8 zones could only increase; right?
- 9 A. (Mr. Fox) I'm sorry. I'm not sure I follow
- 10 the question. Sorry, could you maybe phrase it in a
- 11 different way?
- 12 0. Sure.
- The zones, Zone II, which had the special
- 14 blasting regime, was drawn by Ipromin with reference
- 15 to the protected monuments within the historical zone;
- 16 | right? We saw that together?
- 17 A. (Mr. Fox) Specifically the protected
- 18 monuments.
- 19 Q. Correct, yes.
- If, instead, it had been drawn by reference
- 21 to the structures in the protected zone, all
- 22 structures, then logically, that Zone II would be

- 1 | larger; right?
- 2 A. (Mr. Fox) Well, looking at the Protected
- 3 Area, which I assume is to the green line, there are
- 4 three structures outside of that areas. So again, as
- 5 I'm not a blasting engineer, but I would assume that
- 6 that would have a negligible impact on the zonation
- 7 | within the pit, given that the protected area seems to
- 8 go very close to the pit rim.
- 9 Q. So, if you took a distance of 300 meters
- 10 from that structure, it would encompass a larger
- 11 portion of the pit; right?
- A. (Mr. Fox) Technically, yes, but I don't
- 13 think it would be material.
- Q. Okay. Well, in any event, the zones could
- 15 | not get possibly smaller; right?
- 16 A. (Mr. Fox) The protected zones?
- 17 Q. Yeah.
- I think we're miscommunicating. The
- 19 | blasting zones, excuse me. The blasting zones could
- 20 not get smaller?
- A. (Mr. Fox) And the blasting zones--well, I'm
- 22 | not a blasting engineer, and there may be technologies

- that could be devised which could mean you have

  smaller blasting zones, but I'm not the person to be

  able to answer that question, to be honest with you.
  - Q. Let's talk about perhaps an issue that you're more qualified to speak of, which is the use of 125-millimeter blastholes and mine adits; they would have a cost in production implication for the Project; right?
  - A. (Mr. Fox) As opposed to using a large diameter hole?
- 11 Q. Correct.

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- A. (Mr. Fox) I wouldn't know what the cost implication would be.
- 14 Q. Okay.
- 15 A. (Mr. Fox) Because there are many variables 16 that would go into the calculation--
- 17 (Overlapping speakers.)
  - A. (Mr. Fox) --because smaller drillholes might not cost as much to drill as larger drillholes with different equipment, et cetera. There are many variables involved with that, so I don't know what the overall impact would be.

- Q. Okay. So, you haven't looked at that.
- But the use of mine adits, for example, has
- 3 particularly poor productivity, high levels of labor
- 4 and material; right?
- 5 A. (Mr. Fox) I don't know.
- Q. Okay.
- A. (Mr. Fox) In comparison to drilling, I would not know.
- 9 O. Let's take a look at C-382, Page 55.
- And it says, in reference to mine the adit,
- 11 you see the table referring to the mine adit above:
- 12 The technology has poor productivity and requires
- 13 high levels of labor and material, explosives with
- 14 0.21 to 0.22 kg/t," et cetera, et cetera.
- Do you see that?
- 16 A. (Mr. Fox) I can see that.
- Q. "The only advantage is the possibility of it
- 18 achieving a low oscillation velocity of the particle."
- Do you see that as well?
- A. (Mr. Fox) I can see that statement.
- Q. Okay. In its 2012 NI 43-101, SRK does not
- take into account the impact of the implementation of

the zones on the Project's production schedule;
correct?

- A. (Mr. Fox) SRK didn't derive the blasting pattern or the mining schedule. That was derived by IMC. SRK reviewed the information prepared by others.
  - Q. Okay. But please answer my question now.
- A. (Mr. Fox) Could you repeat the question, please?
  - Q. Sure.

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In its 2012 NI 43-101, SRK did not take into account the impact of the implementation of these zones on the Project's production schedule; correct?

- A. (Mr. Fox) If this information was not taken into account as part of the IMC work that was used to develop the production schedule, then that isn't information that would add--specific information that SRK would have reviewed. SRK reviewed the information prepared by IMC.
- Q. Are you aware that IMC's 2006 report predates its 2010 report? Logically it does; right?
  - A. (Mr. Fox) Logically, yes.
  - Q. Yes.

So, SRK did not take into account the impact of the implementation of these blasting zones on the Project's financial feasibility; correct?

- A. (Mr. Fox) SRK would have reviewed the IMC work that was updated in 2010 and '11 as part of the update.
  - Q. Yes. And as we saw-(Overlapping speakers.)

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- A. (Mr. Fox) If that information is not taken into account by the IMC work, then that has not been taken into account of as part of SRK's review.
  - Q. Okay. Thank you.
- Mr. President, I think this is a good time for a break, if that's convenient for the Tribunal.
- PRESIDENT TERCIER: It is extremely early to take a lunch or it would be the lunch, so-called "lunch or dinner break"?
- MR. GUIBERT de BRUET: I'm happy to continue, if that's the preference.
  - PRESIDENT TERCIER: I don't know. Where are you? Have you an estimate of the time you would need to comply with your presentation?

MR. GUIBERT de BRUET: You if excuse me one 1 2 second. I just need to check on my time available. 3 If you'll excuse me, Mr. President, just one second. PRESIDENT TERCIER: Take your time. (Pause.) 5 MR. GUIBERT de BRUET: Mr. President, in our 6 7 schedule, we had penciled in 4:30 p.m. as the lunch hour, 4:30 p.m. to 5:30 p.m., we were just going by 8 that schedule. Do you have a different time in mind? 9 PRESIDENT TERCIER: No, that's okay with me. 10 11 We would have now, it's probably more close to the tea break than lunch or dinner, but I personally have no 12 objection. Do my co-Arbitrators agree with this? 13 They do by silence--they do. 14 15 Okay. So, we have now a one-hour break. Ι would like to remind the Experts that they have to 16 take their cup of tea alone and that it is not allowed 17 to have any contact with the counsel or the Parties of 18 Claimant. 19 20 I would like to have a short discussion with

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my co-Arbitrators, if they agree, and we will start

again Swiss time precisely at quarter to 6:00.

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- Okay. So, we break, and see you later. 1 2 Thank you very much. 3 (Recess.) PRESIDENT TERCIER: So, my co-Arbitrators 4 5 are--I see them, and they are ready. David, you are also present? 6 REALTIME STENOGRAPHER: You bet. I'm here. 7 PRESIDENT TERCIER: Okay. We have experts 8 who are here. 9 On Claimants' side--Mr. Polašek, okay? 10 MR. POLASEK: Yes. Claimants are ready. 11 Thank you. 12 PRESIDENT TERCIER: And on the Respondent's 13 14 side, too. 15 So, before going further, I don't know, Sara, if you could send the e-mail that we received 16
- SECRETARY MARZAL YETANO: Yes, I did send

Canada. Had you come to send it?

from the General Counsel of the Trade Law Bureau of

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PRESIDENT TERCIER: Okay. And have you seen it written, given that we were not able to make

- arrangement to attend the Hearing on short notice, we would be grateful if the Transcript could be shared with Canada.
- If we look at Appendix C of the BIT, there 4 5 are, indeed, two important Points--wait a second--s2: "The non-disputing objecting Party or receiving 6 information pursuant to Paragraph 1 shall treat 7 information as if it were a disputing Contracting 8 Party, " so it means from the confidentiality side. 9 And then four: "The non-disputing Contracting Party 10 11 shall have the right to attend any hearings held under Article XII whether or not it makes submission to the 12 Tribunal." 13
  - So, we assume that if they have the right to attend the meeting, the Hearing, they have also the right to have the Transcript. This is our interpretation.
  - Do you have an opinion on your side,
    Mr. Polašek?

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MR. POLASEK: Yes, Mr. President. To us, it's not self-evident that having the right to attend the Hearing is the same thing as having the right to

- 1 | obtain written materials and the written Transcript,
- 2 so, so we would like to reserve the right to consider
- 3 and revert on this at a later point.
- PRESIDENT TERCIER: Okay, good.
- So, of course, the Respondent will have then also the time to consider it.
- 7 Fine.
- DR. HEISKANEN: Mr. President, I can already confirm that we have consulted our client, and the
- Respondent has no objection to sharing the Transcript
- 11 with the Government of Canada.
- PRESIDENT TERCIER: Okay. When do you
- think, Mr. Polašek, that you will be in a position
- 14 | your views?
- MR. POLASEK: Mr. President, I think we will
- 16 be in a position to revert at the beginning of the
- 17 Hearing tomorrow. Our main concern is confidentiality
- and ensuring that the confidential portions of the
- 19 Hearing are protected.
- PRESIDENT TERCIER: Okay. So, good,
- 21 tomorrow at the beginning of the Hearing. Fine.
- So, now, Mr. Guibert de Bruet, you have the

- 1 | floor for the next part of your cross-examination.
- 2 Please.
- MR. GUIBERT de BRUET: Thank you,
- 4 Mr. President.

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- BY MR. GUIBERT de BRUET:
- Q. Gentlemen, can you each confirm that you have not spoken with anyone about the case during your break?
  - A. (Mr. Fox) That's confirmed.
  - A. (Dr. Armitage) Yes, that's correct.
  - Q. Okay. Let's discuss your 2012 Technical
    Report in more general terms. A NI 43-101 Technical
    Report must include in summary form all material,
    scientific, and technical information in respect of
    the subject property as of the Effective Date of the
    Report; right?
    - A. (Dr. Armitage) Yes, it should contain all the information that we consider as salient to the Project, yeah.
  - Q. Okay. It must also identify any known legal, political, environmental or other risks that could materially affect the potential development of

1 | the Mineral Resources or Mineral Reserves; correct?

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- A. (Dr. Armitage) If we felt there was anything material that would impact on that, yes, we would include that.
- Q. Okay. But it has to identify those factors; correct?
  - A. (Dr. Armitage) If, in the opinion of the Qualified Person, it's material, yes.
  - Q. Okay. The Report must also describe, to the extent known, the permits that must be acquired to conduct the work posed for the property, and if the permits have been obtained; right?
  - A. (Dr. Armitage) Well, that's not strictly speaking true. You wouldn't expect the 43-101 to list all of the permits that were required. You would expect some commentary on the permitting and where the Project was in the opinion of the Company, yeah.
  - Q. Could we go to Exhibit BD-6. Page 19. It should be brought up on the screen.
  - These are the rules and policies, I believe, that govern the issuance of 43-101 and Item 4G, scroll up a bit.

Would you care to revise your answer?

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- A. (Dr. Armitage) It's a materiality issue. It is not expected in a 43-101 that all of the permits and all of the statuses would be reported, is that common to the part that says where applicable.

  There's also comments elsewhere in this document that talk about materiality and disclosure, and we have produced many of these documents that have been reviewed by the IFC, and in none of them have we listed every permit that is required to be produced. So, on that basis, I think the IFC would be comfortable with the level of disclosure that we included.
  - Q. Okay. The Report must also "discuss any significant risks and uncertainties that could reasonably be expected to affect the reliability or confidence in the exploration information, Mineral Resource, or Mineral Reserves estimates or projected economic outcomes and any reasonably foreseeable impacts of these risks and uncertainties to the Project's potential economic viability or continued viability; right?

- A. (Dr. Armitage) In the opinion, if there is a material in the opinion of the Qualified Person, that's correct.
  - Q. Okay. Let's discuss surface rights.

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An NI 43-101 Technical Report must describe the nature and extent of the issuer's title to, interest in the property, including surface rights, legal access, the obligations that must be met to retain the property, and the expiration date of claims, licenses or other property tenure rights; correct?

- A. (Dr. Armitage) Yes, but again, it's a materiality issue. As you know, we didn't undertake, for example a legal review, and we included a disclaimer to that effect in the report, but we do comment on where the Project was in our opinion in terms of surface rights in the environmental section, so we give what information we believe is material to the Project.
- Q. Okay. The Report must describe "to the extent known, any other significant factors and risks that may affect access, title, or the right or ability

1 | to perform work on the property"; right?

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- A. (Dr. Armitage) Yeah. I think that's a straight quote.
  - Q. Table 20-1 on the Technical Report, which is on Page 62, your Technical Report towards the middle--excuse me, this is Exhibit C-128. Your Technical Report refers to the "acquisition of surface rights," and you say in the third column "ongoing."

Do you see that?

- A. (Dr. Armitage) Yeah.
- Q. Okay. You go on to say in that third column: "Expected to take 12 months following issue of the Environmental Permit but may take longer due to compulsory purchase."

Do you see that?

- A. (Dr. Armitage) Yeah, we do state that, yeah.
- Q. Were you aware that RMGC's position during the public consultations was that forced relocation is not possible in compliance with the national legal provisions?
- A. (Dr. Armitage) Well, you know, without getting boring, again, you know, this is not an area

- that either Mr. Fox or I are expert in. We employed
  our environmental scientists--
- Q. I have to you stop you there, Dr. Armitage.

  That's not my question. My question is, were you
- 5 aware that RMGC's position during the public
- 6 consultations was that forced relocation is not
- 7 possible in compliance with the national legal
- 8 provisions?

- 9 A. (Dr. Armitage) Personally speaking, I 10 wouldn't have been aware, no.
- Q. Okay. So, you were not aware of that. Was that brought to your attention by your team?
  - A. (Dr. Armitage) I can't recall.
- Q. Okay. You can't recall.
- Did you expect--did you expect, excuse me,

  that the necessary surface rights could be obtained

  within the 12 months, or could Gabriel and RMGC expect

  that?
- A. (Dr. Armitage) That was the opinion of our experts in that area.
- Q. Okay. If you go to Page 64 of your

  Technical Report, the fourth paragraph, you say:

"Some 794 residential properties have already been
purchased by RMGC, and a further 155 households still

remain to be acquired for the Project to proceed."

Do you see that?

A. (Dr. Armitage) I do.

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- Q. So, SRK expected that RMGC would acquire 155 households within one year of the issuance of the EP?
  - A. (Dr. Armitage) That's correct, yeah.
- Q. And that expectation was based on statements by Gabriel; correct?
- A. (Dr. Armitage) No, that would have been based on the opinion of the environmental specialist we had on our team.
- Q. Okay. Did that environmental specialist tell you that certain household owners were refusing to sell their property to RMGC?
- A. (Dr. Armitage) Well, you know, I have been involved in many projects at this stage of development; and, in many cases, if not all cases, not all the surface rights would have been acquired at the Feasibility Study stage.
  - So, to me, it doesn't come across as a big

issue.

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Now, (drop in audio) personally reasonably conceivable that the properties that were required wouldn't have been acquired.

- Q. I understand, but that wasn't my question.

  My question was: Were you aware when drafting your

  2012 Report that certain household owners were

  refusing to sell their property to RMGC?
- A. (Dr. Armitage) Well, I can't recall if I was aware or not, but it would be entirely usual for people to say they weren't prepared to sell, even if at some point they would.
- Q. Okay. Did someone on your team bring that to your attention?
- A. (Dr. Armitage) I can't recall. But as I say, from my--you know, as a Qualified Person being responsible for this Report, fact that there were 155 households remaining, the fact that some of those people may have said they're not prepared to sell would not have struck me as particularly unusual.
- Q. Okay. Those 155 households were not all the surface rights RMGC had to acquire in order for the

- 1 Project to proceed; correct?
- A. (Dr. Armitage) Yes. I'm aware that there
- 3 were fairly significant areas that hadn't yet been
- 4 acquired.
- Q. Yes. So, RMGC also had to acquire
- 6 approximately 196 hectares of what it refers to as
- 7 "institutional properties"; right?
- 8 A. (Dr. Armitage) I can't talk to the numbers,
- 9 but I'm aware that there were other surface rights
- 10 that had not been acquired, yes.
- 11 Q. Okay. Why don't we take a look at C-1434,
- 12 Page 20.
- So, does this refresh your recollection?
- A. (Dr. Armitage) I don't know. You would have
- 15 to remind me what this document is.
- Q. Okay. I believe if we go the very first
- page, this is a presentation to BMO capital.
- 18 Have you ever seen this document?
- 19 A. (Dr. Armitage) Not that I recall. I may
- 20 have though.
- Q. Okay. So, can we go back to Page 20,
- 22 please.

- So, Gabriel Resources was telling BMO
- 2 Capital that there was 196 hectares to be acquired
- 3 still what is referred to as "institutional"
- 4 properties"; right?

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- A. (Dr. Armitage) Yeah, he's also showing that it's already acquired a significant number, of course.
  - Q. It says: "will be obtained," I believe.
- A. (Dr. Armitage) It says—I have to read the numbers.
- Sorry, what's the question?
- Q. So, the question was: 50 percent or, excuse
  me, my question originally was RMGC also had to
  acquire 196 hectares of what it refers to as
  "institutional properties"; right?
- 15 A. (Dr. Armitage) Well, that may be the case.

  16 That's what it said on that slide, yes.
  - Q. Okay. In particular, 50 percent of those 196 hectares had to be acquired after a permitting process; right?
- A. (Dr. Armitage) That's not a question I can answer.
  - Q. You're not aware of the permitting process

1 | that was required to obtain--

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(Overlapping speakers.)

- A. (Dr. Armitage) I'm not aware of the details of the requirements, no.
- Q. Okay. Nobody from your team brought those issues to your attention?
- A. (Dr. Armitage) As I say, I think the view of our team or our lady who took this work for us was that she was comfortable that the process of acquiring the rights was going along in a reasonable manner, and she was confident that the remaining rights would be obtained.
- Q. Did you verify or have verified whether it was legally possible for any of these institutional properties to be transferred to RMGC under existing law?
- A. (Dr. Armitage) Well, it would be slightly unfair if it was not possible to be done, but, no, as I say, this is not my field, you know.
- All I could say to you is that, you know, it is typical in a mining project for the surface rights to be acquired as the project proceeds through

- 1 | Feasibility Study stage and even into construction.
- 2 And even in some cases I have worked on where there
- were still areas overlying ore bodies that hadn't been
- 4 acquired at the time mining begins.
- Q. I understand your response, but I don't
- 6 | believe you answered my question. Did you verify or
- 7 have verified whether it was legally possible for any
- 8 of these institutional properties to be transferred to
- 9 RMGC under the existing law?
- 10 A. (Dr. Armitage) I don't know the answer to
- 11 that question.
- Q. Okay. So, nobody from your team brought to
- 13 your attention whether this verification had been
- 14 | conducted?
- 15 A. (Dr. Armitage) Nobody brought to my
- 16 attention any concern that they thought that it
- 17 | wouldn't be possible to acquire the properties that
- 18 were required.
- Q. Okay. Did you check--so that's a "no,"
- 20 nobody brought this to your attention.
- A. (Dr. Armitage) Nobody brought to my
- 22 attention any concern the properties couldn't be

acquired. That's all I can tell you.

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- Q. That wasn't my question. My question was whether somebody brought to your attention whether it was legally possible or whether they had verified whether it was legally possible for any of these institutional properties to be transferred to RMGC under the existing law?
  - A. (Dr. Armitage) I can't recall.
- Q. Okay. Did you check whether RMGC had already made offers to acquire some of these institutional properties?
- A. (Dr. Armitage) Again, you're asking the wrong person. All I can tell you is that we had someone that looked at this issue for us. They were very comfortable with where the process was; they were comfortable that the remaining licenses for the surface rights could be obtained, so that's all I can tell you.

From my personal point of view, as I say, that doesn't strike me as an unusual situation.

Q. Dr. Armitage, you're responsible for the contents of this Report; right?

| 1  | A. (Dr. Armitage) I'm responsible for assuring        |
|----|---|
| 2  | that appropriate people with appropriate              |
| 3  | qualifications look at all the different aspects, not |
| 4  | suggesting that I would be able to do that myself.    |
| 5  | So, the key is making sure you have the right people  |
| б  | looking at all the right areas, and I believe we did. |
| 7  | Q. Okay. So, in answer to my question, you do         |
| 8  | not know whether SRK checked that RMGC had already    |
| 9  | made offersexcuse me.                                 |
| 10 | You do not know whether SRK checked that              |
| 11 | RMGC had made offers to acquire some of the           |
| 12 | institutional properties?                             |
| 13 | A. (Dr. Armitage) No, I don't know the answer         |
| 14 | to that question.                                     |
| 15 | Q. Okay. Let's turn to another issue. Let's           |
| 16 | talk about archaeological supervision.                |
| 17 | Did you have the chanceexcuse me.                     |
| 18 | Did you review the Chance Finds Protocol              |
| 19 | before drafting your 2012 Technical Report?           |
| 20 | A. (Dr. Armitage) Well, unsurprisingly, the           |

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answer to that question is going to be no because it's

the same lady responsible for looking at that issue as

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1 was responsible for looking at the permit.

- Q. What is the name of this lady in particular?
- A. Sue Struthers is her name.
- Q. Susan Struthers, okay.

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Are you aware that--excuse me one second.

Are you aware that RMGC had an obligation to provide archaeological surveillance of its construction and operational works within certain areas of the Project footprint?

- A. (Dr. Armitage) In this area, all I can really tell you is, I know that they had Archaeological Discharge Certificates, I think it is, for three of the pits. There was one pit where the discharge--
- Q. I have to stop you there, Dr. Armitage. I'm not asking you about Archaeological Discharge Certificates. I'm asking you about archaeological surveillance. Do you know whether RMGC had an obligation to provide archaeological surveillance for its construction and operation works within certain areas of the Project footprint?
  - A. (Dr. Armitage) I know that they had

- undertaken a significant amount of work looking into
  archaeological issues, and I know that the intent was
  that that will carry on throughout the mine, mine
  life.
  - Q. Just to back up one second, did you have anyone in your team that was a Romanian lawyer?

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- A. (Dr. Armitage) No, we didn't cover legal aspects. We're not lawyers.
- Okay. All right. Why don't we go to 9 Ο. Exhibit C-388.03. This is the Chance Finds Protocol. 10 11 And if you could go to Page 31, and it says: "Implementation of the PPDI"--that's the initials for 12 the Chance Finds Protocol--"and associated operation 13 14 manuals, will involve a number of specific works." Okay? "On both surface and underground sites to 15 achieve..." 16

And then if we go to the next page, the fifth bullet, it says: "Archaeological surveillance of the construction and operation works." Right?

And then if we can go to Page 49 of the same document, you will see here it says: "During pit operation, Chance Finds may be identified underground,

- 1 | including Roman mine galleries and/or Roman artifacts.
- 2 | It is, therefore, necessary to implement special
- 3 protocols instituting permanent, very careful
- 4 | supervision, of mining archaeology specialists over
- 5 pit operation activities."

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- Do you see that?
- A. (Dr. Armitage) I do.
  - Q. SRK did not assess the impact of this archaeological surveillance on the productivity of the Project; correct?
  - A. (Dr. Armitage) Well, I don't think that's quite correct. I think that in undertaking the work, specialists would have been looking at this issue, would have been looking at the potential for finds, would have understood that, you know, there is always the chance of some find that might delay operations in one small area. I don't think we would regard that as particularly unusual or particularly concerning.
  - Q. I'm not sure I got an answer to my question:

    Did you, or did you not assess the impact of
    this archaeological surveillance, this very careful
    supervision, on the productivity of the Project?

- A. (Dr. Armitage) Well, I'm saying that we understood that there was going to be ongoing review of the potential for archaeological finds as the mining operation proceeded, and you would hope that would be typical of any mining operation where you're mining in a Historical Area.
  - Q. I think there may be some confusion.

    What is your understanding of the definition

9 of "archaeological supervision"?

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- A. (Dr. Armitage) Well, maybe if you tell me what you mean, then-as I say, it's not my technical area.
  - Q. Okay. So, you don't have one that comes to mind?
  - A. (Dr. Armitage) No, I was assuming that you were--that you were--the implication was that the Company would be needing to continually be aware of the potential for such Chance Finds and would--address any of the--that they came across during the mining operation.
    - Q. Okay. SRK doesn't-(Overlapping speakers.)

Q. SRK doesn't mention the archaeological supervision of the Project anywhere in its Technical Report; correct?

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- A. (Mr. Fox) Well, if we don't, which we may well not do that, it's probably because we didn't regard it as a material concern.
- Q. Okay. Micon's Technical Report similarly does not assess the impact of this archaeological surveillance on the Project's operations; correct?
- A. (Dr. Armitage) Well, that may well be the case. I couldn't tell you offhand.
- Q. Okay. In your 2012 Technical Report, you say that the Building Permit may be expected in 2013-2014. We can turn to Page 62.

Do you see that?

- A. (Dr. Armitage) Yeah, and I think as you'll see, there's a disconnect there because the paragraph underneath refers to Construction Permits rather than permit, which is the way it's written in text, so yes, we're aware that the Project needed Construction Permits in order to proceed, yeah.
  - Q. Okay. Given that the effective date of your

- 1 Report was October 2012, you were anticipating that
- 2 | the Building Permit would be issued within one to two
- 3 years; correct?
- A. (Dr. Armitage) I'm not fully up to speed
- 5 | with the Building Permits. But we were certainly
- 6 envisaging that construction would commence in two
- 7 | years hence, yes.
- Q. Okay. So that necessarily then the Building
- 9 Permit would be obtained by that point?
- 10 A. (Dr. Armitage) Well, I guess, you know, I'm
- 11 | pretty sure there would be different construction
- 12 permits for different areas, so you would certainly
- 13 need the permits required for where you were doing
- 14 your initial work, yeah.
- 15 Q. Okay.
- A. (Dr. Armitage) I suspect you wouldn't need
- 17 all of them but that's not my field.
- Q. Let's look at Table 20-1 on Page 62.
- 19 You describe here RMGC's permitting status
- 20 just in general, listing on this table the necessary
- 21 permits for construction of the Project; right?
- A. (Dr. Armitage) Yeah. I think they're the

- 1 ones that we regarded were the key ones.
- Q. Okay. In Row 4, you refer to the Industrial
- 3 Area or Project Area PUZ, first and second columns?
  - A. (Dr. Armitage) That's correct.
- Q. And you say: "Updates completed."
- 6 Do you see that?
- 7 A. (Dr. Armitage) Yeah.
- 8 Q. So, the new PUZ Strategic Environmental
- 9 Assessment, or SEA, endorsement received, approval
- 10 expected 2013.

- 11 Do you see that?
- 12 A. (Dr. Armitage) Yes.
- Q. So, SRK was anticipating that the Industrial
- 14 Area PUZ would be approved in 2013; right?
- A. (Dr. Armitage) Yes, that's correct.
- Q. And SRK viewed the endorsement of the SEA as
- 17 | a prerequisite to the approval of the PUZ; right?
- 18 That's why you mentioned it?
- A. (Dr. Armitage) I'm not sure I can answer
- that question. In fact, I'm sure I can't.
- Q. So, you're not aware whether it is or is not
- 22 a prerequisite for the PUZ?

- 1 A. (Dr. Armitage) I'm not personally, no.
- Q. Okay. But presumably someone on your team checked this?
  - A. (Dr. Armitage) Yes.

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- Q. And you're responsible for this project--excuse me, for this Report?
- A. (Dr. Armitage) I'm responsible for ensuring that we have the right people in the team who understand the various technical issues, and that I'm relying on them to address those technical issues.
- Q. Were you aware that NGOs had challenged the SEA Endorsement in September 2011?
  - A. (Dr. Armitage) Not personally. I may have been told that. I can't recall.
  - Q. Okay. So, the Report does not mention that, as of the effective date of this Report in 2012, there were lawsuits surrounding the SEA endorsement that were pending?
- A. (Dr. Armitage) If you say, I'm sure it is.

  20 I can't recall.
  - Q. Okay. Had you been aware of those court decisions, would that have affected your conclusion

1 | that "approval of the PUZ was expected in 2013"?

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- A. (Dr. Armitage) It's not something that I can tell you. It's not something that I would be able to opine on.
  - Q. You didn't have any lawyers or Romanian lawyers on your team, but you were still making these assessments; correct?
  - A. (Dr. Armitage) Yes, but I guess that comes down to the experience of the people involved and their typical understanding of what happens in these projects. I mean, you've got to understand that we are looking at these projects regularly, all the projects that we look at that are at this stage are—have this sort of situation, permits, some have been obtained, some need to be obtained. You know, that's completely normal. I mean, there could be hundreds of permits.
  - Q. And how much experience with the Romanian Law do you have?
  - A. (Dr. Armitage) I don't have any experience with Romanian Law.
    - Q. So, you say in the paragraph below that:

- 1 | "Legal challenges brought forward by NGOs have the
- 2 potential to cause significant delays to the Project
- 3 | timeline."

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- A. (Dr. Armitage) That's correct, yeah.
- Q. Legal challenges to the SEA Endorsement for the PUZ could significantly delay issuance of the
- 7 Building Permit; right?
- A. (Dr. Armitage) I'm afraid you're asking the wrong person.
- Q. Okay. Did you check as to whether there was precedent for how long this litigation could last?
- A. (Dr. Armitage) As I say, you're asking the wrong person.
  - Q. Okay. So, nobody from your team brought this point to your attention?
- 16 A. (Dr. Armitage) Well, as I say, we can see 17 there that, we've expressed the fact that there are 18 NGOs there, and there could be delays as a result of 19 their actions.
- Q. Do you have any experience with mining projects in Romania?
  - A. (Dr. Armitage) I have reviewed at least one

1 other project, yes.

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- Q. Okay. So, nobody else--
- A. (Dr. Armitage) Relevant to this.
  - Q. Did anybody on your team bring to your attention the fact that NGOs had challenged the prior 2002 PUZ for this project?
    - A. (Dr. Armitage) Not that I recall.
  - Q. Did you know that this litigation lasted almost three years?
- 10 A. (Dr. Armitage) As I say, it's not something
  11 that I can comment on.
  - Q. Okay. Were you aware that the litigation surrounding the SEA endorsement that you mention here lasted four-and-a-half years from September '11 to March 2016?
  - A. (Dr. Armitage) I'm not in touch with the Project. I don't know the situation, no.
  - Q. Okay. If you had been aware of the litigation, would that have affected your conclusion that approval of the PUZ was expected in 2013?
  - A. (Dr. Armitage) That's not a question I could answer. It's not in my expertise, I'm afraid.

Q. Okay. Your Technical Report does not say that, given those prior lawsuits, it was likely that there was a risk that NGOs would challenge in court the SEA Endorsement until the very end; right?

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- A. (Dr. Armitage) I'm sorry, I'm not sure I understand that.
  - Q. Okay. Let me rephrase that question.

Were you aware generally, more generally, of the fact that NGOs were litigating the zoning of this project at every possible instance?

- A. (Dr. Armitage) No, I'm not aware of that.
- Q. Okay. Were you aware of that at the time?
- A. (Dr. Armitage) I can't recall.
- Q. Okay. The third column also says with regard to the PUZ, "17 out of 22 endorsements obtained."

Do you see that?

- A. (Dr. Armitage) Yes.
- Q. The Report does not say that RMGC had yet to apply for three of those endorsement, does it?
  - A. (Dr. Armitage) No, it doesn't.
    - Q. Okay. And the fifth row of your Technical

- 1 Report, on Page 62, SRK refers to the Cârnic
- 2 | archaeological discharge and says: "Approved and
- 3 certificate obtained 17 July 2011."
  - Do you see that?

being challenged by NGOs?

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- 5 A. (Dr. Armitage) Yes, I do.
- Q. The Report does not mention that in 2011, the Archaeological Discharge Certificate, or ADC, is
- 9 A. (Dr. Armitage) No, it doesn't.
- Q. Okay. The Report does not mention that

  NGOs, including Alburnus Maior, challenged the ADC for

  Cârnic before a Romanian court on 23 September 2011?
  - A. (Dr. Armitage) But what we do do is we reference the fact that there are NGOs active and that there may be permitting delays or legal challenges in general, so that was a reference to that activity.
- Q. Okay, so the answer--
- A. (Dr. Armitage) I can't--I couldn't comment on.
- Q. So the answer to my question is no, the Report does not mention that; right?
  - A. (Dr. Armitage) I'm not 100 percent sure, but

- 1 if you say so, I believe you.
- Q. Okay. Well, do you see any mention there?
- A. (Dr. Armitage) Not in that--on that page,
- 4 no.
- 5 Q. Okay. Not on that page.
- And for the record, that Annulment Request
- 7 | is C-1719.
- 8 Your Report does not mention that suspension
- 9 of a Cârnic ADC was requested on 20 January 2012;
- 10 right?
- 11 A. (Dr. Armitage) I'm not sure, but it--
- 0. It doesn't mention that here?
- 13 A. (Dr. Armitage) No.
- Q. For the record, that Annulment Request was
- 15 C-1735.
- 16 Your Report also doesn't mention that other
- 17 NGOs, including Greenpeace Romania, filed another
- 18 challenge in April 2012 before the Bucharest Tribunal
- 19 against the Cârnic ADC; right?
- A. (Dr. Armitage) I can't tell you. I suspect
- 21 | that's the case, yes.
- Q. Well, your Report doesn't mention that here,

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- A. (Dr. Armitage) No, but as I say, it does mention the fact that there are NGOs that are active and that there may be permitting delays or legal challenges--
  - Q. Okay. But it doesn't mention-(Overlapping speakers.)
- A. (Dr. Armitage) Doesn't mention specific details, no.
- Q. Okay. And for the record, that challenge in April 2012 is Exhibit R-356.
  - So, you refer in that paragraph which you have been pointing to, to ongoing legal challenges.

    As you confirmed earlier, you do not specify in that paragraph which acts were being challenged at the time; right?
    - A. (Dr. Armitage) I beg your pardon?
  - Q. You don't specify in this paragraph, the paragraph that's below the table, you don't specify which acts were being challenged--

(Overlapping speakers.)

Q. --after you issued your Report?

A. (Dr. Armitage) No.

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- Q. You don't specify that there were then pending legal challenges filed against the ADC for Cârnic; right?
  - A. (Dr. Armitage) That's true.

I think it would be unusual for a 43-101 to go into that level of detail.

- Q. So, the Report does not mention that, as of the effective date, of that Technical Report, there were lawsuits surrounding the ADC for Cârnic?
- A. (Dr. Armitage) I think it conveys the situation, though, doesn't it? Whilst RMGC's designed the Project to follow all applicable laws and protect against permitting delays, legal challenges brought forth by NGOs or other Party currently ongoing, may be introduced in the future and have the potential to cause significant delays to the Project timeline.
- Q. So, the answer to my question is no, your Report does not mention that there were lawsuits surrounding the ADC for Cârnic; right?
- A. (Dr. Armitage) No, but I take your point it doesn't have that level of detail. I think it does

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- Q. Are you aware that this litigation is still ongoing?
  - A. (Dr. Armitage) I'm not aware, no.
  - Q. Okay. The Report does not explain that NGOs had successfully contested a prior ADC for Cârnic in court through all levels of appeal between 2004 and 2008?
    - A. (Dr. Armitage) No, and I'm sure it doesn't.
    - Q. Were you aware of that?
  - A. (Dr. Armitage) Personally I'm not aware of it at the moment. I may have been at the time, but I couldn't tell you for sure.
  - Q. Okay. If you had been aware of those decisions, would that have affected your conclusion that the Building Permit could be expected in 2013 to 2014?
- A. (Dr. Armitage) Well, I think that, since others who, as you know, looked at this information and looked at the status of where we were, came to that conclusion, so that was her opinion at the time based on the information she had. So, I'm afraid

1 | that's not a question I can answer.

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- Q. That wasn't my question. My question was: Had you been aware of the decisions, would that have affected your opinion as to whether the Building Permit could be expected in 2013 or 2014?
- A. (Dr. Armitage) I would not profess to make an opinion on that basis.
- Q. Okay. Had you been advised in 2012 that NGOs had successfully fought tooth and nail against the Cârnic ADC between 2004 and 2008, and that those same NGOs filed a lawsuit immediately after the new ADC was issued in 2011, and that that litigation was still pending, that would have affected your view that the Building Permit could be issued in 2013 or 2014; right?
- A. (Dr. Armitage) Well, I would be relying on my expert to have come to an opinion based on the information that they saw, which is what they did.
- Q. And this expert was not a Romanian lawyer; right?
- A. (Dr. Armitage) No, but she has been very experienced in looking at projects at this stage of

- 1 development which have permitting challenges.
- Q. Do you know whether she'd ever worked on a project in Romania?
- A. (Dr. Armitage) I can't answer--I don't know the answer to that question at the moment, no.
  - Q. Okay. In the last row of the table on Page 62 of your Technical Report, the third column, it states that: "Construction Permit Application to be submitted once all studies, approvals and endorsements of the UC obtained." Right?

Do you see that?

A. (Dr. Armitage) I do.

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- Q. The UC is the Urban or Urbanism Certificate; right?
- A. (Dr. Armitage) I'm not 100 percent sure, but if that's what you say it is, I'm sure it is.
  - Q. Okay. The Report does not mention that there were lawsuits surrounding the UC; right?
    - A. (Dr. Armitage) No, I don't believe it does.
  - Q. Are you aware that litigation over RMGC's UC continued until 2016?
    - A. (Dr. Armitage) I'm not involved in the

- Project at the moment, so no, I'm not aware.
- Q. If you had been aware of those Court
- 3 Decisions and challenges, that would have affected
- 4 your conclusion that the Building Permit could be
- 5 expected in 2013 or 2014; right?
- A. (Dr. Armitage) I don't know. I
- 7 would--again, I would defer to the person we had
- 8 responsible looking at this area.
- 9 Q. Okay. I think the same questions previously
- 10 can be transposed, but we'll leave it at that.
- I just have one final clarification
- 12 question.

- Dr. Armitage, I asked you earlier "how many
- 14 times have you spoken with Jonathan Henry?" And you
- 15 said "I have spoken many times since--this actual
- 16 Project was the first time that I had dealt with him."
- Just to repeat and clarify my question: How many
- 18 times have you spoken over the years with Jonathan
- 19 Henry both before and after the Arbitration commenced?
- A. (Dr. Armitage) Well, as I said, I'm pretty
- 21 sure the first time I met Jonathan Henry was when we
- were engaged to do the work in 2006 or maybe later.

- 1 I'm not sure when Jonathan joined. We would have
- 2 | obviously spoken many times during the work that we
- 3 were doing up to the production of our 2012 Report,
- 4 | and again, obviously subsequently when we discussed
- 5 work in 2013-'14.
- 6 We spoke--I spoke to Jonathan when we were
- 7 | first asked to prepare these witness reports, so that
- 8 would have been, what, about two or three years ago,
- 9 and I have not done any other work for him on a
- 10 professional level, but I do see Jonathan regularly at
- 11 social events in London, and we will always speak when
- 12 we meet up.
- Q. Okay. So, when you say "many," is that 20,
- 14 30 times? 40 times?
- 15 A. (Dr. Armitage) Probably more than that, I
- 16 | would say.
- 17 | 0. So hundreds of times?
- 18 A. (Dr. Armitage) Well, maybe not hundreds of
- 19 times, but certainly regularly, I would have thought,
- 20 | yeah. Small business money.
- 21 O. Excuse me, one second.
- 22 (Pause.)

- 1 MR. GUIBERT de BRUET: No further questions,
- 2 Mr. President.
- PRESIDENT TERCIER: Thank you very much,
- 4 Mr. Guibert de Bruet.
- On Claimants' side, may I assume that
- 6 Mr. Polašek will conduct the redirect?
- 7 MR. POLASEK: Yes, that is correct,
- 8 Mr. President, and if I may ask, we would like to take
- 9 | five minutes to confer and determine the scope of the
- 10 redirect.
- PRESIDENT TERCIER: Okay. I personally have
- 12 no objection, and five minutes are extremely short,
- and I know how precise you are. I will give you 10
- 14 minutes.
- MR. POLASEK: Thank you, Mr. President. I
- 16 see I'm bound to it. Okay.
- 17 (Brief recess.)
- 18 PRESIDENT TERCIER: My co-Arbitrators are
- 19 | ready? David is with us? Fine.
- Fine, our experts are ready. Claimants'
- 21 | side, of course, you're ready. And Respondent's side,
- 22 Dr. Heiskanen or Mr. Guibert de Bruet? You're ready?

MR. GUIBERT de BRUET: We're ready, 1 2 Mr. President. PRESIDENT TERCIER: Good. 3 Mr. Polašek, you have the floor. 4 MR. POLASEK: Thank you, Mr. President. 5 REDIRECT EXAMINATION 6 BY MR. POLASEK: 7 Dr. Armitage, you were asked questions about 0. 8 surface rights; and, in that context, you said that 9 there are many projects that involve a situation where 10 11 the owners of those surface rights or of those properties are not willing to sell. 12 How many of these projects did not proceed 13 14 to implementation because somebody did not sell? (Dr. Armitage) None, none that I have been 15 Α. involved in. 16 And how many projects are you referring to? 17 Q. (Dr. Armitage) Well, that's a difficult Α. 18 19 question. 20 In terms of auditing projects like this in this sort of way, I would say over 50. 2.1

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Q.

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Thank you.

You were also asked questions going to your independence; and, in that connection, you were referred to Exhibit C-129, which we will show on the screen. That is the certificate that accompanied your NI 43-101 Report for Roşia Montană. And I direct your attention to the bottom of the page, Paragraph 11. I will read it. It says: "I have not received, nor do I expect to receive, any interest, directly or indirectly, in the Roşia Montană Project or securities of Gabriel."

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So, what sort of interest does this statement refer to, in your understanding?

- A. (Dr. Armitage) That I personally wouldn't get any financial gain in the Project or in the Company as a result of undertaking my work.
- Q. You were also referred to Exhibit C-128.

  This is the NI 43-101 Report for Roşia Montană, and I direct your attention to Page 10 in that document.

  Just above the third heading, there is a paragraph which we will put on the screen, and it says: "SRK is not an insider, associate or affiliate of Gabriel."

So, let me first ask you a question with

respect to this sentence where it says "SRK is not an insider, associate or affiliate of Gabriel." In your understanding, what does that mean?

- A. (Dr. Armitage) Essentially trying to convey that we have no--neither SRK or, for that matter, any of the Project members have any direct association with the Company other than being commissioned specifically to undertake this Project; and that we will be paid to do that Project based on the time it takes to do the work required.
- Q. And that sentence continues, and it goes on to say that: "Neither SRK nor any affiliate of SRK has acted as advisor to Gabriel or its affiliates in connection with the Project."

In your understanding, what does that mean?

- A. (Dr. Armitage) It's again saying that we are committing to present our independent opinion on the work that we were undertaking and that we have no other relationships with the Company.
  - Q. Thank you.

- MR. POLASEK: No further questions.
- PRESIDENT TERCIER: Thank you very much,

- 1 Mr. Polašek.
- 2 Do my co-Arbitrators have questions to the
- 3 Experts? Professor Grigera Naón?
- 4 ARBITRATOR GRIGERA NAÓN: Not on my side,
- 5 Mr. President.

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- 6 PRESIDENT TERCIER: Thank you.
- 7 Professor Douglas?
  - QUESTIONS FROM THE TRIBUNAL
- may, just in relation to the 43-101 Report, and I just want to get a little bit more of a sense as to what

ARBITRATOR DOUGLAS: Just a couple, if I

- 12 the emphasis really is and what's required for this
- 13 sort of report, which, of course, I'm not intimately
- 14 familiar with.
- I just want to get a sense of to what extent
- 16 the opinions that are given about the permitting
- 17 process, whether that's really part of the core aspect
- of the Report, or is that--I mean, you're both
- 19 geologists, it seems like the consultancy firm is
- 20 really focused on geology. You certainly touch upon
- 21 | the permitting, but to what extent does that form part
- of the core aspects of the Report? Is it necessary?

I imagine it is, but I just want to get more of a feel for what emphasis needs to be placed on that in a report of this nature?

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materiality issue. You have the requirements—these are guidelines where this Report format was introduced in direct response to a fraudulent case, which is Bre-X, and it was to prevent misleading information going out into the market which wasn't based on independent views, so it was to bring another level of audits into the Company's ability on the Stock Exchange. So, the requirement is to review all of the key material aspects that impact on the Project, and it is required, if you have any concerns with those, to dwell on them and explain them.

But I guess one of the issues is that you're trying to write a report that is readable by the public, by the investors, so it is not meant to be too technical, too detailed. It's meant to be conveyed in a way so that the average investor can understand, so it's not the case as it would be in a feasibility study to dwell on every technical item in a huge

amount of detail, and for example, list all the

permits, or for example, list all the land rights, all

the drillholes and so on. It's to prevent--present an

opinion in a readable manner that could be understood

by the average investor and convey that there

is--someone independent has reviewed the Project and

there was nothing deliberately misleading.

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ARBITRATOR DOUGLAS: Okay. And so, just to come back to the permitting aspect, then. It's in your Report—we don't have to turn it up, but it's Page 10 in this Report: "Producing this report, SRK has relied on information provided by Gabriel." One can understand how that must be the case.

But when you're reporting on the status in relation to certain permits and things of that nature, is that something that essentially Gabriel is reporting to you and you're including in this Report, or is there some sort of independent due diligence that goes on as to exactly what stage each permit is at and what complications may arise?

THE WITNESS: (Dr. Armitage) I guess--I guess it would depend on the extent to which we were

concerned about the permitting and the extent to which that person who we keep referring to who reviewed that aspect of the Project. If they were concerned, they would dig down to the level of detail they needed to to get comfortable.

2.1

So, it would have been incorrect to say, we were just reliant on the information given by the Company. I think it's a judgment call by the individual. And the same as it is in all the other technical areas--you know, how much if, for example, on the resource you reviewed the methodology for the resource to get comfortable that it's been done in a reasonable manner or if you have a concern and, therefore, go back and recalculate it from scratch, then you need to make a decision about how far in depth you go. And so, I think it's the same in the permitting: The more concern you have, the more detail you may go into it.

So, yes, it's true to say, as we say there, that you are reliant to some extent on information given to you by the Company, but you're also--in my case, I'm reliant on my team members understanding

their business and asking the right questions and digging down to the level of detail they need to to get comfortable.

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ARBITRATOR DOUGLAS: How do they do that in a situation where these regulations—and I think you recognize this in your Report, but these are very technical complicated procedures, presumably you need to understand Romanian Law, you would have to understand the Romanian language.

So, in order to get to the point where you identify a concern, what sort of steps would be taken in a project like this to really understand what was going on on the ground?

THE WITNESS: (Dr. Armitage) I--you know in all honesty, I can't really comment on to what extent in terms of permitting, so I just--I wouldn't know, myself, what point to go through might start and stop. As I say, on the resource side there are different levels you could go to in terms of acceptance of information and where you would then do recalculation or reanalysis or whatever, or even just reject the information. So, I'm assuming similar levels in the

- other technical areas, but I would be the wrong person to talk through that exact process.
- ARBITRATOR DOUGLAS: Okay. Well, thank you very much. That's very helpful.
- 5 Thank you, Mr. President.

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- PRESIDENT TERCIER: Thank you very much,
  Professor Douglas.
- I had the same question or same sort of question, so besides there were no other points to raise.
  - Well, we are now at the end of your examination. I would like to thank you very much, both of you, Dr. Armitage and Mr. Fox. Now you have the possibility to also see and speak to and attend—not have exchange because we're not in the same place. You're no longer under examination, and I would like to thank you both very much again.
    - (Experts step down.)
- PRESIDENT TERCIER: For our proceedings, I
  would ask Sara if she could already give the time that
  has been spent by each Party.
- 22 SECRETARY MARZAL YETANO: Yes. I have the

- 1 | remaining time, if that's okay. The Claimants have 10
- 2 | hours and 12 minutes and 54 seconds remaining;
- respondent has 9 hours, 23 minutes, 56 seconds
- 4 | remaining; and the Tribunal 3 hours, 19 minutes, and
- 5 26 seconds.
- 6 PRESIDENT TERCIER: Okay. Thank you very
- 7 much.
- Now, I would like to recall you, especially
- 9 Claimant, Claimants should first inform us on their
- 10 position concerning the transmission of the Transcript
- 11 to Canada, to the Government of Canada; and, secondly,
- 12 also prepare a few pages on their position concerning
- 13 the Valuation Date and this impact on the valuation
- 14 method.
- Okay. Otherwise, do you have a request or a
- 16 point that you would like to raise on your side, on
- 17 Claimants' side?
- 18 MR. POLASEK: Nothing from Claimants,
- 19 Mr. President. Thank you.
- 20 PRESIDENT TERCIER: Thank you.
- 21 From Respondent's side?
- DR. HEISKANEN: Mr. President, the only

- 1 issue with the program going forward, we are a little
- 2 | bit ahead, actually, of the program, as according to
- 3 the program that we have attached to PO 33. The
- 4 presentation of Behre Dolbear would be the next item.
- 5 Our suggestion would be that we stick to the program
- 6 and start tomorrow morning.
- 7 PRESIDENT TERCIER: Okay. That's a good
- 8 point. I have implicitly admitted that this would be
- 9 the case, so this is sort of averaged with yesterday's
- 10 hearing.
- Does anyone have any objection to sticking
- 12 to the program and starting with the next expert
- 13 tomorrow morning? It doesn't seem to be the case, so
- 14 Dr. Heiskanen, you were right. It is what is
- 15 | implicitly written.
- 16 Fine. Do my co-Arbitrators have a point
- 17 they would like to raise? No? Okay.
- 18 And, Sara, your side?
- 19 SECRETARY MARZAL YETANO: No point. Thank
- 20 you.
- 21 PRESIDENT TERCIER: No point.
- Well, in that case, I wish you a very

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pleasant afternoon and a very pleasant evening,
depending where you are. Thank you very much. Good
night.
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DR. HEISKANEN: Thank you, bye-bye.

SECRETARY MARZAL YETANO: Bye. Thank you.

(Whereupon, at 12:45 p.m. (EDT), the Hearing
was adjourned until 8:00 a.m. (EDT) the following
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day.)

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## CERTIFICATE OF REPORTER

I, David A. Kasdan, RDR-CRR, Court Reporter, do hereby certify that the foregoing proceedings were stenographically recorded by me and thereafter reduced to typewritten form by computer-assisted transcription under my direction and supervision; and that the foregoing transcript is a true and accurate record of the proceedings.

I further certify that I am neither counsel for, related to, nor employed by any of the parties to this action in this proceeding, nor financially or otherwise interested in the outcome of this litigation.

DAVID A. KASDAN

Davi a. Kle